

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
for the
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
AMENDED LOCAL BANKRUPTCY RULE 6007-1(B)
AND
REVISION TO EXHIBIT 8 – INTERIM RULE 1007-I



Amended Local Bankruptcy Rule 6007-1(B)
Effective December 1, 2019

Revision to Exhibit 8—Interim Rule 1007-I
Effective August 23, 2019
(Ver. 11/12/19)

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The bankruptcy forms included in the above exhibits are available at the Court's internet web site at <https://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov> and can be Accessed by clicking the "Bankruptcy Forms" button on the Court's Internet home page. The forms are in Adobe Acrobat format.

RULE 1001-1 SCOPE OF RULES

The Supreme Court of the United States has, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §2075, prescribed rules of procedure in bankruptcy cases. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9029 provides that courts may adopt local rules that are not inconsistent with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

These Local Rules of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Virginia are hereby prescribed and promulgated as Local Rules governing practice and procedure before the Court. They are to be cited as the "Local Bankruptcy Rules" except that individual rules may be cited in the following form: "Local Bankruptcy Rule _____" or "LBR_____."

Comments

The prior set of Local Bankruptcy Rules contained several references that were inconsistent with this rule. Therefore, all incorrect references have been edited so that they are now in compliance.

RULE 1002-1 PETITIONS -COPIES [Repealed]

Comments

Changes have been made to allow for the filing of documents by electronic means provided under FRBP 5005(a)(2). For more detail on how this has been implemented on a pilot basis in the Alexandria Division see the "Order Adopting Electronic Case Filing Procedures" attached as Exhibit 3 and the "Administrative Procedures for Electronically Filed Cases" attached as Exhibit 4. It is planned that the ability to file electronically will expand to the other divisions during 1999.

1002-1 The rule is repealed in light of Local Bankruptcy Rule 5005-2, which mandates electronic case filings in the Court's Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court's Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

**RULE 1002-2 NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL DEBTORS
OF CHAPTERS AVAILABLE UNDER BANKRUPTCY CODE [Repealed]**

Comments

1002-2 The contents of the rule are substantially set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 342(b). The rule is repealed for this reason and, further, is repealed in light of Local Bankruptcy Rule 5005-2, which mandates electronic case filings in the Court's Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and Authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court's Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1006-1 FEES: INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS [Repealed]

Comments

1006-1(B) This revision is due to changes made by the Judicial Conference at its September 1997 session to the Bankruptcy Court Miscellaneous Fee Schedule. The changes were effective January 1, 1998.

1006-1(B) This revision is due to changes made under Public Law No. 106-113, which increased the statutory filing fee for cases commenced under Chapter 7 and Chapter 13 by \$25. These changes were effective December 29, 1999.

1006-1 This change is necessary because of the addition of LBR 1006-1 to LBR 1017-3. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

1006-1(B) This revision is due to changes made by the Judicial Conference at its September 2003 session to the Bankruptcy Court Miscellaneous Fee Schedule. [Change effective 12/1/03.]

1006-1(D)(2) This subparagraph is amended to clarify that a petition filing accompanied by an Application to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments must also be accompanied by the proper first installment payment. [Change effective 2/1/04.]

1006-1(B) The revision to the “1 Month After Filing” column at the Chapter 11 line from \$400 to \$409 effects a technical change only. [Change effective 7/1/04.]

1006-1 LBR 1006-1(D) is repealed in light of new LBR 1006-3. [Change effective 9/1/06.]

1006-1 LBR 1006-1 is repealed and a new LBR 1006-1 has been promulgated, which consolidates selected provisions of LBRs 1006-1, 1006-2 and 1006-3 into that LBR. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

**RULE 1006-1 FEES: INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS, NONPAYMENT,
WAIVER, REFUNDS**

(A) **Installment Payments:** Any individual debtor desiring to pay the filing fee in installments must file Official Form 103A with the Clerk. The application form is available from the Clerk on the Court’s web site. The Court shall give notice of the dismissal provisions, as set forth in the order, to the debtor and debtor’s counsel.

(B) **Waiver:** Any individual debtor that files a voluntary chapter 7 petition may request a waiver of the filing fee by filing an application with the Clerk using Official Form 103, “**Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived.**” The form is available on the Court’s web site.

(C)(1) **Nonpayment:** If a petition, complaint or other document is not accompanied by the proper

filing fee or, if applicable, an application as set forth in paragraph (A) or (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the Clerk shall give notice to cure the filing fee deficiency by the close of business on the next day after the notice to cure is given. The Clerk may provide such notice by mail or by e-mail if the Debtor has elected to receive notices through the Court's Debtor Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing system. The notice period shall commence for mailed notices 3 days after the notice is mailed and for e-mailed notice when the notice is e-mailed. The Clerk shall reject any partial payment of any fee.

(a) **Petition.** The Clerk's notice shall provide that the debtor either must (i) timely cure the filing fee deficiency or (ii) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the petition should not be dismissed.

(b) **Complaint or Other Document.** Unless the fee is paid or the party requests a hearing on the matter by the close of business on the next day after the notice to cure is given, the Clerk shall dismiss the complaint or strike the pleading or other document without further notice.

(c) **Installment Payment.** If a debtor fails to pay timely any filing fee installment payment pursuant to an Order on Debtor's Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived or Order Approving Payment of Filing Fee in Installments, the Clerk shall issue a notice providing that the debtor either must (i) cure the filing fee installment payment deficiency by the close of business on the next day after the notice to cure is given or (ii) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(3) Title 28 United States Code § 1930 and FRBP 1006 require fees to be paid at the time of filing. Except as provided for in paragraphs (A) and (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, if a registered ECF User chooses to accumulate filing fees throughout a given calendar day, all of these fees must be paid by the end of the calendar day (i.e., 11:59:59 p.m. Eastern Time) in which the filings occur. A registered ECF User will be locked out of the Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and prevented from filing additional documents if filing fees are not paid by the end of the calendar day. The registered ECF User will receive a daily e-mail reminder until all outstanding fees are paid in full. Once locked out of the CM/ECF System, the registered ECF User will have limited access only for the purpose of making payments. Full access rights will be restored in the CM/ECF System after all outstanding fees have been paid in full. This paragraph supersedes the notice and dismissal provisions set forth in paragraph (C)(1) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule for electronically filed documents.

(D)(1) ***Request for Refunds:*** An attorney or trustee may file a motion for refund of a filing fee paid in a case or proceeding in which payment was made by credit card when:

(a) a fee was paid for filing a duplicate document, bankruptcy petition or adversary proceeding;

(b) a fee was paid for filing a document in the wrong case or proceeding;

(c) the movant is entitled to an exemption from the filing fee paid; or

(d) a trustee or debtor in possession is eligible for deferral of the filing fee in a case in which no funds from the estate exist for payment of the filing fee.

- (2) ***Motion Required:*** The request shall be made promptly after the payment error is discovered by filing a motion for refund. The motion must contain a complete explanation as to why the payment should be refunded. The motion need not contain a supporting memorandum or be noticed for a hearing.
- (3) ***Motion Required for Disposition of Document:*** A separate motion to dispose of a document filed in error, as identified in subparagraphs (D)(1)(a) and (b) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, is also required.
- (4) ***Clerk-Authorized Action:*** Upon verification of the grounds set forth in the motion the Clerk is authorized to enter an order dismissing or striking the document. The Clerk is also authorized to enter a separate order refunding the filing fee if the refund can be processed as a credit to the credit card account that was used to pay the filing fee.
- (5) ***Clerk's Referral to the Court:*** The Clerk may refer a motion set forth in paragraph (D)(2) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to the judge assigned to the case or proceeding for such further determination and action as the judge may find appropriate.
- (6) ***Request for Clearance:*** A movant may request clearance of the "filing fee due" status in a case or proceeding in which the fee has not yet been paid by contacting a deputy clerk in the appropriate division of the Clerk's Office.

Comments

1006-1 This expanded rule selectively incorporates the fee-related procedures set forth in current Local Bankruptcy Rules 1006-1, 1006-2 and 1006-3. As set forth in paragraph (D)(3), a separate motion is required to dispose of a document filed in error. The amendment to paragraph (D)(4) recognizes that in certain situations, a credit card issued to a cardholder other than one issued to an attorney or trustee, may have been used to pay the filing fee. In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

1006-1(A) The locally modified Official Form 3A is renumbered Form 103Aedva. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

1006-1(B) The current form is replaced with new Official Form 103, which includes stylistic changes. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

1006-1 Paragraph (C) is reorganized with the original paragraph (C) becoming paragraph (C)(1) and with a new paragraph (C)(2) added. The latter paragraph addresses the need for a registered ECF User to pay any outstanding filing fees at the end of each calendar day or be locked out from that User's account pending payment of all such owed fees. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

1006-1(C)(1) This amendment changes: (a) the manner in which the Clerk provides notice to a filing party in connection with that party's failure to make timely payment of a required filing fee, and (b) when the applicable notice period commences. The Court's Debtor Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing system is authorized pursuant to LBR 9036-1. [Changes effective 08/01/17.]

1006-1(A) This rule is amended to require the use of Official Form 103A, Application for Individuals to Pay the Filing Fee in Installments, as made available on the Court's web site. [Effective December 1, 2017]

1006-1(C)(1) These rule provisions are amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 1006-2 FEES: ELECTRONIC REFUNDS [Repealed]

Comments

1006-2 This new rule adopts a procedure by which filing fees paid over the Internet with a credit card may be administered when errors in electronic payments are made. The rule is consistent with guidance approved, in principle, by the Judicial Conference of the United States. The rule establishes an additional Judicial Conference-authorized narrow exception to the longstanding Judicial Conference policy prohibiting the refund of fees. [New Rule effective 10/17/05.]

1006-2 LBR 1006-2 is repealed and a new LBR 1006-1 has been promulgated, which consolidates selected provisions of LBRs 1006-1, 1006-2 and 1006-3 into that LBR. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1006-3 PAYMENT OF FILING FEES; REMEDIES FOR NONPAYMENT [Repealed]

Comments

1006-3 This rule establishes a single rule for payment of filing fees and the procedure the Clerk will follow in the event of nonpayment of a required filing fee. It supersedes LBR 1006-1(D) and LBR 5005-1(F). [New Rule effective 9/1/06.]

1006-3 LBR 1006-3 is repealed and a new LBR 1006-1 has been promulgated, which consolidates selected provisions of LBRs 1006-1, 1006-2 and 1006-3 into that LBR. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1007-1 LISTS, SCHEDULES AND STATEMENTS

(A) *Possible Dismissal of Case*: In any case in which lists, schedules and statements are not filed at the time of the filing of a voluntary petition, the Clerk shall give notice to cure the deficiency. The Clerk's notice shall provide that the debtor either must (1) file the lists, schedules and statements or a motion to extend time for the same within 14 days after the filing of the petition, or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(B) *Motion to Extend Time*: Such motion to extend time for filing shall be accompanied by a proof of service evidencing notice to the United States trustee, any appointed trustee, any official committee appointed in the case and all creditors. If there are more than 30 creditors in the

case, the debtor need only provide notice of the motion to extend time to the 10 largest secured creditors, the 20 largest unsecured creditors and any official committee appointed in the case. The motion to extend time shall give notice that parties objecting to the extension of time shall file written objections with the Court within 7 days after service of the motion by the debtor.

(C) ***Order Extending Time:*** If no objection to the motion to extend the time for filing is timely filed with the Court, the Clerk shall enter an order extending time for filing to not later than the seventh day prior to the scheduled meeting of creditors. The Clerk's order shall further provide that the debtor either must (1) file the lists, schedules and statements or further motion to extend time for the same by the date set forth therein; or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(D) ***Objections -- Determination:*** If an objection is filed to the motion for extension of time, the Clerk shall submit the motion and objections to the Court for determination of the motion.

(E) ***Hearing on Further Extension:*** Any debtor requesting an extension of time to file lists, schedules, statements and other documents to a date less than 7 days prior to the scheduled meeting of creditors must request a hearing date and give notice to parties as set forth in paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule and file a proof of service with the motion to extend time.

(F) ***Notice of Possible Dismissal:*** The Clerk shall give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to a debtor or debtor's counsel who files a petition not accompanied by all required lists, schedules and statements. The Clerk shall also give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule in the meeting of creditors notice.

(G) ***List of Creditors Holding 20 Largest Unsecured Claims:*** To assist the United States trustee in appointing a creditors' committee, the list required by FRBP 1007(d) shall include the amount owed, by amount of debt ranging from the largest creditor to the smallest creditor. The list shall also include the name and telephone number of a contact person or representative of the unsecured creditor. If a minor child is one of the creditors holding the 20 largest unsecured claims, indicate that by stating "a minor child" and do not disclose the child's name.

(H) ***List of Creditors, Statement of Social Security Number, and Payment Advices or Other Evidence of Payment***

(1) ***Filing:*** The debtor shall file with the petition a list containing the name and address of each creditor which shall serve as a mailing matrix. If not filed via the Electronic Case Files System, the mailing matrix shall be submitted on a flash drive in the format specified by the Clerk. The mailing matrix shall suffice for the list of creditors referred to in FRBP 1007(a). As required under FRBP 1007(f), the debtor shall submit a verified statement that sets out the debtor's social security number (statement of social security number), or states that the debtor does not have a social security number. If not filed via the Electronic Case Files System, the debtor shall submit the statement with the petition.

(2) ***Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice***

(a) In any case in which the list of creditors is not filed at the time of the filing of the voluntary petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either

must (i) file the same in the required format not later than 3 days after the filing of the petition; or (ii) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(b) In any case in which the statement of social security number in a voluntary case is not submitted at the time of the filing of the voluntary petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (i) submit the statement in the required format not later than 3 days after the filing of the petition; or (ii) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(3) **Waiver:** An exception to the requirement of submission of creditors on a flash drive will be considered by the Court only upon submission of a waiver request filed with the petition. The form shall be provided by the Clerk upon request. In addition to the waiver request, the debtor shall file the list of creditors in the scannable format specified by the Clerk. If the Court denies the request, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the request has been denied. The notice shall further provide that the debtor either must (a) submit the list of creditors on a flash drive not later than 3 days after the Clerk’s notification that the request has been denied; or (b) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(4) **Payment Advices or Other Evidence of Payment:** Copies of all payment advices or other evidence of payment received within 60 days before the date of the filing of the petition by the debtor from an employer of the debtor shall:

(a) not be filed with the Court unless otherwise ordered and

(b) be provided to the trustee, and any creditor (who timely requests copies of the payment advices or other evidence of payment) at least 7 days before the date of the meeting of creditors conducted pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §341.

(I) Individual Debtor’s Statement of Compliance with Credit Counseling Requirement

(1) **Filing:** A debtor who is an individual shall complete *Part 5 of Official Form 101, “Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling,”* and file with the voluntary petition any documents, as specified therein, within the allotted time.

(2) **Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice:** In any case in which a properly completed statement of compliance referenced in paragraph (I)(1) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, together with attached documents as specified therein, is not filed at the time of the filing of the voluntary petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (a) file the same not later than 3 days after the filing of the petition; or (b) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed. Unless the Court orders otherwise, if the debtor has filed a statement under FRBP 1007(b)(3)(B), but does not file the documents required by FRBP 1007(b)(3)(A), the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (a) file the same within 14 days of the order for relief; or (b) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed. The Clerk shall give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to the debtor or debtor’s counsel who files a petition not accompanied by the required statement of compliance with credit counseling requirement referenced in paragraph (I)(1) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(J) *Chapter 13 Debtor's Statement of Completion of Instructional Course Concerning Personal Financial Management*: Pursuant to FRBP 9006(b), and as governed by FRBP 1007(c), the time to file the chapter 13 debtor(s) "**Certification About a Financial Management Course**" (Official Form 423) shall be deemed enlarged, and the chapter 13 debtor(s), unless the Court has been notified by an approved provider of a course concerning personal financial management that the chapter 13 debtor(s) has completed the course pursuant to FRBP 1007(b)(7), shall file the certification of completion of a course within the time specified in LBR 4008-2(A) for filing the Debtor(s) Certification of Compliance with 11 U.S.C. §1328.

Comments

1007-1(A) This change is necessary because of the addition of LBR 1017-3. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

1007-1(I) This new rule is to implement the procedure approved by the Judges at their November 1997 meeting requiring the submission of the List of Creditors by diskette beginning January 1, 1999. This speeds up the case opening process and reduces overall creditor related errors. For more information on the required procedure, refer to the attached Exhibits 5, 6, and 7. Exhibits 6 (Creditor Matrix Diskette - Cover Sheet for List of Creditors) and 7 (Request for Waiver to File Conventionally) were deleted as exhibits. These forms are available at the Court's Internet web site <http://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov> and can be accessed by clicking the "Bankruptcy Forms" button on the Court's Internet home page. The former Exhibits 6 and 7 are in Adobe Acrobat format. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

1007-1(I)(2)-(3) The rule provisions have been changed to clarify the time within which the petition filer has to cure a deficiency in the list of creditors. [Change effective 4/1/03.]

1007-1 Selected text from former Interim Procedure 1007-1(A), (C), (E) and (F) have been incorporated into LBR 1007-1(A), (C), (E) and (F). LBR 1007-1(G) is repealed. Selected text from Interim Procedure 1007-1 (H) is incorporated into new LBR 1007-1(G). Interim Procedure 1007-1(I) is incorporated into new LBR 1007-1(I). The term "time" has been deleted and the term "date" inserted in lieu thereof into LBR 1007-1(H)(4)(b). Selected text from Interim Procedure 1007-1(J)(1) and (4) has been incorporated into LBR 1007-1(I)(1) and (2), respectively. In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

1007-1(J) Paragraph (J) is new and makes the time to file the Chapter 13 Debtor's Statement of Completion of Instructional Course Concerning Personal Financial Management the same as that specified in LBR 4008-2(A). [New paragraph (J) effective 09/03/13.]

1007-1(I) This change is necessary because of the amendment to FRBP 1007, which creates a new subdivision (f) effective December 1, 2003. [Change effective 12/1/03.]

1007-1(I) (1) The reference to Exhibit D and that form's title have been removed since the exhibit has been eliminated. The requested information now is asked in Part 5 of a new Official Form 101, which is applicable to individual debtors. Other information is provided in the form as well. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

1007-1(J) This change clarifies that that an approved provider of a course concerning personal financial management may notify the Court that the chapter 13 debtor(s) has completed the requisite course as provided for in FRBP 1007(b)(7). Reference is made to new Official Form 423, which supersedes Official Form 23. The new form is reformatted with additional changes made as well. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

1007-1(A), (C), (H)(2) and (3) and (I)(2) These rule provisions are amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). Rule 1007-1(H)(1) and (3) also has been amended to update the identified media that should be used to provide the referenced documents to the Clerk. [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 1007-3 STATEMENT OF INTENTION

(A) **Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice:** Except as provided in 11 U.S.C. § 521(a)(2)(A), the Clerk shall monitor the filing of a Statement of Intention. If the Statement of Intention is not filed with the chapter 7 voluntary petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (1) file the Statement of Intention or a motion to extend the time for filing the same within 30 days after the filing of the petition, or on or before the date of the meeting of creditors, whichever is earlier; or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(B) **Motion to Extend Time:** A motion to extend time for filing a Statement of Intention shall be accompanied by proof of service evidencing service on the United States trustee, any appointed trustee, and all affected secured creditors. The motion to extend time shall state that any party objecting to the extension of time must file a written objection with the Clerk within 7 days after service of the motion.

(C) **Order Extending Time:** Where no objections to the aforesaid motion are timely filed, the Clerk shall enter an order extending time for filing to 14 days after the scheduled meeting of creditors. The Clerk's order shall further provide that the debtor either must (1) file the Statement of Intention or further motion to extend time for the same by the date set forth therein; or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(D) **Hearing on Further Extension:** Any debtor requesting an extension of time to file the Statement of Intention more than 14 days after the scheduled meeting of creditors must request a

hearing date and give notice to parties as set out in 11 U.S.C. § 521(a)(2)(A) and file proof of service with the motion to extend time.

(E) **Notice of Possible Dismissal:** The Clerk shall give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to a debtor or debtor’s counsel who files a petition unaccompanied by the Statement of Intention.

Comments

1007-3(C) This change is necessary because of the addition of LBR 1017-3. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

1007-3 LBR 1007-3(A), (B) and (F) are repealed. LBR 1007-3(C), (D), (E), (G) and (H) are re-designated LBR 1007-3(A), (B), (C), (D) and (E), respectively. The LBR citation at new (D) is deleted and the citation to the noted title 11 provision is inserted. In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the LBR text as well. [Repeals and changes effective 12/01/09.]

1007-3(A) and (C). These rule provisions are amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 1009-1 AMENDMENTS TO LISTS & SCHEDULES

(A) **Filing of Amendment with Clerk:** Each amendment shall be accompanied by a properly completed Amendment Cover Sheet. When an amendment adds creditors to a bankruptcy case, the amendment shall be accompanied by a list of the creditors so added. The list shall be in the format specified by the Clerk. An Amendment Cover Sheet form and instructions for preparing the list of creditors added are available from the Clerk upon request.

(B) **Notice to Affected Parties:** If the debtor adds creditors to the case by supplementing either the schedules or the list of creditors previously filed, the debtor shall serve upon each newly-listed creditor a copy of the following:

- (1) the amendment;
- (2) the meeting of creditors notice;
- (3) the order granting discharge (if any);
- (4) any other filed document affecting the rights of said creditor; and
- (5) the notice required by LBR 3003-1(B).

(C) **Adding Creditors in a Closed Case:** [Repealed]

Comments

1009-1 The text at LBR 1009-1(A) and (B) have been removed and

substitute text has been adopted for both paragraphs. LBR 1009-1(C) remains unchanged. Paragraph (C) has been removed as it no longer conforms to applicable case law on this subject. Stylistic changes have been made to the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1014-2 DECLARATION OF DIVISIONAL VENUE [Repealed]

Comments

1014-2 In light of changes made to Official Form 1, Voluntary Petition, the Declaration of Venue form no longer is required and this LBR is repealed for that reason. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1015-1 JOINT ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES

In all joint petitions filed with the Court, the case will be administered through joint administration of the estates unless the trustee or other interested party files an objection to joint administration within 14 days after the meeting of creditors and gives notice of a hearing date on such objection.

Comments

1015-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1017-1 CONVERSION

(A) *Schedule of Unpaid Debts*: Within 14 days after conversion of a case, the debtor shall file either:

- (1) a schedule of unpaid debts incurred after commencement of the original bankruptcy case, and a list of creditors in the format required by the Clerk or
- (2) a certification that no unpaid debts have been incurred since the commencement of the case.

(B) *Filing of Schedule of Unpaid Debts*: If the debtor fails to file the schedule and list referred to in paragraph (A)(1) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule on the date of conversion of the case, any such subsequent filing shall be treated as an amendment under LBR 1009-1 and the debtor shall give all required notices.

(C) *Filing of Official Form 122A-1, 122B or 122C-1 Upon Conversion of Case*: Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, in a case converted from chapter 11, 12 or 13 to chapter 7, the debtor shall file Official Form 122A-1 “**Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income**,” within 14 days after conversion. In a case of an individual debtor converted to chapter 11, the debtor shall file Official Form 122, “**Chapter 11 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income**,” within 14 days after entry of the conversion order. In a case of an individual debtor converted to chapter 13, the debtor shall file Official Form 122C-1, “**Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period**,” within 14 days after entry of the conversion order.

(D) **Report of the Debtor in Possession or Trustee:** Upon the failure of the debtor in possession or trustee in a superseded case to file the report required under FRBP 1019(5), the United States trustee shall certify the matter to the Court for appropriate action.

Comments

1017-1(A) Wording added for clarification and reference to the number of copies required upon conversion and the filing of the Schedule of Unpaid Debts.

1017-1(B) Change of wording necessary so that anything filed after the conversion date is to be treated as an amendment and the debtor is responsible for the noticing.

1017-1(D) It was felt that the responsibility for monitoring the filing of these reports was with the U.S. Trustee since FRBP 1019(5) requires the report go to the U.S. Trustee in the first place.

1017-1 LBR 1017-1 is amended. Reserved (C) is removed and a new paragraph (C) from former Interim Procedure 1017-1(C) is inserted. Paragraph (D) has been amended. In addition, time- computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

1017-1(C) Paragraph (C) has been amended to conform to Official Bankruptcy Form number and name re-designations that take effect December 1, 2014. [Change effective 12/01/14.]

1017-1 New Official Forms 122A-1, 122B, and 122C-1 are derived from Official Forms B22A-1, B22B, and B 22C. Revisions have been made to these forms in addition to stylistic changes made throughout the forms. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 1017-2 DISMISSAL FOR SUBSTANTIAL ABUSE OF CHAPTER 7 [Repealed]

Comments

1017-2 Although the Clerk will continue to provide notice, under FRBP 1017(e), doing so need no longer be established by Local Bankruptcy Rule. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1017-2 VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL OF CHAPTER 13 CASES (New)

(A) **Service:** A debtor seeking to dismiss a pending chapter 13 case that has not previously been converted shall provide the chapter 13 trustee, the United States trustee, and any creditor that has appeared or has filed a proof of claim at least 7 days' notice of such motion, unless the notice period has been shortened by the Court for cause shown.

(B) **Contents of Motion:** The motion to dismiss must state whether the case was previously converted from any other chapter of title 11 and whether there are pending motions to convert the case to chapter 7 or pending motions to dismiss the case with prejudice.

(C) **Notice:** The notice of the motion to dismiss shall contain language substantially in accordance with Official Form 420A, “NOTICE OF MOTION,” and setting forth substantially the following:

NOTICE

Under Local Bankruptcy Rule 1017-2, unless a written response to this motion is filed with the Clerk of Court and served on the debtor(s) within 7 days from the date of service of this motion objecting to the relief requested, the Court may deem any opposition waived, treat the motion as conceded, and issue an order granting the requested relief without further notice or hearing.

(D) **Requirement of Written Response.** If no response is filed and served in accordance with paragraph (C) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the Court, in its discretion, may enter an order dismissing the case without holding a hearing. If a response is timely filed, the debtor shall obtain from the Court a hearing date on the motion to dismiss and shall serve notice of the hearing on the respondent, the chapter 13 trustee and the United States trustee. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the debtor shall serve such notice of hearing not less than 7 days before the hearing.

Comments

1017-2 This new Local Bankruptcy Rule provides a procedure by which a debtor may seek to dismiss a pending chapter 13 case, provided, however, that the case previously has not been converted. The prior Local Bankruptcy Rule 1017-2, which addressed case dismissal for substantial abuse of chapter 7, was repealed effective December 1, 2009. [New Rule effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 1017-3 SUSPENSION OF AUTOMATIC DISMISSAL [Repealed]

Comments

1017-3 LBR 3015-2 has been amended. The revision to LBR 1017-3 conforms to that amendment. [Change effective 9/1/06.]

1017-3 A stylistic change has been made to the text of the LBR. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

1017-3 (1) A technical change is made to the reference to LBR 1007-3 - from paragraph (C) to paragraph (A), therein. (2) As set forth in the first sentence, the phrase, “or if the debtor was a debtor in another case pending at any time within 12 months preceding the filing of the present case” is repealed. This change means that the rule only would apply to a situation in which the debtor’s case previously had converted from one chapter of title 11 to another chapter of title 11. (3) A stylistic change is made whereby the term “rule” is deleted where it appears in

the text. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

1017-3 This rule is abrogated as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Change effective 11/15/19.]

**RULE 1020-1 SMALL BUSINESS CHAPTER 11 REORGANIZATION CASES
[Repealed]**

Comments

1020-1(A) Change from forty-five days to sixty days required due to the amendments to the FRBP that became effective December 1, 1997.

1020-1 This Rule is repealed in light of changes made under the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005 and earlier repeal of Interim Procedure 1020-1. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1071-1 DIVISIONS

(A) *District*: The Eastern District of Virginia consists of the counties, cities and towns as set forth in 28 U.S.C. §127, and the places for holding court are therein prescribed as Alexandria, Newport News, Norfolk, and Richmond.

(B) *Divisions*: This district shall be divided into four divisions, to be designated as the Alexandria, Newport News, Norfolk and Richmond Divisions. The place for holding court for each of said divisions shall be the city whose name the division bears, and the territory comprising, and embraced in, each of the said divisions shall be as follows:

(1) The Alexandria Division shall consist of the cities of Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Manassas and Manassas Park, and the counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William and Stafford, and any other city or town geographically within the exterior boundaries of said counties.

(2) The Newport News Division shall consist of the cities of Hampton, Newport News, Poquoson and Williamsburg, and the counties of Gloucester, James City, Mathews and York, and any other city or town geographically within the exterior boundaries of said counties.

(3) The Norfolk Division shall consist of the cities of Cape Charles, Chesapeake, Franklin, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Suffolk and Virginia Beach, and the counties of Accomack, Isle of Wight, Northampton and Southampton, and any other city or town geographically within the exterior boundaries of said counties.

(4) The Richmond Division shall consist of the cities of Colonial Heights, Emporia, Fredericksburg, Hopewell, Richmond and Petersburg, and the counties of Amelia, Brunswick, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Essex, Goochland, Greensville, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, King George, King William, Lancaster, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Middlesex, New Kent, Northumberland, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince George, Richmond, Spotsylvania, Surry, Sussex and Westmoreland, and any other city or town geographically within the exterior boundaries of said counties.

(5) All of the waters, and the lands under such waters, adjacent and opposite to any city, county or town shall be a part of the division of which said city, county or town is a part, and wherever there are any waters between any city, county or town which are in different divisions, then such waters and land under them shall be considered to be in both divisions.

(6) In the event of any annexation or merger of any cities and/or counties, the land lying within the merged or annexed area shall be deemed within the exterior boundaries of the original city or county to the same intent and purpose as if the annexation or merger had not occurred, unless otherwise modified by local bankruptcy rule.

Comments

1071-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR.
[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 1074-1 CORPORATIONS, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES OR PARTNERSHIPS

A voluntary petition or consent to an involuntary petition filed by a corporation, limited liability company, general partnership, limited liability partnership or limited partnership, shall be signed by an attorney and accompanied by a copy of the corporate resolution or other appropriate authorization, duly attested to, authorizing such filing.

Comments

1074-1 In addition to a corporation, a limited liability company, general partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership must meet the requirements set forth in the Rule. [Amendment effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 2002-1 NOTICE TO CREDITORS & OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

(A) *Proponent to Give Notice*

Except as stated elsewhere in the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, these Local Bankruptcy Rules, or by order of the Court, the proponent of any action shall give notice to all parties affected thereby.

(B) *Notice by Publication*

(1) ***Place of Publication:*** All notices requiring advertisement shall be published at least once unless otherwise required by rule or statute, and such notice shall be published in newspapers of general circulation as follows:

(a) In proceedings at Alexandria, in the *Washington Post*.

(b) In proceedings at Newport News, in the *Daily Press*.

(c) In proceedings at Norfolk, in *The Virginian-Pilot*.

(d) In proceedings at Richmond, in the *Times-Dispatch*.

(2) **Time of Publication:** All notices shall be published at least 7 days prior to requiring any action, and a longer notice shall be given when required by rule or statute or where deemed proper by the Court.

(C) Service on United States Trustee

Service on the United States trustee shall be made electronically to the following e-mailbox addresses:

Alexandria Division: USTPRegion04.AX.ECF@usdoj.gov

Richmond Division: USTPRegion04.RH.ECF@usdoj.gov

Norfolk and Newport News Divisions: USTPRegion04.NO.ECF@usdoj.gov

(D) **Inspection of List of Creditors:** When any person orders and receives a list of creditors from the Clerk, it shall be the responsibility of that person to inspect the labels to ensure that all parties required to receive notice are included thereon.

(E) **Notices to Equity Security Holders:** Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the debtor is responsible for sending notice of the filing of the bankruptcy to equity security holders except when either:

- (1) the list of equity security holders is filed with the petition or
- (2) the equity security holders are included on the list of creditors filed with the petition.

(F) **Requirement of Proof of Service:** At the end of each pleading, motion or other document required to be served upon a party, the proof of service shall be signed by counsel (or the *pro se* party) conforming to LBR 5005-1(C)(8).

Comments

2002-1(D) This is a result of a suggestion from the bar to clarify and expand on service requirements on the U.S. Trustee. Whereas the Bankruptcy Code and FRBP require service of certain pleadings on the U.S. Trustee, there are many gray areas. This revision clarifies what documents not specifically required under the Bankruptcy Code and FRBP need to be served on the U.S. Trustee and what documents need to be filed with the Clerk of Court for transmittal by the Clerk to the U.S. Trustee. The prior rule only related to documents and pleadings in Chapter 11 cases, whereas this revision covers all chapters.

2002-1(E) Reference to the mailing labels has been deleted to reflect elimination of Item 15 of the Miscellaneous Fee Schedule to Bankruptcy Courts for mailing labels. If a party requests addresses or mailing labels and does not have access to PACER, the Court will provide a list of creditors in lieu of mailing labels.

2002-1(G) This change simplifies the proof of service language to note

that it just needs to conform to LBR 5005-1(C)(8). [Change effective 2/1/00.]

2002-1(D)(3) This addition will allow parties the option to provide service to the United States Trustee's offices by electronic mail to a central office location. [New rule effective 4/1/03.]

2002-1 LBR 2002-1(C)(1)(a) has been amended to substitute the *Washington Examiner* for the *Alexandria Journal*. The *Alexandria Journal* no longer is being published and its place has been taken by the *Washington Examiner*. [Change effective 9/1/06.]

2002-1 Paragraph (A)(2) is deleted as is the heading to paragraph (A)(1). Paragraph (B) is deleted. Paragraphs (C), (D), (E), (F), (G) and (H) become paragraphs (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G), respectively. New subparagraph (B)(1)(a) is amended. New paragraph (C) is amended by re-titling the header, striking paragraph (C)(1) and (C)(2), deleting the header at paragraph (C)(3) and modifying the text by deleting all text through the word "means" and making other noted changes; and deleting the word "paper" at paragraph (F) and inserting in lieu thereof the word "document." Stylistic changes have been made to the text as well. LBR 2002-1(H) is derived from former Interim Procedure 2002-1(I). In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 2003-1 MEETING OF CREDITORS & EQUITY SECURITY HOLDERS

(A) *Policy*: [Repealed]

(B) *Possible Dismissal for Failure to Appear*

(1) *Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice*: Notice of possible dismissal for failure to attend the meeting of creditors shall be provided in the notice of §341 meeting.

(2) *Possible Dismissal of Case; Order* Upon certification by the United States trustee that either debtor or debtor's counsel has not appeared at a meeting of creditors, the Clerk shall issue an order for the debtor to appear and explain why the case should not be dismissed

(3) *Asset Chapter 7 and 11 Cases*: In a chapter 7 or 11 case, upon certification by the United States trustee that either debtor or debtor's counsel has not appeared at a meeting of creditors and that it appears that there may be assets available for distribution to creditors, the Clerk shall issue a notice to show cause to the debtor and debtor's attorney.

(4) *Rescheduled Meeting of Creditors; Notice*: If the order dismissing the case is subsequently vacated by the Court, then the attorney for the debtor(s), or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, shall forthwith obtain from the judge assigned to the case or the Clerk a new date

and time for a rescheduled meeting of creditors. Within 7 days of obtaining a new date and time for a rescheduled meeting of creditors, the attorney for the debtor(s), or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, shall serve written notice to all creditors and other parties in interest and file proof of service with the Clerk. Notice shall be given in a form approved by the Clerk.

(C) Rescheduled Meeting of Creditors; Notice: If the United States trustee agrees before a meeting of creditors to reschedule the meeting at the request of the attorney for the debtor(s), or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, then the attorney for the debtor(s), or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, shall forthwith obtain from the United States trustee, a new date and time for a rescheduled meeting of creditors. Within 7 days of obtaining a new date and time for a rescheduled meeting of creditors, the attorney for the debtor(s) or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, shall serve written notice of the rescheduled meeting of creditors to all creditors and other parties in interest and file proof of service with the Clerk. Notice shall be given in a form approved by the Clerk.

Comments

2003-1(B) Suggestion made by the Norfolk U.S. Trustee and Chapter 13 Trustee to require the debtor to provide the proper notice of the rescheduled meeting.

2003-1(B) This change retains the automatic dismissal provisions of the Local Bankruptcy Rules, which have proved effective, but now encourages the prompt prosecution and administration of the case. At the same time, the change limits the ability for a quick exit not subject to the review of the trustee, creditors or the court in those circumstances where abuse is likely to occur. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

2003-1(B) The phrase “or has appeared not ready to proceed” has been removed where it appears in paragraph (B). [Change effective 09/03/13.]

2003-1(C) This change deletes the requirement that the notice of the rescheduled meeting note the automatic extension of the deadline to file objections to discharge and complaints to determine dischargeability to 60 days after the new date set forth for the meeting. Exhibit 8 has been modified to conform to this change. [Change effective 7/1/00.]

2003-1(C) Suggestion made by the Norfolk U.S. Trustee and Chapter 13 Trustee to require the debtor to provide the proper notice of the rescheduled meeting. In addition, this rule now requires that the notice of the rescheduled meeting note the automatic extension of the deadline to file objections to discharge to 60 days after the new date set for the meeting. Please refer to Exhibit 8 for a copy of the approved form notice.

Exhibit 8 (Hearings/Meetings - Notice of Rescheduled Meeting of Creditors) was deleted as an exhibit. This form is available at the Court’s Internet web site <http://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov> and can be accessed by clicking the “Bankruptcy Forms” button on the Court’s internet home page. The former exhibit 8 is in Adobe Acrobat format. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

2003-1(B)(2) This change is intended to clarify the application of the rule to Chapter 7, 11, 12 and 13 cases. [Change effective 4/1/03.]

2003-1(B)(3) This change clarifies that the United States Trustee’s certification for the Clerk’s issuance of a rule to show cause is applicable only to Chapter 7 and 11 asset cases. [Change effective 4/1/03.]

2003-1(B)(4) While the United States Trustee is responsible for administering meetings of creditors, new meeting dates under the rule best can be provided by the Judge or by the Clerk’s Office. [Change effective 4/1/03.]

2003-1(B)(4) This rule clarifies the period of time in which the attorney for the debtor(s), or the debtor(s), if *pro se*, must serve notice of a rescheduled meeting of creditors on all creditors and other parties in interest. [Change effective 8/1/03.]

2003-1(C) The first sentence of the rule has been deleted as being inconsistent with the statutory responsibilities of the United States Trustee. The rule also clarifies that only the United States Trustee may permit the rescheduling of a meeting of creditors. [Change effective 8/1/03.]

The rule also has been amended to conform to the service of notice change made in Rule 2003-1(B)(4). [Change effective 8/1/03.]

2003-1(A) This rule has been repealed to conform the Court’s practice to that of the other courts in United States Trustee Region 4. [Change effective 8/1/03.]

2003-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

2003-1 A stylistic change is made whereby the term “rule” is deleted where it appears in the text. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

2003-1 Subparagraph (B)(2)(a) and (b) are consolidated and amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 2004-1 EXAMINATION

(A) **Service:** Motions requesting examination under FRBP 2004 shall be served on the debtor, debtor's counsel, the deponent, deponent's counsel (if known), the standing trustee, and the United States trustee and filed with the Clerk.

(B) **Objections:** Parties shall have 7 days from the date of service to object to the motion.

(1) If an objection is filed, the movant shall request from the Court a hearing date,

transmit the notice of hearing to all parties in interest, and file the notice and proof of service with the Clerk.

(2) If no objection is filed, the movant shall include in the proposed order either a certification that the date set has been agreed to by the deponent and deponent's counsel (if known) or that a good faith effort has been made to set a date without success.

Comments

This new rule notes the requirements for examination motions and objections to them.

2004-1(B)(2) Because the current portion of this rule may place an undue burden on a movant in obtaining the agreement of the deponent and the deponent's counsel for a date to conduct the examination, this change has been made to add language noting that a good faith effort was made to set a date without success. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

2004-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. A stylistic change has been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 2014-1 SERVICE OF MOTION FOR AN ORDER AUTHORIZING EMPLOYMENT IN A CHAPTER 11 CASE

The motion, declaration and any proposed order shall be served on the parties listed below. Any party moving for an order authorizing employment in a proceeding under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code shall, in plain language, inform all such parties of the filing of the motion, disclosing in full and complete detail any actual or potential conflicts of interest, and shall specify the method for objecting to the proposed order. Any objections to the proposed employment shall be made in writing, filed with the Court, with a copy served on the movant and the parties listed below, within 14 days from the date of service of the motion.

The motion, declaration and proposed order shall be served on:

1. the United States trustee;
2. any trustee appointed under 11 U.S.C. §1104;
3. any committee of unsecured creditors appointed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1102 or, if no committee is appointed, the creditors included on the list filed under FRBP 1007(d);
4. all secured creditors; and
5. any other entity as the Court may direct.

Comments

2014-1 In several divisions, employment orders in Chapter 11 cases have been submitted for entry without notice to any other parties except for the United States Trustee, who usually endorses such orders prior to submission to a judge for entry. On several occasions, after entry of such an order, other parties have learned of the retention and

RULE 2015-(a)-1 REQUIRED REPORTS OF DEBTORS IN POSSESSION AND TRUSTEES moved to reconsider and vacate. This typically results in a hearing substantially after the entry of the original order with the accompanying concerns as to what happens to fees accrued in the gap period, etc., if the employment is denied. This rule requires a motion to retain a professional person be served upon the trustee, the creditors' committee, and the creditors included on the Rule 1007(d) list. [New rule effective 2/1/00.]

2014-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 2015-(a)-1 REQUIRED REPORTS OF DEBTORS IN POSSESSION AND TRUSTEES

(A) ***Operating Business Reports***: When the business of the debtor is authorized to be operated, the trustee in a chapter 7 or 11 case, the debtor in possession in a chapter 11 or 12 case or the debtor in a chapter 13 case in which the debtor is engaged in business, shall file with the United States trustee, with the Court and with appropriate governmental units such reports and summaries as are required under 11 U.S.C. §704(a)(8). Debtors in possession or trustees in chapter 11 cases shall continue to file operating reports with the Court and the United States trustee, on at least a calendar quarterly basis, until the case is converted, dismissed or a final decree has been entered by the Court.

(B) ***Chapter 7 Liquidation Reports***: The trustee in a chapter 7 business case in which the business is not being operated shall file semi-annual liquidation reports with the United States trustee and with the Court.

(C) ***Chapter 11 Final or Interim Report***: Chapter 11 cases with confirmed plans shall follow the District Chapter 11 Closing Procedure to prepare and file the final report and motion for final decree. The final report, or an interim report setting forth the status of the case and the reason why the case cannot be closed, shall be filed with the Court and a copy served on the United States trustee within 6 months after entry of the confirmation order.

(D) ***Clerk to Give Notice***: When the United States trustee seeks to bring matters of case administration or estate administration before the Court, the Clerk shall give appropriate notice.

Comments

2015-(a)-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

2015-(a)-1 A technical change has been made to the referenced title 11, United States Code provision. [Change effective 09/01/11.]

RULE 2016-1 COMPENSATION OF PROFESSIONALS

(A) *Interim Compensation*: The party seeking interim compensation or reimbursement for services under FRBP 2016 shall obtain a hearing date from the Court and shall give notice as required in FRBP 2002(a)(6) and 2002(c)(2). The party shall file with the Court proof of service evidencing proper notice of the scheduled hearing.

(B) *Attorney's Disclosure Statement*: Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §329 and FRBP 2016, each attorney representing a debtor under any chapter of the Bankruptcy Code shall file an Attorney's Disclosure Statement, irrespective of the amount of fees received or requested. The Disclosure Statement, if not filed with the petition, shall be filed not later than 14 days after the later of the filing of the petition or the date that counsel is engaged. If the representation by counsel is not in a case assigned to the Electronic Case Files System, the Statement shall be filed in original only, with a certificate evidencing service upon the United States trustee and the case trustee, if any. Otherwise, the Statement shall be filed consistent with the Electronic Case Files System requirements approved by the Court.

(C) *For Debtor's Attorney in Chapter 13 Case*

(1) **Generally**

(a) The Court may award fees and expenses to the attorney for the debtor(s) in a chapter 13 case, without a hearing, at the Court's discretion, in an amount not to exceed the fee, as specified in the "Adjustment of Dollar Amounts" statement published and updated periodically by the Clerk, as approved by the Court, as provided for in subparagraph (C)(3)(a) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, and subject to periodic adjustment, as provided for in subparagraph (C)(3)(e) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(b)(i) An application for an initial request for compensation in excess of the amount authorized under subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a) must conform to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016 and this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(ii) An application for a supplemental fee, as authorized under subparagraph (C)(3)(d), regardless of the amount sought, must conform to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016 and this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(iii) An application, as prescribed in subparagraph (C)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, must conform to the requirements set forth in subparagraphs (C)(3)(d)(i) and (ii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(c) At the commencement of the chapter 13 case, the attorney for the debtor(s) must elect and declare the manner with which to request compensation in the case, either:

(i) as set forth in subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, or

(ii) by filing an application for compensation and reimbursement of expenses in the manner set forth in subparagraphs (C)(3)(d)(i) and (ii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(d) An attorney requesting compensation by application in accordance with subparagraph (C)(1)(c)(ii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, shall file with the Clerk a properly completed form substantially in compliance with the Application for Compensation of Attorney for Debtor(s) approved by the Court (Exhibit 10-A to these Local Bankruptcy Rules) and available from the Clerk upon request or from the Court's Internet web site, www.vaeb.uscourts.gov. A proposed order allowing compensation shall include the summary (and accompanying table), as set forth at paragraph 4 of Exhibit 10-A.

(2) ***Fees Requested Not in Excess of \$3,000 [For All Cases and Proceedings Filed Prior to August 1, 2014]:*** Exhibit 9 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules, with respect to the time periods specified therein, for all cases and proceedings filed prior to August 1, 2014, shall govern fee and actual and necessary expense reimbursement requests.

(3) ***Amount of "No-Look" Fee Specified under Subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a)***

(a) If the initial fee charged to a debtor(s) for services in a Chapter 13 case does not exceed the fee, as specified in the "Adjustment of Dollar Amounts" statement published and updated periodically by the Clerk, as approved by the Court, (excluding the initial filing fee), a formal application for approval and payment of the unpaid amount through the chapter 13 plan will not be required if the total fee and the unpaid portion clearly is set forth in the chapter 13 plan, and the fee is consistent with the disclosure of compensation statement filed under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016 at the commencement of the case. An election under this subparagraph must be made at the commencement of the case; otherwise, it shall be deemed waived and compensation and reimbursement of expenses shall be requested in the manner set forth in subparagraph (C)(3)(d)(i) and (ii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(i) The chapter 13 plan and Rule 2016 disclosure of compensation statement will be treated as the application required by Rule 2016(b), and the order confirming the plan will be treated as an order approving compensation.

(ii) The attorney for the debtor(s) shall serve a copy of the chapter 13 plan and Rule 2016 disclosure of compensation statement on the debtor(s), the chapter 13 trustee and the United States trustee. With the Rule 2016 disclosure of compensation statement, the attorney for the debtor(s) shall file a proof of service evidencing proper service, as set forth herein.

(iii) Alexandria and Richmond Divisions: Any objection to allowance and payment of compensation in the amount stated in the chapter 13 plan must be filed no later than the last day for filing objections to confirmation of the plan. If no objection is filed, the Court may approve the disclosed compensation and confirm the plan without holding a hearing.

(iv) Norfolk and Newport News Divisions: Any objection to allowance and payment of compensation in the amount stated in the chapter 13 plan must be filed no later than the last day for filing objections to confirmation of the plan. If no objection is filed, the Court may approve the disclosed compensation when the plan is confirmed after holding a hearing.

(v) The attorney for the debtor(s) should not send a bill directly to the debtor(s). If the debtor(s) receive(s) a bill from the debtor's(s') attorney, the debtor(s) should send a copy of the bill to the chapter 13 trustee.

(vi) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (C)(3)(a)(iii) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, nothing will prevent or prohibit the United States trustee or the chapter 13 trustee from filing pleadings or otherwise challenging fees awarded under this rule to the attorney for the debtor(s) after confirmation of the debtor's(s) plan, should circumstances warrant such a challenge. Any such challenge shall be determined by the Court after notice and a hearing. In addition, the Court, *sua sponte*, may suspend the application of this rule to the debtor's(s') attorney. In such case, the attorney for the debtor(s) may request a hearing within 14 days of the Court's ruling.

(b) Exhibit 9 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules does not apply to the foresaid cases and proceedings under paragraph (C)(3) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(c) Except as set forth at subparagraph (C)(3)(d) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, if the attorney for the debtor(s) elect(s), and declare(s), at the commencement of the case, to request compensation not to exceed the amount set forth in subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a), that attorney shall not unbundle legal services in the case and must cover, at a minimum, all services typically required during the pendency of the case including, but not limited to, those that reasonably would be expected to obtain confirmation of a plan, and, ultimately, completion of the plan and, if available, a discharge.

(d) Should a debtor(s) need to commence or defend an adversary proceeding under Part 7 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or an appeal, the attorney for the debtor(s) may request leave to withdraw as attorney or to seek additional compensation in connection with the adversary proceeding or appeal. The representation of a debtor(s) in connection with any such adversary proceeding or appeal would be treated as a separate billing matter, for which the Court may allow additional compensation, after notice and a hearing, on a time-and effort basis, subject to the supplemental fee application process set forth below.

(i) The supplemental fee application must be supported by detailed, contemporaneous time and expense records showing, for each discrete activity, the date and time expended, identity of the attorney or paralegal providing the service and amount requested. For the purpose of this provision, a "contemporaneous" time and expense record is one made at or near the time of the activity being recorded or the expense being incurred, but in any event no later than the next business day. Any time entry that has been reconstructed because contemporaneous records were not made, or, if made, are not available, must be identified clearly, and an explanation provided for the absence of a contemporaneous record. The application for supplemental compensation shall state the period covered by the application. Time entries should be shown to the nearest tenth of an hour (i.e., the nearest 6 minutes), and travel time should be shown separately from any court appearance or other out-of-court activity to which it relates. The application shall affirmatively state the amount, if any, of posted time and charges written off in the exercise of billing discretion.

(ii) An attorney requesting supplemental compensation by application in accordance with subparagraph (C)(3)(d)(i) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, shall file with the Clerk a properly completed form substantially in compliance with the Application for Supplemental Compensation of Attorney for Debtor(s) approved by the Court (Exhibit 10-B to these Local Bankruptcy Rules) and available from the Clerk upon request or from the Court's Internet web site, <http://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov>. A proposed order allowing compensation shall include the summary (and accompanying table), as set forth at paragraph 4 of Exhibit 10-B.

(iii) At the Court's discretion, in addition to the supplemental fee application described in subparagraph (C)(3)(d)(i) above, a hearing on the application need not be held upon the consent of the chapter 13 trustee as evidenced by that individual's endorsement on a proposed order approving the application.

(iv) In lieu of the procedure set forth in subparagraph (C)(3)(d)(i) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the attorney for the debtor(s) may elect to disclose a fee of \$500 plus any out-of-pocket expenses (e.g., the filing fee, title search fees or appraisal fees) to represent the debtor(s) in such an action, the disclosure of which must be made at the commencement of the adversary proceeding, appeal, or motion initiating the action to determine the extent, validity, priority or enforceability of a lien secured by the debtor's(s') principal residence.

(e) The level of compensation set forth at subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule will be adjusted on a periodic basis to apply to the cases commenced after the adjusted level becomes effective by:

- (i) the percentage of adjustment to the rate of pay prescribed in the General Schedule for statutorily affected federal civilian employees;
- (ii) an increase in the filing fee for a case commenced under chapter 13 of title 11, United States Code.

Comments

2016-1(B) This change clarifies how compensation should be paid or disclosed when new counsel is substituted. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

2016-1(C) This paragraph is repealed. Its provisions will be governed by standing order of the Court. [Repeal effective 3/17/08.]

2016-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph (B) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

2016-1(C) Standing Order No. 08-1 is rescinded effective as to chapter 13 cases filed on or after the effective date of this paragraph's implementation. That standing order remains in effect, however, for previously filed chapter 13 cases. This paragraph includes procedures governing all chapter 13 cases filed on or after the effective date of this paragraph's implementation. [New Rule effective 8/1/14.]

2016-1 Subparagraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(e) are amended to provide a means by which adjustments to dollar amounts provided for in this rule can be made available without the necessity of amending discrete rule provisions. For this purpose, the Clerk has been directed by the Court to publish an “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” statement, and update that statement periodically, as directed by the Court. To do so, the Clerk has created an “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” hyperlink at the Court’s Internet web site home page, www.vaeb.uscourts.gov, at the “Court Resources” button on that page. A stylistic change also is made to subparagraph (C)(1)(a). [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

2016-1 Subparagraph (C)(3)(a)(iii) is amended, a new (iv) is added, and current (iv) and (v) are re-designated (v) and (vi), respectively, in light of the referenced change in procedure for the Norfolk and Newport News Divisions. (See combined Norfolk Standing Order No. 18-1 and Newport News Standing Order No. 18-1, which was entered on October 9, 2018, and provides that, “Confirmation Hearings will be held with regard to all Chapter 13 original and amended plans filed on or after October 29, 2018,” in the aforesaid divisions of the Court.)

RULE 2016-2 ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS OF ENTITIES OTHER THAN PROFESSIONALS

Except for fees and expenses subject to 11 U.S.C. §330, a chapter 7 trustee shall have the authority, prior to approval of the trustee’s final report, without further order of the Court, to pay: (1) reasonable and necessary administrative expenses in an aggregate amount not exceeding the amount specified in the “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” statement published and updated periodically by the Clerk, as approved by the Court, per case; and (2) administrative taxes. The dollar limit specified in the “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” statement will be adjusted in the same manner as the adjustments provided for by 11 U.S.C. §104(a).

Comments

2016-2 This rule is new. The adjustments under 11 U.S.C. §104(a) are made every three years, the first such adjustments having occurred on April 1, 1998, and are published in the Federal Register. The dollar limit specified in the “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” statement is the same as the federal exemption for motor vehicles provided in 11 U.S.C. § 522(d)(2) (currently \$3,675), and therefore the periodic adjustment will be easily ascertainable by reference to that section. Use of this statement provides a means by which the information can be made available without the necessity of amending discrete rule provisions. For this purpose, the Clerk has been directed by the Court to publish an “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” statement, and update that statement periodically, as directed by the Court. To do so, the Clerk has created an “Adjustment of Dollar Amounts” hyperlink at the Court’s Internet web site home page, www.vaeb.uscourts.gov, at the “Court Resources” button on that page. [New Rule effective 12/1/15.]

**RULE 2090-1 ATTORNEYS - RIGHT TO PRACTICE BEFORE THE COURT;
PRO SE PARTIES**

(A) ***Bar of the Court:*** Those attorneys who are admitted to practice before this Court shall comprise the Bar of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.

(B) ***Qualifications for Admission and the Right to Practice Before the Court:*** Effective September 1, 2019, an attorney, to qualify for admission and to maintain the right to practice before this Court, shall be administered the oath of admission upon the filing of an acceptable application to practice before the Court and shall be and at all times must remain a member in good standing of the Bar of the Commonwealth of Virginia and of the Bar of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.

(1) ***Members of the Bar of this Court as of September 1, 2019:*** To maintain the right to practice before this Court, all members in good standing of the Bar of this Court as of September 1, 2019, must be admitted to practice before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia no later than September 1, 2020. Thereafter, members of the Bar of this Court in good standing will not be permitted to practice in this Court until being admitted in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.

(C) ***Application and Procedure for Admission:*** Every attorney desiring admission to practice before this Court shall file with the Clerk written application therefor accompanied by an endorsement by two qualified members of the Bar of this Court stating that the applicant is of good moral character and professional reputation and is qualified to practice bankruptcy law. The Clerk of this Court shall supply such application upon request. As a part of the application, the applicant shall certify that the said applicant has within 90 days prior to the application read or reread (1) the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (FRCP), (2) the Federal Rules of Evidence, (3) the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) and (4) the Local Bankruptcy Rules of this Court.

(D) ***Presentation:*** A qualified member of the Bar of this Court who has examined the credentials of the applicant and, if found sufficient, may present the applicant to the Court for admission. If admitted, the applicant shall take the oath required for admission, sign the roll of the Bar of this Court and, thereafter, be issued a certificate of qualification by the Clerk.

(E) ***Other Attorneys:***

(1) ***Western District of Virginia:*** Any attorney who is a member in good standing of both the Bar of the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia and the Bar of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Virginia shall be permitted to practice in the bankruptcy courts of the Eastern District of Virginia upon filing with the Clerk of this Court:

(a) a certificate of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia stating that said attorney is a member in good standing of the Bar of that District;

(b) a certificate of the Clerk of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Virginia stating that said attorney is a member in good

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standing of the Bar of that District; and;

(c) a certification from the applicant stating that said attorney has, within the preceding 90 days, read the Local Bankruptcy Rules of this Court.

(2) *Members of the Bar of this Court as of September 1, 2019, based upon a certificate of good standing of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Virginia:* To maintain the right to practice before this Court, all members admitted to practice based upon a certificate of good standing of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Virginia and who are in good standing of the Bar of this Court as of September 1, 2019, must, no later than September 1, 2020, submit to the Clerk of this Court a certificate of good standing from the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia. Thereafter, such members will not be permitted to practice in this Court until a certificate of good standing from the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia is submitted to the Clerk of this Court.

(3) *Foreign Attorneys:*

(a) **Application:** An attorney, qualified to practice in the United States District Court of another state, the District of Columbia or a territory of the United States may appear and practice in cases *pro hac vice* before this Court upon motion of a member of the Bar of this Court, provided that in all appearances said attorney shall be accompanied by a member of this Bar. Applicants for *pro hac vice* admission shall complete a written application, which shall be appended to and incorporated by reference in the aforesaid motion. As a part of the application, the applicant shall certify that the said applicant has within 90 days prior to the application read or reread (1) the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (FRCP), (2) the Federal Rules of Evidence, (3) the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) and (4) the Local Bankruptcy Rules of this Court. If the Court finds the application otherwise appropriate, the Court may order the *pro hac vice* admission of the applicant. Except where a party is not represented by counsel, any pleading or notice required to be signed by counsel must be signed by counsel who is a member of the Bar of this Court, who shall have entered an appearance of record in the case, with the office address in the state where notice can be served, and who shall have such authority that the Court can deal with that attorney alone in all matters connected with the case. Such appearance shall not be withdrawn without leave of the Court. Service of notice or other proceedings on the attorney shall be equivalent to service on the client. Where a party is not represented by counsel, the party shall include on each pleading an address within the district where notice can be served.

(b) **Adversary Proceedings:** An attorney intending to appear in an Adversary Proceeding shall file the motion only in the case in which an Adversary Proceeding is pending. Admission shall apply to the case and all related Adversary Proceedings.

(c) **Reopened Cases:** A foreign attorney wishing to appear in a reopened case shall file a separate motion to appear in the case notwithstanding entry of any order in the case granting admission.

(4) ***Attorneys for the United States and any State:*** The following may appear and practice in this Court in the performance of their official duties: The Attorney General of the United States, any Deputy or Assistant Attorney General, any United States attorney, Assistant United States attorney or attorney employed by a department or agency of the United States Government and authorized by that department or agency to represent it in court; and the Attorney General, any Deputy or Assistant Attorney General, any Commonwealth Attorney and any Assistant Commonwealth Attorney of any state.

(F) ***Attorneys Filing Pleadings:*** All counsel making an appearance or presenting papers, suits or pleadings for filing other than a request for notices under FRBP 2002(g), must be members in good standing of the Bar of this Court, members in good standing of the Bar of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, and members in good standing of the Bar of the Commonwealth of Virginia or the state in which he or she is admitted. Attorneys who are not members of the Bar of this Court must have counsel who is a member in good standing of the Bar of this Court join in the pleading by endorsement. Any counsel who is a member in good standing of the Bar of this Court as defined above and who joins in a pleading will be held accountable for the case by the Court.

(G) ***Withdrawal of Appearance:*** No attorney who has entered an appearance in any case or proceeding shall withdraw as counsel except for cause, on order of the Court after reasonable notice to the party on whose behalf the attorney has appeared.

(H) ***Appearance at All Proceedings***

(1) ***Appearance by Counsel for the Debtor:*** Any attorney who is counsel of record for a debtor, or debtors, in a bankruptcy case must be present and appear at all Court proceedings involved in the case unless excused or given permission to withdraw, or unless counsel has filed a pleading stating that the debtor has no objection to, or does not oppose, the relief requested, or counsel has endorsed without objection an order resolving the motion, objection or application.

(2) ***Appearance by Other Counsel of Record:*** Any attorney who has filed a pleading in a bankruptcy case must be present and appear at all Court proceedings involving that pleading unless Counsel:

- (a) has been excused by the Court;
- (b) has been given permission to withdraw by order of the Court;
- (c) has provided a notification of settlement in accordance with LBR 9013-1(O);
or
- (d) has provided opposing or another counsel appearing at the initial pretrial conference with available dates so that a trial date can be established.

(I) ***Professional Ethics:*** The ethical standards relating to the practice of law in this Court shall be the Virginia Rules of Professional Conduct now in force and as hereafter modified or supplemented. (“Virginia Rules”). Nothing contained herein shall in any manner be construed as limiting the inherent authority and power of the Court to discipline, sanction,

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or hold in contempt attorneys who appear before it pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 105, Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9011, or otherwise, or providing an exclusive procedure for the discipline of attorneys who appear before the Court.

(1) **Definitions:** The following definitions apply:

(a) “Misconduct” means any act or omission by an attorney that violates the Virginia Rules. Such an act or omission constitutes misconduct regardless of:

(i) whether the attorney performed the act or omission individually or in concert with any other person or persons; or

(ii) whether the act or omission occurred in the course of an attorney client relationship.

(b) “Discipline” includes, but is not limited to, temporary or permanent suspension or disbarment from practice before the Court, or reprimand, censure, or such other disciplinary action as the circumstances may warrant, including but not limited to restitution of funds, imposition of monetary fines (whether payable to the Court or otherwise), satisfactory completion of educational programs, compliance with treatment programs, or community service.

(2) **Imposition of Discipline:** An attorney who commits or engages in Misconduct may be subject to the imposition of Discipline by the Court after notice of such Misconduct and an opportunity to be heard.

(3) **Imposition of Discipline by Other Courts; Attorneys Convicted of Serious Crimes:** All counsel admitted to practice before this Court on any basis shall be admitted subject to the rules, conditions, and provisions of the Federal Rules of Disciplinary Enforcement Rule I, Rule II and Rule III, a copy of which is appended as Exhibit 11 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules, except that any attorney disciplined or suspended, whether temporary or permanent, by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia shall be subject to the immediate imposition of the identical discipline in this Court.

(J) **Courtroom Decorum:** Counsel shall at all times conduct and demean themselves with dignity and propriety. When addressing the Court, counsel shall rise unless excused therefrom by the Court. All statements and communications to the Court shall be clearly and audibly made from a standing position at the attorneys' lectern facing the Court or the witness. Counsel shall not approach the bench unless requested to do so by the Court or unless permission is granted upon the request of counsel.

Examination of witnesses shall be conducted by counsel standing behind the lectern. Counsel shall not approach the witness except for the purpose of presenting, inquiring about, examining the witness with respect to an exhibit. Only one attorney for each party may participate in the examination or cross-examination of a witness.

(K) **Third-Year Law Student Practice Plan:** If the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia has in effect any plan for third-year law student practice, the provisions of said plan apply equally to practice before this Court.

(L) ***Previous Practice Clause:*** All members in good standing of the Bar of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia as of September 30, 1979, shall be deemed to be members of the Bar of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.

(M) ***Pro Bono Representation:*** An attorney representing a debtor who is a natural person on a *pro bono* basis – meaning that the attorney has not received and will not accept, either directly or indirectly, any payment in money, goods, or services in return for the attorney’s services in that representation – shall not be deemed to receive “other consideration” based on that representation for purposes of determining whether the attorney qualifies as a “debt relief agency” under the Bankruptcy Code.

(N) ***Ghostwriting:***

(1) Any attorney who prepares any document that is to be filed in this Court by a person who is known by the attorney, or who is reasonably expected by the attorney, to be proceeding *pro se*, shall be considered to have entered an appearance in the proceeding in which such document is filed and shall be subject to all rules that govern attorneys who have formally appeared in the proceeding.

(2) All litigants who are proceeding *pro se* shall certify in writing and under penalty of perjury that a document(s) filed with the Court has not been prepared by, or with the aid of, an attorney or shall identify any attorney who has prepared, or assisted in preparing, the document.

Each document filed with the court by a *pro se* litigant shall bear the following certification:

CERTIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that (Check one box):

- No attorney has prepared, or assisted in the preparation of this document.
- or The following attorney prepared or assisted in the preparation of this document.

(Name of Attorney)

(Address of Attorney)

(Telephone Number of Attorney)

Name of *Pro Se* Party (Print or Type)

Signature of *Pro Se* Party

Executed on: _____ (Date)

Comments

2090-1(B) Revision required to conform with requested change to LBR 2090-1(D).

2090-1(D) Change to reflect the decision made by the Judges that attorney admissions do not have to occur in open court.

Paragraph (E)(3) is added to authorize Federal and State Attorney Generals and their assistants to appear and practice in this court in the performance of their official duties. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

2090-1(H) This change requires presence of counsel for both debtors and creditors at Court proceedings. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

2090-1(I) A reference to the Virginia Rules of Professional Conduct, which became effective January 1, 2000, has been substituted for the reference to the American Bar Association Canons of Professional Ethics and Virginia State Bar canons. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

2090-1 Paragraphs (B) and (F) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule have

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been amended to explicitly provide that an attorney must be and remain a member in good standing of the Bar of the Commonwealth of Virginia or the state in which the attorney is admitted. [Change effective 9/1/06].

2090-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR.
[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

2090-1(M) Paragraph (M) is new and has been added to provide a safe harbor for lawyers and law firms who routinely represent creditors exclusively that they will not become a “debt relief agency” if they provide representation to a debtor on a *pro bono* basis. Many firms have adopted policies that prohibit lawyers of the firm from representing individual debtors in consumer bankruptcy cases even on a *pro bono* basis. Thus many practitioners who would like to volunteer to participate in bankruptcy *pro bono* projects are prevented from doing so. This new rule provision seeks to encourage the participation of all lawyers in bar sponsored *pro bono* programs. [New paragraph (M) effective 10/13/14.]

2090-1 Paragraph (N) is new. This provision conforms to EDVA District Local Civil Rule 83.1(M) and bars a *pro se* litigant from having an attorney assist in the preparation of a filing with the Court unless that assistance is disclosed in writing. [New paragraph Effective 12/1/15.]

2090-1(I) The purpose of this amendment is two-fold: first, to provide a mechanism, where the circumstances so require, for the discipline of a member of the Bar of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Virginia; and second, consistent with a like amendment to Local Civil Rule 83.1(L) and Local Criminal Rule 57.4(L) of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, to implement presumptive reciprocal enforcement of another court’s attorney disciplinary orders, including that of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, as part of the reciprocal discipline process. [Change effective 03/15/18.]

2090-1(B), (E), and (F) Paragraphs (B) and (E) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule respectively have been amended to require that all members of the Bankruptcy Court Bar be members of the Bar of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, or, if applicable, the Bar of the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia. Paragraph (F) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule includes the new requirement that a member of the Bankruptcy Court Bar also must be a member of the Bar of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, and be a member in good standing with both, in addition to other current requirements set forth therein. [Changes effective 09/01/19.]

RULE 3003-1 CLAIMS IN CHAPTER 11 CASES

(A) *Claims Bar Date*: The last date for the filing of claims, other than a claim of a governmental unit, in a chapter 11 case shall be 90 days after the date first scheduled for the meeting of creditors. The last date for a governmental unit to file a proof of claim shall be 180 days after the petition is filed in a voluntary chapter 11 case or an order for relief is entered in an involuntary chapter 11 case. The Clerk shall give notice of the date in a separate notice of bar date mailed with the notice for the meeting of creditors.

(B) *Claims Scheduled as Disputed, Contingent or Unliquidated*: The debtor in a chapter 11 case shall serve creditors whose claims are listed on the schedules as disputed, contingent or unliquidated with a notice of the fact within 14 days after the later of:

- (1) the conversion of the case to chapter 11;
- (2) the filing of the schedules of liabilities; or
- (3) the filing of an amendment to the schedules of liabilities adding such creditors. The debtor shall file with the Court a certification that service of the notice was made on the affected creditors within 7 days after the notice is served.

Comments

The Clerk is directed to provide a separate notice of the claims bar date in chapter 11 cases. Paragraph (B) is new. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

3003-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 3004-1 FILING OF CLAIMS BY DEBTOR OR TRUSTEE

A debtor's attorney or a trustee electronically filing a proof of claim on behalf of a creditor under FRBP 3004 shall be responsible for giving notice of such filing to the creditor, debtor and trustee as required by that rule and shall attach to the proof of claim a certification of such notice.

Comments

3004-1 This rule is new and provides that a debtor's attorney or trustee filing a proof of claim on a creditor's behalf give notice of such filing to the indicated persons, and attach a certification to that effect. [New Rule effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 3007-1 OBJECTIONS TO CLAIMS

(A) **Contents of Objection:** All objections to claims shall state with particularity the grounds therefor and shall set forth the relief or order sought.

(B) **How Objection Heard:** An objection to a proof of claim may be noticed for a hearing date obtained from the Clerk or may be accompanied by a notice providing opportunity for the creditor to request a hearing. If the notice of opportunity to request a hearing procedure is used, and the creditor serves and files a timely request for a hearing, ***it is the responsibility of the objecting party to obtain a hearing date from the clerk and give notice to the creditor of the hearing date.*** In any Division which has a regular motions day practice, the objection may be made returnable to a motions day in compliance with the motions day practice in that Division.

(C) **Number of Copies:** [Repealed]

(D) **Requirement of Written Response:** A creditor served with an objection to claim shall file and serve on the objecting party, a response thereto within 30 days of service if a notice of opportunity to request a hearing is given, or 7 days prior to the hearing if the objection is accompanied by a notice of hearing. If no response is filed, the court may treat the objection as conceded, and may enter an order without holding a hearing disallowing the claim in whole or part as set forth in the objection to claim.

(E) **Notice:** Each objection to claim, whether set to request a hearing or accompanied by notice of opportunity for hearing, shall contain or be accompanied by the following notice substantially in accordance with Official Form 420B, "NOTICE OF OBJECTION TO CLAIM", and also providing notice to the creditor in substantially the following form:

NOTICE

Under Local Bankruptcy Rule 3007-1, unless a written response and a request for hearing on this objection are filed with the Clerk of the Court and served on the objecting party and the trustee within 30 days of the service of this objection, the Court may deem any opposition waived, treat the objection as conceded, and enter an order granting the requested relief without a hearing.

Comments

The addition of this rule was made to clarify the procedures with regard to objections to claims. Given that FRBP 3007 expressly deals with objections to claims, the decision was made to add this rule and amend LBR 9013-1 as required. In addition, it notes the use of the Official Form 20B that was approved by the Judicial Conference at its September 1997 meeting with the mandatory implementation date of March 1, 1998.

3007-1 Paragraph (C) is repealed in light of Local Bankruptcy Rule 5005-2, which mandates electronic case filings in the Court's Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court's Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to

conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Repeal and changes effective 12/01/09.]

3007-1(E) The current form is replaced with new Official Form 420B, which includes stylistic changes. The form also is amended to change the phrase “mail” to “send” to reflect the fact that there are various methods of providing documents to other parties. [Changes effective 12/1/16.]

RULE 3011-1 UNCLAIMED FUNDS

(A) ***Deposit of Unclaimed Funds:*** All unclaimed funds collected by the Court shall be immediately deposited into the United States Treasury and not into the registry of the Court.

(B) ***Disposition of Unclaimed Funds***

(1) ***Requirements for Pro Se Creditor/Claimant - Self Representation:*** A request for return of an unclaimed dividend must be in writing and in the form of a motion filed with the Court. A Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, also must be completed, signed and filed with the motion. The exempt payee box should be checked on the Form W-9. The form and accompanying instructions are accessible at the Bankruptcy Forms page on the Court’s Internet web site. Creditor/claimant must sign a certificate of mailing reflecting that the motion was served on the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §2042, and on the United States trustee. The motion must state:

- (a) the name, address, telephone number and a brief history of the creditor from the filing of the claim to present (to reflect possible reasons for the funds not being deliverable at the time of original distribution);
- (b) whether the claim has been assigned to the creditor, and, if so, copies of all documents evidencing assignment must be appended to the motion; and
- (c) whether or not the creditor/claimant believes that any other party may be entitled to the funds.

The motion must contain a certificate of a notary public, which bears the seal of the notary, that such notary has examined the motion and documents presented by the creditor/claimant establishing identity.

If the creditor/claimant is a corporation, it must be represented by a member of the bar of this Court. In addition, if the creditor/claimant is a successor corporation, creditor/claimant shall provide documents establishing the chain of ownership of the original corporate claimant as proof of entitlement to the claim. The motion must state whether or not the moving party believes that any other party may be entitled to the funds.

As provided for in LBR 9013-1(M)(1), notice of the motion shall be in substantial compliance with Official Form 420A, allowing 21 days’ notice for written responses objecting

to the relief requested and must contain the "NOTICE" language substantially in the form set forth therein. Movant must sign a certificate of mailing reflecting that the motion was served on the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia and on the United States trustee.

(2) ***Requirements for the Representative of the Estate of a Deceased Claimant:*** The representative must comply with all requirements in paragraph (B)(1) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule. Certified copies of all probate documents to substantiate the representative's right to act on behalf of the decedent's estate must be provided as proof of entitlement.

(3) ***Requirements for any other individual representing the interest of creditor/claimant:*** The representative must be an attorney admitted to practice in accordance with these Local Bankruptcy Rules. The attorney must file a motion with the Court for an order authorizing return of an unclaimed dividend pursuant to FRBP 9013. A Form W-9, request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, also must be completed, signed and separately submitted, via email or mail, to the Finance Department (Form W-9 and accompanying instructions are accessible on the Court's Internet web site's Bankruptcy Forms page). The exempt payee box should be checked on Form W-9. The motion must contain the name, address, telephone number and brief history of the creditor from the filing of the claim to present (to reflect possible reasons for the funds not being deliverable at the time of original distribution). If applicable, proof of any sale of the company, new and prior owners, and a copy of the terms of any purchase agreement or stipulation by prior and new owners of right of ownership to the unclaimed funds must be provided. If the claim has been assigned to the claimant, copies of all documents evidencing assignment must be appended to the motion.

The motion must state whether or not the moving party believes that any other party may be entitled to the funds.

As provided for in LBR 9013-1(M)(1), notice of the motion shall be in substantial compliance with Official Form 420A, allowing 21 days' notice for written responses objecting to the relief requested and must contain the "NOTICE" language substantially in the form set forth therein. Movant must sign a certificate of mailing reflecting that the motion was served on the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia and on the United States trustee.

An original power of attorney from the creditor/claimant authorizing the attorney to represent the interest of the creditor/claimant must be attached to the motion.

(4) ***Action on Motion:*** Twenty-one days following receipt of the above documentation, and if no objections have been filed, the Clerk shall prepare and submit the appropriate order to the Court. Any payment made to a claimant represented by an attorney will be issued to the claimant in care of the attorney and will be mailed to the attorney.

(5) ***All Creditors/Claimants:*** Pursuant to the Vendor Administration and 1099 Issuance Procedures promulgated by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the Court requires that each creditor/claimant (the rightful owner of record) complete a Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, to facilitate the accurate preparation of Court-generated Forms 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and

1099-INT, Interest Income, as required by the United States Internal Revenue Code. Failure to complete, sign and return a Form W-9 may result in non-payment.

Comments

3011-1(B) Inclusion in subparagraph (B)(1)(c) of those items that may be presented to a notary to establish the movant's identity has resulted in some movants appending copies of forms of identification to their motions. This may have the effect of unnecessarily placing personal identifiers into the public record. The listed forms of identification have been removed for this reason. [Change effective 12/1/03.]

3011-1 The third paragraph to LBR 3011-1(B)(3) is amended to make explicit that the procedures set forth in LBR 9013(M)(1) must be followed to meet the requirements set forth in LBR 3011-1(B)(3). [Change effective 9/1/06.]

3011-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

3011-1 Paragraph (B)(1) and (3) are amended to conform to the Vendor Administration and 1099 Issuance Procedures promulgated by the Administrative Office of United States Courts. Paragraph B(5) is new. [Changes effective 09/03/13.]

3011-1 Paragraph (B)(1) and (3) are amended to conform to the Vendor Administration and 1099 Issuance Procedures promulgated by the Administrative Office of United States Courts. Paragraph B(5) is new. [Changes effective 09/03/13.]

3011-1 The last sentence of the third paragraph in paragraph (B)(1) is new. The fourth paragraph in paragraph (B)(1) is new and makes explicit that the procedures set forth in LBR 9013-1 (M)(1) must be followed to meet the requirements set forth in LBR 3011-1(B)(1). [Changes effective 09/03/13.]

3011-1 Paragraph (B)(4) is amended to provide that when a claimant is represented by an attorney, the payment will be issued in the claimant's name, in care of the attorney, and will be mailed to the attorney. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

3011-1(B)(1) & (3) The current form is replaced with new Official Form 420A, which includes stylistic changes. The form also is amended to change the phrase "mail" to "send" to reflect the fact that there are various methods of providing documents to other parties. [Changes effective 12/1/16.]

RULE 3015-1 CHAPTER 12 PLAN REQUIREMENTS

(A) **Time for Filing:** The debtor may file a chapter 12 plan with the petition. If a plan is not

filed with the petition, it shall be filed within 90 days thereafter unless the Court, pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §1221, extends the time for filing. Any motion for extension of time to file a plan shall be filed prior to the expiration of the deadline for which the debtor seeks an extension.

(B) **Objections:** Objections to confirmation of the plan shall be filed with the Court and served on the debtor, the debtor's attorney, the trustee, and on any other entity designated by the Court, not less than 7 days prior to the scheduled confirmation hearing.

(C) **Hearing:** After notice as provided in paragraph (D) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the Court shall conduct a hearing within the time prescribed by 11 U.S.C. §1224 and rule on confirmation of the plan. If no objection is timely filed, the Court may determine that the plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law without receiving evidence on those issues.

(D) **Notice:** The debtor shall send notice of the hearing on confirmation to all creditors, the chapter 12 trustee and equity security holders. The notice shall include the time fixed for filing objections to the proposed plan. Unless the Court fixes a different period, notice of the hearing shall be given not less than 28 days before the hearing. A copy of the plan shall accompany the notice. Forthwith upon the giving of such notice, the debtor shall file proof of service with the Clerk.

(E) **Order of Confirmation:** The debtor shall prepare a proposed Order of Confirmation which recites the Court's findings under 11 U.S.C. §1225. Notice of entry thereof shall be mailed promptly by the Clerk, or some other person as the Court may direct, to the debtor, the trustee, all creditors, all equity security holders and other parties in interest.

(F) **Retained Power:** Notwithstanding the entry of the Order of Confirmation, the Court may enter all orders necessary to administer the estate.

(G) **Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice:** The Clerk is to monitor the filing of chapter 12 plans. If the debtor does not file a plan with the chapter 12 petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (1) file the chapter 12 plan or a motion to extend time to file a plan within 90 days after filing the chapter 12 petition; or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(H) **Notice of Dismissal Provision:** The Clerk is directed to give notice of the dismissal provision of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to the debtor or debtor's attorney not filing a plan with the petition. The Clerk shall also give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule in the meeting of creditors notice.

Comments

3015-1(G) This change is necessary because of the addition of LBR 1017-3. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

3015-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

LBR 3015-1(D) provides that notice of the confirmation hearing should be sent at least 21 days prior to the hearing. FRBP 2002(a)(8), however, requires 21 days notice of both the confirmation hearing and the objection deadline. Under LBR 3015-1(B), the objection deadline is 7 days prior to the confirmation hearing. To give the needed notice requires 21 days plus 7 days for a total of 28 days. [Change effective 09/01/11.]

3015-1 Paragraph (G) of this rule provision is amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 3015-2 CHAPTER 13 PLAN REQUIREMENTS

(A) ***Form of Plan; Inclusion of Related Motions:*** The only acceptable form for a chapter 13 plan shall be that form approved by the Court (Exhibit 1 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules) and available from the Clerk upon request or from the Court’s Internet web site, www.vaeb.uscourts.gov. Counsel are encouraged, however, to delete the text of inapplicable sections from the plan provided that the section numbering and section headings are retained, followed by an appropriate notation such as “None” or “Not Applicable”. If applicable, and without prejudice to a debtor’s right to file a stand-alone motion seeking the same relief, the plan shall include the following related motions:

- (1) ***Motion for Determination of Value Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 506(a).***
- (2) ***Motion for Lien Avoidance Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 522(f):*** (Lien avoidance under any other provision of the Bankruptcy Code must be by separate adversary proceeding and requires service of a summons and complaint.)
- (3) ***Motion for Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 365.***

(B) ***Special Notice to Secured Creditors Whose Collateral is to be Valued or Lien Avoided:*** Unless a stand-alone motion and appropriate notice is served on the affected creditor at the same time as the plan is filed with the Clerk and transmitted to creditors, the debtor shall serve on each creditor who is the subject of an included motion for valuation under 11 U.S.C. §506(a) or an included motion for lien avoidance under 11 U.S.C. §522(f) a copy of the plan to which is attached a notice in the form approved by the Court (Exhibit 2 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules). Service of the plan and special notice must be made in the manner provided for in FRBP 7004.

(C) ***Filing of Original Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions***

- (1) ***Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice:*** The Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions and any special notice to secured creditors required by this rule shall be filed with the Clerk not later than 14 days after the commencement of the case if the case was originally filed under chapter 13 or 14 days after the order converting the case to chapter 13 from some other chapter. If the same is not filed on the date of commencement of the case or the date of entry of the conversion order, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (a) timely file a

plan or a motion to extend time to file a plan in accordance with this subparagraph; or (b) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(2) ***Proof of Service to include names and addresses of all parties served:*** The Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions must contain a proof of service setting forth the date and manner of service and the names and addresses of all parties to whom the plan was mailed or transmitted.

(3) ***Extension of Time to File Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions.***

(a) A motion to extend the time to file a Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions may be granted by the Clerk for an additional 14 days, if

(i) the motion for extension has been filed before the initial due date has expired and

(ii) notice of the motion has been given by the debtor to the trustee and all creditors.

(b) The Clerk's order shall provide that the debtor either must (i) file the Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions or further motion to extend time for the same by the date set forth therein; or (ii) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(c) Any motion that is filed after the due date or that seeks an extension of time beyond the dates specified in subparagraph (C)(3)(a) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule shall be noticed for a hearing before the judge assigned to the case.

(D) ***Distribution of Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions:*** The debtor shall distribute a copy of the original Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions to all creditors, the standing trustee and other parties in interest at or prior to the time it is filed with the court. Upon receipt of the confirmation date, time and location, the debtor shall serve on affected creditors the special notice required by paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(E) ***Objections to Confirmation of Original Chapter 13 Plan or to Related Motions***

(1) ***Deadline for Filing:*** Any objection to confirmation of the Chapter 13 Plan or to the granting of any included Motion for Determination of Value, Motion for Lien Avoidance, or the Motion to Assume or Reject Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be filed not later than 7 days prior to the date set for the confirmation hearing. Any extension of the original objection period must be requested by motion.

(2) ***Service of Objection:*** The objecting party shall file an original objection with the Court and serve copies on the standing trustee, the debtor and the debtor's attorney. The objection shall be accompanied by proof of service evidencing compliance with this requirement.

(3) **Hearings on Objections:** All timely filed objections shall be heard at the confirmation hearing as set forth in the notice of meeting of creditors.

(F) Modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions

(1) Procedure where no plan has been confirmed

(a) **Time for Filing:** Unless confirmation of a prior plan has been denied, a modified plan may be filed at any time prior to confirmation. If confirmation of a prior plan has been denied, a modified plan must be filed within the period stated in paragraph (H)(3) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule unless the order denying confirmation states some other period.

(b) **Distribution of Modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions:** The modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions, and any special notice required by paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, must be distributed and served in the same manner as the original plan. The special notice required by paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule need not be given, however, if an order has previously been entered granting the relief sought and the modified plan does not contain any provision inconsistent with the order previously entered.

(c) **Objections to Confirmation of Modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions:** If a modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions is filed, any objections must be filed not later than 7 days prior to the date set for the confirmation hearing. The debtor must obtain a new confirmation hearing date from the Clerk and must include the new date, time and location on the first page of the form of Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions. The new confirmation hearing date shall not be earlier than the date originally set for the confirmation of the original plan filed in the case and must allow at least 35 days' notice. The debtor shall give notice of the date, time and place of the confirmation hearing by serving a copy of the modified plan on the trustee and all creditors.

(d) Effect on a Hearing Scheduled on Objection(s) to any Previously Filed Unconfirmed Plan

(i) Once a modified plan and related motions has been filed by the debtor, all previously filed unconfirmed plans and related motions are deemed withdrawn.

(ii) The filing of a modified plan and related motions will remove a previously scheduled hearing on objection to confirmation from the court calendar without further order of the Court, but without prejudice to any party's right to object to the modified plan.

(2) Procedure when a plan has been confirmed

(a) ***When modification is requested by the trustee or a creditor:*** If modification of a confirmed plan is sought by the trustee or by a creditor, the modification must be requested by motion. A hearing date shall be obtained from the Clerk, and at least 21 days' notice of the hearing shall be given to the debtor, debtor's counsel, the trustee (if the trustee is not the movant) and all creditors. The time for filing any response is governed by LBR 9013-1(H)(3).

(b) ***When modification is requested by the debtor:*** If modification of a confirmed plan is sought by the debtor, modification must be requested by filing and distributing a modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions and by giving special notice required by paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule. The special notice required by paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule need not be given, however, if a Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions has previously been confirmed providing the identical treatment of the secured creditor's claim. The debtor must obtain a new confirmation hearing date from the Clerk. The new confirmation hearing date must allow at least 35 days' notice. The debtor shall give notice of the date, time and place of the confirmation hearing as set forth on the first page of the form of Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions by serving a copy of the modified plan on the trustee and all creditors. Any objection to the modified plan must be filed not later than 7 days prior to the date set for the confirmation hearing.

(G) ***Confirmation of Plan and Granting of Related Motions:*** After the time for filing objections has passed and if no objection has been timely filed:

(1) ***Richmond and Alexandria Divisions:*** The Court may enter an order confirming the plan and granting the relief sought in the related motions without holding a hearing, or the Court may direct that a hearing be held.

(2) ***Norfolk and Newport News Divisions:***

(a) A confirmation hearing will be held even if no objections have been filed.

(b) A scheduled confirmation hearing will not be convened when:

(i) an amended plan is filed prior to the scheduled confirmation hearing;
or

(ii) a consent resolution to an objection to confirmation anticipates the filing of an amended plan and the objecting party removes the scheduled confirmation hearing prior to 3:00 p.m. on the last business day before the confirmation hearing.

(H) ***Possible Dismissal of Case for Failure to Timely File or Distribute Plan and Notice***

(1) ***Possible Dismissal of Case; Notice:*** The Clerk shall give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule to the debtor or debtor's counsel at the time the petition is filed. The Clerk shall also give notice of this Local Bankruptcy Rule in

the notice of meeting of creditors.

(2) ***Dismissal of Case upon Denial of Confirmation:*** If the Court denies confirmation of the debtor's original or subsequently modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions, unless the Court has entered an order previously confirming a plan, the Clerk is directed to issue an order dismissing the chapter 13 case unless, within 21 days after denial of confirmation:

- (a) the debtor files a new Modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions;
- (b) the debtor converts or moves to convert the case to another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code;
- (c) the debtor files a motion for reconsideration or appeals the denial of confirmation; or
- (d) the Court otherwise orders.

An order previously entered by the Court confirming a chapter 13 plan shall remain in full force and effect if a subsequently modified Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions is denied confirmation by the Court.

(I) ***Reconversion of Case:*** [Repealed]

Comments

Rule 3015-2 Revised Chapter 13 Form Plan:

Since February 15, 1988, the Eastern District of Virginia has required that chapter 13 plans follow a prescribed format. See *In re Walat*, 87 B.R. 408 (Bankr.E.D. Va 1988) (*en banc*), *aff'd* 89 B.R. 11 (E.D. Va. 1988). Following the Fourth Circuit's decisions in *Piedmont Trust Bank v. Linkous* (*In re Linkous*), 990 F.2d 160 (4th Cir. 1993) and *Cen-Pen Corp. v. Hanson*, 58 F.3d 89 (4th Cir. 1995), the form plan was expanded to include "related" motions to value collateral and avoid liens, and a separate "Notice of Chapter 13 Plan and related Motions" was adopted for service on creditors in addition to the plan itself.

In 2003, the National Association of Chapter 13 Trustees recommended a model form of chapter 13 plan which had been drafted at an Advanced Practice Institute by a group of debtors' counsel, trustees, creditors' representatives, attorneys and others.

After the chapter 13 trustees in the Western District of Virginia proposed a variant of this model plan for adoption in that district, a working group of one judge and one chapter 13 trustee from each district proposed further modifications that would allow the same form of plan to be used in each district. After a period of public comment and a trial use of the model plan at a Virginia CLE Advanced Consumer Bankruptcy Seminar, a redrafted proposal was prepared by the chapter 13 trustees of both districts. This proposal, with some minor changes agreed to by the judges of both districts at two joint meetings, resulted in the current plan.

Adoption of a uniform plan is expected to benefit state-wide and national creditors (who would have only one form of plan from Virginia to decipher) as well as attorneys who practice in both districts and would no longer have to separately configure their form preparation software for each district. Because it is shorter than the existing Eastern District of Virginia plan, it should also be significantly easier for *pro se* parties (many of whom struggle with the current form of plan) to fill out.

The revised plan, like the previous plan, incorporates “related” motions to value collateral and avoid liens. To satisfy the due- process concerns in *Linkous* and *Cen-Pen*, a separate “special” notice must be attached to the copy of the plan mailed to the creditors that are the subject of those motions. [Rule effective 10/17/05.]

3015-2 Subparagraphs (F)(1)(c) and F(2)(b) have been amended to include the date, time, and place of the confirmation hearing when a modified plan is being filed. The first page of the uniform Chapter 13 Form of Plan and Related Motions has been revised to include this change. [Changes effective 9/1/06.]

3015-2(I) This paragraph is new. It provides that a Chapter 13 Plan approved by the Court in the original Chapter 13 case, if any, is deemed reinstated with full force and effect when that case reconverts back to Chapter 13. [New rule effective 3/17/08.]

3015-2 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

3015-2 (E)(1), (F)(1)(c) and (F)(2)(b) The notice required for a new confirmation hearing date conforms to the time-computation changes made to paragraphs (E)(1), (F)(1)(c) and (F)(2)(b). [Changes effective 2/09/09.]

3015-2 (I) The text at paragraph (I) has been removed as no longer being required. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

3015-2 Subparagraphs (F)(1)(d) and (G)(1) and (2) are amended in light of the referenced change in procedure for the Norfolk and Newport News Divisions. (See combined Norfolk Standing Order No. 18-1 and Newport News Standing Order No. 18-1, which was entered on October 29, 2018, and provides that, “Confirmation Hearings will be held with regard to all Chapter 13 original and amended plans filed on or after October 29, 2018,” in the aforesaid divisions of the Court.) Paragraph (H)(1) is eliminated in light of the revisions to paragraph (C). Paragraphs (H)(2) and (H)(3) are redesignated as paragraphs (H)(1) and (H)(2), respectively. [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

3015-2 Paragraphs (C)(1) and (3) are amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 3016-1 CHAPTER 11 PLAN REQUIREMENTS

(A) **Transmission of Notice of Hearing on Disclosure Statement:** The proponent seeking approval of the disclosure statement shall transmit notice of the hearing on the disclosure statement and other materials as required by FRBP 2002(b) and 3017(a). The court-approved notices, other materials and proof of service shall be filed with the Court.

(B) **Objections to Disclosure Statement:** Objections to the disclosure statement shall be filed with the Court not later than 7 days prior to the date set for hearing on the disclosure statement.

(C) **Transmission and Notice to Creditors and Equity Security Holders:** Upon approval of the disclosure statement, the proponent of the plan shall transmit to all required parties such notices and materials as required by FRBP 2002(b) and FRBP 3017(d) and shall file with the Court the court-approved notices, other materials transmitted and proof of service.

(D) **Summary of Ballots:** Any proponent of a plan in a reorganization case shall file a summary of ballots (acceptances and rejections) with the Clerk prior to the hearing on confirmation in the form approved by the Court. The ballots are not to be filed with the Clerk unless the Court so orders.

(E) **Objection to Confirmation:** Any objection to confirmation of the plan shall be filed with the Court not later than 7 days prior to the date set for the initial hearing on confirmation. The objecting party shall serve a copy of the objection on the United States trustee and the parties designated in FRBP 3020(b)(1).

Comments

3016-1(E) This change clarifies that an objection to confirmation must be filed not later than five (5) business days before the initial hearing on confirmation. Absent leave of Court, an objection that is filed later than five (5) business days before the initial hearing on confirmation is not timely and shall not be considered by the Court. [Change effective 7/1/02.]

3016-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 3017-1 APPROVAL OF DISCLOSURE STATEMENT [Repealed]

Comments

3017-1 FRBP 3017.1 obviates the need for this Local Bankruptcy Rule. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 3070-1 PAYMENTS IN CHAPTER 12 AND CHAPTER 13 CASES

(A) **Payments to Creditors by Trustee:** In chapter 12 and chapter 13 cases, no payment in an amount less than \$25 shall be distributed by the trustee to any creditor. Funds not distributed because of this Local Bankruptcy Rule shall be paid whenever the accumulation totals at least \$25. Any funds remaining shall be distributed with the final payment.

(B) *Distribution of Estate Funds Upon Dismissal of Case Prior to Confirmation of Plan*

(1) ***Noticing Fees Payable to Clerk of Court:*** The trustee shall pay all noticing fees due the Clerk out of estate funds before returning any funds to the debtor. If, pending dismissal, the funds on hand are not sufficient to pay all administrative expenses, the trustee shall pay to the Clerk the pro rata portion of the fees due.

(2) ***Notice of Proposed Distribution:*** The trustee may file a notice of proposed distribution of estate assets on hand, with copies to the debtor and debtor's counsel. The proposed distribution may include payment to the trustee for compensation as allowed by law and reimbursement of the trustee's out-of-pocket expenses incurred in the case. The notice shall state that if no objection to the proposed distribution is filed within 14 days, the trustee is authorized to proceed with distribution.

(C) *Debtor's Failure to Commence Payments in Chapter 13 Case:* Each chapter 13 debtor shall commence payments proposed by the plan not later than 30 days after the date of the filing of the plan or the order for relief, whichever is earlier, unless the Court has set some different time. If payments are not received as required, the trustee shall certify the same to the Clerk.

(1) ***Alexandria, Norfolk, and Newport News Divisions.*** Upon receipt of such a certification, the Clerk shall issue an order for the debtor to appear and explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(2) ***Richmond Division.*** The trustee may file a motion to dismiss and schedule a hearing thereon in accordance with the Public Notice dated January 15, 2019.

(D) *Chapter 13 Pre-Confirmation Payments of Personal Property Leases:* Pre-confirmation payments of personal property leases governed by 11 U.S.C. §1326(a)(1)(B) shall be made by the debtor to the chapter 13 trustee as part of the total payment to the trustee, and the trustee shall pay the lessor, both before and after confirmation, unless the debtor's plan provides that lease payments will be made directly by the debtor or no plan provision addresses payment of the debtor's lease obligation, in which event the debtor shall make the pre-confirmation payments directly to the lessor and furnish proof of such payments to the trustee.

(E) *Chapter 13 Pre-Confirmation Adequate Protection Payments:* Pre-confirmation adequate protection payments governed by 11 U.S.C. §1326(a)(1)(C) shall be made by the debtor to the chapter 13 trustee as part of the total payment to the trustee, and the trustee shall pay the amount provided for by the plan to the secured creditor both before and after confirmation, unless the debtor's plan provides that such payments will be made directly by the debtor or no plan provision addresses payment of the secured claim, in which event the debtor shall make the pre-confirmation payments directly to the secured creditor and furnish proof of such payments to the trustee.

Comments

3070-1(C) This change is necessary because of the addition of LBR 1017-3. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

3070-1 The amendments to paragraph (C) and new paragraphs (D) and (E) are derived from former Interim Procedure 3070-1(C), (D) and (E). Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

3070-1(C) This rule provision is amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). The Public Notice referenced in paragraph (C)(2) is accessible at the Court’s internet website <https://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov> as posted on January 17, 2019, under Virginia Eastern News. [Change effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 4001(a)-1 RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY

(A) **Applicability of Contested Matter Rules:** All motions for relief from stay, except those under paragraph (G) herein, are contested matters and are governed by FRBP 9014, 11 U.S.C. §362(c), (d), (e), (h), (l) and (m) and these Local Bankruptcy Rules.

(B) **Caption:** The motion for relief from stay, and any pleading or other paper (excepting exhibits) filed pursuant to such a motion, shall include the same caption as an adversary proceeding except that the caption shall not include an adversary proceeding (AP) number.

(C) **Response Period:** A separate notice of motion (Official Form 420A) is not required, however, unless provided otherwise by the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or order of the Court. The motion for relief from stay shall clearly state and conspicuously provide the following notice:

NOTICE

Your rights may be affected. You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one in this bankruptcy case. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one)

If you do not wish the Court to grant the relief sought in the motion, or if you want the court to consider your views on the motion, then within 14 days from the date of service of this motion, you must file a written response explaining your position with the Court and serve a copy on the movant. Unless a written response is filed and served within this 14-day period, the Court may deem opposition waived, treat the motion as conceded, and issue an order granting the requested relief without further notice or hearing.

If you mail your response to the Court for filing, you must mail it early enough so the Court will receive it on or before the expiration of the 14-day period.

You will be notified separately of the hearing date on the motion.

(D) **Contents of Motion for Relief from Stay:** The following material, when applicable, must be included in a motion for relief from stay:

- (1) a detailed statement of the debt owed to the movant;
- (2) if periodic payments are in arrears, the amount of arrears accrued prepetition and the

amount of arrears accrued post-petition;

(3) a description of the property encumbered;

(4) a description of the security interest and its perfection;

(5) a statement of the basis for the relief claimed, such as, a lack of adequate protection or the absence of equity and that the property is not necessary for an effective reorganization. The specific facts constituting cause shall be set forth if a motion is brought for cause;

(6) if the movant asserts a valuation of the subject property, the motion shall state the amount of the valuation, the date, and the basis therefore (appraisal, bluebook, etc); and

(7) the specific nature of the relief from stay that is requested.

(E) **Filing Requirements:** With the original motion for relief from stay, the proponent shall also file:

(1) the proper filing fee and

(2) [Repealed]

(3) a properly completed proof of service indicating that the movant served the motion for relief from stay upon each party required to receive notice under paragraph (F) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(4) [Repealed]

(F) **Service of Motion:** The movant shall serve a copy of the motion upon the debtor and, if applicable, upon:

(1) the debtor's attorney;

(2) the trustee;

(3) each official committee appointed in the case or its authorized representative;

(4) if a chapter 11 case, any additional creditors if required by FRBP 4001(a)(1); and

(5) any other party in interest as directed by the Court.

(G) **Requests for Additional Relief:** If a motion filed pursuant to FRBP 4001(a) requests relief beyond the termination, modification or conditioning of the automatic stay, and such additional relief is within the scope of FRBP 7001, it is deemed an adversary proceeding and it shall be accompanied by:

(1) an adversary proceeding filing fee and

(2) a properly completed Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet as provided in LBR 7003-1.

If a party seeks an expedited hearing under 11 U.S.C. §362(e), only the specific issue of the automatic stay shall be considered at such hearing, unless the Court otherwise directs.

(H) **Relief from Codebtor Stay in Chapter 13 Cases:** Motions for relief from a stay of action against a codebtor in a chapter 13 case are contested matters and are governed by FRBP 9014, 11 §1301 and these Local Bankruptcy Rules. The motion shall clearly state in the caption of the motion the subsection of 11 U.S.C. §1301 under which the party is proceeding.

(1) **Caption:** The caption for a motion for relief from codebtor stay, and any pleading or other paper (excepting exhibits) filed pursuant to such a motion, shall include the caption described in paragraph (B) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(2) **Service and Time for Response:** Service shall be as set forth in paragraph (F) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule. The notice served on the codebtor in any relief action shall include notice of the response period.

(a) The time for response under 11 U.S.C. § 1301(c)(1) and (c)(3), and the notice served upon the codebtor in any such relief action, shall be as provided for in paragraph (C) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(b) As provided for in 11 U.S.C. §1301(d), the stay shall automatically terminate with respect to a request under 11 U.S.C. §1301(c)(2) unless a response is filed and served no later than 20 days after the filing of the request. In a relief action under 11 U.S.C. §1301(c)(2), the notice shall include the following language: "If you do not file a written response by the deadline shown, the law provides that the stay protecting you from further legal action against you by this creditor will automatically terminate as provided for in 11 U.S.C. §1302(d)."

(I) **Rent Deposit and Transmittal Procedure Under 11 U.S.C. §362(l):** Any deposit of rent made by or on behalf of the debtor, pursuant to §362(l)(1)(B), shall be made in the form of a certified check or money order payable to the order of the lessor, and delivered to the Clerk upon the filing of the petition. The Clerk is directed to promptly transmit the rent deposit to the lessor, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address listed on the petition.

Comments

4001(a)-1(C) The notice conforms substantially with Official Form 20A so that movant is not required to serve a separate "notice of motion." The subsection of 11 U.S.C. §1301 under which a party is proceeding must now be clearly stated in the caption of the motion for relief of codebtor stay. [Changes effective 1/1/97.]

4001(a)-1(G)(2) This adjustment was made to note the proper 20 days for response instead of 15, in line with 11 U.S.C. § 1301(d). [Change effective 2/1/00.]

4001(a)-1(D) This rule is new. The rule requires the inclusion of relevant information so that interested parties can formulate a position on the motion prior to the preliminary hearing. The requirements of Local Bankruptcy Rule 9022-1, regarding court orders, apply with respect to motions for relief from the automatic stay. [New Rule effective 8/1/03.]

4001(a)-1 Paragraph (B) of the rule has been amended to effect a technical change in that contested matter (CM) numbers no longer are required. [Change effective 7/1/04.] [Stylistic change effective 1/1/07.]

4001(a)-1 Paragraph (C), at the fourth and final paragraph of the “NOTICE”, is amended by deleting the phrase “by the CLERK” to conform to the procedures to be used in those divisions where available dates may be obtained on-line. Subparagraphs (E)(2) and (E)(4) are repealed in light of the amendments to the Court’s CM/ECF Administrative Procedures at new subparagraph IC7, effective December 1, 2006. Subparagraph (F)(2) is amended by adding a bracketed statement regarding action that a movant must take in Alexandria and Richmond division cases only. [Changes effective 1/15/07.]

4001(a)-1 Former Interim Procedure 4001(a)-1(A) is incorporated, as modified, into LBR 4001(a)-1. Former Interim Procedure 4001(a)-1 is incorporated as new paragraph (I). Paragraphs (E) and (F) are amended. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Amendments effective 12/01/09.]

4001(a)-1 A technical change has been made at paragraph (G)(2). Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

4001(a)-1 Paragraph (F) of the rule is reorganized as paragraph (F)(2) no longer is required. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

4001(a)-1(H) Paragraph (H)(2) of the rule is amended to conform to 11 U.S.C. § 1301(d). The rule also is reorganized both to clarify that the noted time period tracks the response to the filing of a request rather than the date of service, as set forth in the current LBR provision, and to make more clear that 11 U.S.C. §1301(d) only applies to §1301(c)(2) and not to Code §1301(c)(1) and(c)(3). [Changes effective 12/01/15.]

4001(a)-1(C) The current form is replaced with new Official Form 420A, which includes stylistic changes. The form also is amended to change the phrase “mail” to “send” to reflect the fact that there are various methods of providing documents to other parties. [Changes effective 12/1/16.]

RULE 4002-1 DUTIES OF THE DEBTOR

(A) *Tax Information Under 11 U.S.C. §521:*

(1) *Failure to Provide Pre-petition Tax Information:*

(a) Upon certification by the trustee that the debtor failed to comply with either §521(e)(2)(A)(i) or (ii), the Clerk shall issue a notice to show cause to the debtor and debtor's attorney why the case should not be dismissed.

(b) If the debtor failed to comply with either 11 U.S.C. §521(e)(2)(A)(i) or (ii), upon motion by a creditor and after service of the motion by the creditor on the debtor and debtor's attorney, and a hearing, the Court will determine whether or not to dismiss the case. Any motion to dismiss filed by a creditor must state with particularity that the creditor timely requested a copy of the tax return under FRBP 4002(b)(4).

(2) Procedure for Requesting Debtor to File Post-petition Tax Information with the Court:

(a) **Motion by Requestor for Court Order Directing Debtor to File Tax Information or Statement:** If the debtor does not file the requested tax information or statement with the Court required by 11 U.S.C. §521(f), the movant may file a motion requesting that the Court enter an order directing the debtor to file the requested tax information or statement with the Court. The motion shall be set for hearing in accordance with LBR 9013-1. The Court may determine the motion without oral hearing in accordance with LBR 9013-1(L).

(b) **Motion Requesting Access to Tax Information or Statement:** The movant may file a motion with the Court requesting access to tax information or statement filed by the debtor. The motion shall be served on the debtor and the debtor's attorney, if any. The motion shall include:

- (i) a description of the movant's status in the case, to allow the Court to ascertain whether the movant may properly be given access to the requested tax information or statement;
- (ii) a description of the specific tax information or statement sought;
- (iii) a statement indicating that the information or statement cannot be obtained by the movant from any other source; and
- (iv) a statement showing a demonstrated need for the tax information or statement.

The motion shall be set for hearing in accordance with LBR 9013-1. The Court may determine the motion without an oral hearing in accordance with LBR 9013-1(L).

(c) **Safeguarding the Confidentiality of Tax Information or Statement:** If the Court grants the motion filed by the movant pursuant to subparagraph (A)(2)(b) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the tax information or statement shall be confidential and shall not be disseminated or disclosed to any person or entity or used for any purpose other than in connection with the case. Sanctions may be imposed for improper use, disclosure or dissemination.

(d) **Discovery:** Paragraph (A) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule shall have no effect on discovery proceedings under FRBP 2004, 7026 or 7028-7037.

(B) *Failure to Provide Payment Advices or Other Evidence of Payment*: Upon certification by the trustee that the debtor failed to provide the trustee with all payment advices or other evidence of payment, as required by LBR 1007-1(H), the Clerk shall issue a notice to show cause to the debtor and the debtor’s attorney why the case should not be dismissed.

Comments

4002-1 This rule is new. It is derived from former Interim Procedure 4002-1. [New Rule effective 12/01/09.]

4002-1 A technical change has been made at subparagraph (A)(2)(c). A caption has been added to subparagraph (A)(2)(d). Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes Effective 12/01/09.]

4002-1 Paragraph (A)(1) is modified to accommodate a stylistic change whereby the term “rule” is deleted where it appears in the text. Other conforming changes are made to the text. Paragraph (B) is modified for the same reason. A technical change is made to the reference to LBR 1007-1—from paragraph (I) to paragraph (H), therein. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 4003-2 LIEN AVOIDANCE

All motions filed under FRBP 4003(d) are contested matters and are governed by 11 U.S.C. §522(f), FRBP 9014, and these Local Bankruptcy Rules. Except as provided in LBR 3015-2 governing Chapter 13 Plan Requirements, if no response to a motion for lien avoidance is filed within 21 days after service of the motion, relief may be granted without a hearing.

Comments

Revision required to conform with the changes to LBR 3015-2.

4003-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that take effect December 1, 2009. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 4008-1 REAFFIRMATION

(A) *Notice of Rights Under 11 U.S.C. §524(d)*: The Clerk shall, within 14 days after the discharge has been granted, give written notice to each discharged debtor of the debtor's rights under 11 U.S.C. §524(d).

(B) *Reaffirmation Agreements*: Any debtor or creditor seeking to reaffirm a debt of the kind specified in 11 U.S.C. §524(c) shall file with the Clerk a properly completed reaffirmation agreement on Director’s Form 2400A/B and Official Form 427, “**COVER SHEET FOR REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT.**” The form is available on the Court’s web site.

Comments

4001-1(B) The current LBR requires the debtor to file summary of re-

affirmation agreement. This change allows either the debtor or creditor to do so. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

4008-1(D) This new rule allows reaffirmation agreements to be one of the items that can be filed and docketed in a closed case.

4008-1 The amendments to LBR 4008-1(A) and (B) are derived from former Interim Procedure 4008-1. Paragraph (B) is repealed as no longer being necessary. Paragraph (D) is repealed in light of the recent amendment made to FRBP 4008(a) and 4004(c)(1)(J). [Amendments effective 12/01/09.]

4008-1 The new reaffirmation agreement cover sheet, effective December 1, 2009, has been added to paragraph (B). A time-computation adjustment has been made to paragraph (A) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

4008-1(B) Reference is made to the Director's Form 2400A/B ALT. New Official Form 427 is derived from Official Form B27. A stylistic change has been made to the new official form's title. The new form is reformatted with additional changes made as well. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

**RULE 4008-2 CHAPTER 13 DISCHARGE AND CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE;
DUTY OF DEBTOR TO COOPERATE WITH CHAPTER 13 TRUSTEE**

(A) *Certification of Compliance with 11 U.S.C. §1328*: The debtor(s) shall file the form of Debtor's(s') Certification of Compliance with 11 U.S.C. §1328 within 45 days of the mailing of the Notice to Debtor(s) and Creditors Concerning Issuance of Discharge. The failure to timely file this certification may result in the case being closed without the entry of a discharge order.

(B) *Debtor's Duty to Cooperate with Chapter 13 Trustee Upon Completion of Plan Payments*: Upon completion of chapter 13 plan payments the debtor shall comply within 14 days with any requirement of the chapter 13 trustee for information needed to provide the notices required by 11 U.S.C. §1302(d). Further, if the trustee determines that the debtor has failed to timely provide the trustee with such information, the trustee shall within 30 days of completion of the chapter 13 plan payments, file a certification of non-compliance wherein the Clerk shall issue a notice to show cause to the debtor and the debtor's attorney why sanctions, including dismissal of the case without granting a discharge, should not be imposed.

Comments

4008-2 This rule is new and is applicable in all Chapter 13 cases filed on or after October 17, 2005. [New Rule effective 10/15/07.]

4008-2 A time-computation adjustment has been made paragraph (B) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that take effect December 1, 2009. A stylistic change has been made to paragraph (A). [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

4008-2 Paragraph (C) is modified to accommodate a stylistic change whereby the term “order” is deleted where it appears in the text. Other conforming changes are made to the text. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 5005-1 FILING OF PETITIONS, PLEADINGS AND OTHER PAPERS

(A) *Filing in Proper Division*

(1) ***Petitions***: A petition seeking relief under the Bankruptcy Code shall be filed in the division in which the debtor’s domicile, residence, principal place of business or principal assets were located for the greater part of the 180 days immediately preceding the filing of the petition.

(2) ***All Other Documents***: All motions, pleadings, complaints and other documents relating to a bankruptcy case or proceeding shall be filed in the divisional office of the court in which the bankruptcy case is pending.

(B) ***Proponent to be Member of Bar***: Any attorney offering a petition, pleading or other document other than a request for notices under FRBP 2002(g), for filing on behalf of a client, must be a member in good standing of the bar of this Court.

(C) ***Requirements of Form***: All petitions, pleadings and other documents offered for filing shall meet the following requirements of form unless submitted as provided for by an electronic means established by the Court:

(1) ***Legibility***: Documents shall be plainly and legibly typewritten, printed or reproduced on one side of the paper only.

(2) ***Caption, Official Forms***: The caption and form shall be in substantial compliance with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, Official Forms and Local Bankruptcy Rules. Each document filed, except the petition, shall bear the debtor's name, the case number, chapter and adversary proceeding number, if applicable.

(3) ***Size, Margins, etc.***: Documents, including attachments and exhibits, shall be of standard weight and letter size (8 1/2 by 11 inches), photo-reduced if necessary, with a top margin of not less than 1 1/2 inches. All multi-page pleadings and documents shall be fastened into sets at the top.

(4) ***Signature Required***: All petitions, motions, pleadings and other documents shall be signed by counsel of record, or another attorney in the same firm, who shall have been admitted to practice before this Court. *Pro se* individuals shall sign on their own behalf. All documents submitted on behalf of corporations, other than proofs of claim, shall be signed by counsel.

(5) ***Identification of Attorney***: On the first page of each pleading or other document filed with the Court, the attorney filing the same shall be identified by name, State Bar number, complete mailing address, telephone number and the name of the party whom the attorney represents.

(6) **Filing of Faxed Petitions, Pleadings and other Documents:** Petitions, pleadings and other papers that have been transmitted by facsimile equipment may be filed with the Court except for the List of Creditors, which must be in the format specified by the Clerk as required under LBR 1007-1(H). Once filed, the faxed document constitutes the original and no other copy bearing an original signature should later be filed. All applicable filing requirements must be met, including the payment of any filing fee due.

(7) **Acknowledgment Copy:** To receive acknowledgment of filing of a petition, pleading or other document, an extra copy must be submitted. If the acknowledgment copy is to be returned by mail, a self-addressed, stamped envelope, large enough to accommodate the copy being returned, must be included with the filing. Failure to submit the additional copy and/or the stamped, self-addressed envelope will result in the acknowledgment copy not being returned.

(8) **Proof of Service:** Proof of service must be made by declaration of the person accomplishing the service. That declaration shall include the following information:

- (a) The day of service;
- (b) The specific persons and or entities served;
- (c) The method of service employed (e.g., personal, mail, substituted, etc.);
- (d) Identification of the documents served;
- (e) The exact address at which service was made; and
- (f) The capacity in which the person was served.

The full names and addresses should be listed for each person or entity served, *including* when service is made upon the list of the 20 largest unsecured creditors and insured depository institutions as required under FRBP 7004(h). Service copies shall contain a complete certificate of service, including names and addresses of parties served, if the number of persons and parties served is 25 or fewer. When service is made on more than 25 persons or parties, the certificate of service attached to the service copies need not contain the complete list of names and addresses, but may reference a service list attached to the original filed with the court.

(D) **Additional Requirements:** The following requirements are in addition to those set out in paragraphs (A) through (C) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule unless provided for by an electronic means established by the Court:

(1) **Voluntary Petitions:** Each petition filed must include an unsworn declaration with the signature of all debtors and must be verified by the signature of the debtor's attorney, if any. More than one entity cannot be listed as the debtor, except that husband and wife may file a joint petition. Each petition filed must be accompanied by:

- (a) a List of Creditors, in the form at specified by the Clerk, as required by LBR 1007-1(H);

(b) a verification by signature of the attorney for the debtor and an unsworn declaration with the signature of all debtors;

(c) if the debtor is a corporation, the petition must be signed by an attorney and be accompanied by a copy of the corporate resolution authorizing the filing as required by LBR 1074-1; and

(d) if a chapter 11 petition, the List of Creditors Holding 20 Largest Unsecured Claims, as required by LBR 1007-1(G).

(2) **Complaints:** Each complaint commencing an adversary proceeding must be accompanied by:

(a) the proper filing fee and

(b) a properly completed Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet as provided in LBR 7003-1, if counsel is permitted by the Court to file a complaint other than through the Case Management/Electronic Case Files System, or if the complaint is filed by a *pro se* litigant.

(3) **Motions for Relief from Stay:** Each motion for relief from stay must be accompanied by:

(a) the proper filing fee and

(b) proof of service indicating service of the motion upon the parties required to be served pursuant to LBR 4001(a)-1(F).

(4) **Claims:** Each proof of claim presented for filing must specify the name of the debtor and the applicable bankruptcy case number and must be properly signed by the claimant or the claimant's authorized agent.

(5) **Amendments:** Each amendment filed shall be accompanied by a properly completed Amendment Cover Sheet, as required by LBR 1009-1(A).

(6) **Chapter 13 Plan:** As required by LBR 3015-2, each Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions presented for filing shall be accompanied by a properly completed proof of service.

(E) **Notice of Deficient Filing:** The Clerk shall review each filing for compliance with the requirements of these Local Bankruptcy Rules. Those pleadings or other documents not meeting the requirements of these Local Bankruptcy Rules will receive a Notice of Deficient Filing allowing for 14 days to correct the deficiency or to file a request for a hearing on the matter. Failure to cure the deficiency, or to request a hearing within the time allowed, may result in the pleading or other document being stricken without further notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of a petition or a notice of voluntary conversion, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (1) cure the deficiency within 14 days of the mailing or delivery of such notice; or (2) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

(F) **Rejection of Petitions, Pleadings and Other Papers:** [Repealed]

(G) *Judicial Conference Policy Regarding Public Access to Electronic Case Files:* [Repealed]

Comments

Paragraph (C)(4) is amended to clarify who may sign pleadings on behalf of counsel of record. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

Paragraph (C)(6) is new. Although the court does not accept fax filings directly to its own fax machines, it will, with the adoption of this local bankruptcy rule, accept for filing papers that originated from a fax machine. Since the faxed petition, pleading or other paper constitutes an original, no other "original" should later be filed. Papers intended for filing with the court could be sent to a fax machine at the court's onsite copy service, some other copy or courier service, a law firm, or other third party. As before, the actual filing takes place when the paper is received by the Clerk's Office. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

5005-1(C) Changes have been made to allow for the filing of documents by electronic means provided under FRBP 5005(a)(2). For more detail on how this has been implemented on a pilot basis in the Alexandria Division see the "Order Adopting Electronic Case Filing Procedures" attached as Exhibit 3 and the "Administrative Procedures for Electronically Filed Cases" attached as Exhibit 4. It is planned that the ability to file electronically will expand to the other divisions during 1999.

5005-1(C)(3) Additional language noting the requirement that certain filings be pre-punched with two holes at the top as prescribed by the Judicial Conference. Sufficient top margin should be allowed so that neither the caption nor text is destroyed or obscured.

5005-1(C)(6) This revision is due to the problems encountered while trying to scan a faxed list of creditors and the addition of LBR 1007-1(I) which requires the list to be filed on diskette. The Instructions for Preparing Lists of Creditors has been updated to reflect this change.

5005-1(C)(7) The purpose of this addition is to clearly set forth the need for an extra copy of the item filed as well as a self-addressed, stamped envelope in order for an acknowledgment copy to be sent.

5005-1(C)(8) This addition deals with the concern in bankruptcy cases involving the adequacy of notice. In many instances, the question of proper notice could not be determined by review of the movant's certificate of service. Instead of specifically naming the intended recipients of the pleading, the certificate of service often merely indicated that service was made upon "all parties in interest" or "all necessary parties." In addition, movants often did not attach a copy of the certificate of service to the service copies of the document. It is then impossible for the Court and other affected parties to determine who was served with the document in question.

5005-1(D) This is one of the changes made to allow for the filing of documents by electronic means provided under FRBP 5005(a)(2). For more detail on how this has been implemented on a pilot basis in the Alexandria Division see the “Order Adopting Electronic Case Filing Procedures” attached as Exhibit 3 and the “Administrative Procedures for Electronically Filed Cases” attached as Exhibit 4. It is planned that the ability to file electronically will expand to the other divisions during 1999.

5005-1(D)(4) Revision providing information on the number of copies required when a claim is filed.

5005-1(D)(6) Revision required to conform with the changes to LBR 3015-2.

5005-1(F) Addition based on a decision by the Judges to clearly state that filings not accompanied by the proper filing fee will be rejected by the Clerk’s Office.

5005-1(C)(8) The current LBR requires names and addresses in all circumstances with regard to the proof of service. While this is not a burden in small cases, it is in larger cases. Therefore, this change notes that if there are more than 25 names, service copies need only refer to the service list filed with the original. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

5005-1(G) This paragraph is new. It addresses the privacy policy promulgated by the Judicial Conference of the United States regarding public access to electronic case files. [New rule effective 01/01/04.]

5005-1(B) A stylistic change has been made to conform this rule provision. [Change effective 10/17/05.]

5005-1 Paragraph (F) is repealed in light of new LBR 1006-3. [Change effective 9/1/06.]

5005-1 The amendment to subparagraph (D)(1)(a)(ii) is technical in nature and clarifies the type of application referenced. [Change effective 9/1/06.]

5005-1 Subparagraphs (D)(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) are repealed.

Subparagraphs (D)(1)(d), (e), (g) and (h) are re-designated as subparagraphs (D)(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d), respectively. Sub-paragraphs (D)(3)(b) and (d) are repealed. Subparagraph (D) (1)(c) is re-designated as subparagraph (D)(1)(b). Paragraph (D)(7) is repealed. Paragraph (D)(4) is amended. Paragraph (G) is repealed. A technical change has been made at subparagraph (D)(2)(b). In addition, a time-computation adjustment has been made to paragraph (E) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes

effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Repeals and changes effective 12/01/09.]

5005-1(C)(6) Technical and stylistic changes are made to paragraph (C)(6) of the rule. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

5005-1(D)(2) This rule provision is amended to conform to the amendment made to LBR 7003-1. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

5005-1 Paragraph (E) of this rule provision is amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 5005-2 FILING OF PETITIONS, PLEADINGS AND OTHER PAPERS BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

(A) **Electronic Case Files Policy:** All petitions, motions, memoranda of law, or other pleadings, documents and papers filed with the Court shall be filed through the Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System except as otherwise provided for in the Court’s *Electronic Case Files Policy* (CM/ECF Policy), which shall be promulgated and revised as specified by the Clerk. The CM/ECF Policy governs if there is a conflict between that Policy and these Local Bankruptcy Rules as to the technicalities of electronic case filing.

(B) **Technical Failure:** A registered ECF User whose filing is made untimely as the result of a CM/ECF System technical failure, may seek appropriate relief from the Court as provided for in the CM/ECF Policy.

Comments

This rule mandates electronic case filings in the Court’s Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court’s Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. [New rule effective 3/17/08.]

5005-2 This rule is reorganized into two paragraphs, (A) and (B). Stylistic changes are made to paragraph (A). The text of paragraph (B) is new. That paragraph makes provision for the possibility that due to a CM/ECF System technical failure, access to that System by a registered ECF User may not be available for filing purposes. The Court’s CM/ECF Policy provides the procedure that a registered ECF User must follow should such a situation occur. [Changes and new provision effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 5010-1 REOPENING CASES

A party seeking to reopen a case for purposes not related to the debtor's discharge, shall file a motion with the Court and shall give 21 days’ notice to all parties in interest. The motion shall be served upon the United States trustee, the previously appointed trustee, and any party being

added, if any, as a creditor or party in interest in the case. The motion shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee to reopen the case, a notice containing the hearing date as obtained from the Court and proof of service. The motion shall also state that any objections to the reopening of the case must be filed at least 7 days prior to the hearing.

Comments

The appropriate fee to reopen a case must be paid when the motion is filed. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

5010-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that take effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 5011-1 WITHDRAWAL OF REFERENCE

(A) ***Form of Request; Place for Filing:*** A request for withdrawal, in whole or in part, of the reference of a case or proceeding referred to the Bankruptcy Court, other than a *sua sponte* request by a bankruptcy judge, shall be by motion filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court. All such motions shall conform to LBR 9013-1 and shall be accompanied by the proper filing fee. In addition, all such motions shall clearly and conspicuously state that “RELIEF IS SOUGHT FROM A UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE.”

(B) ***Stay:*** The filing of a motion to withdraw the reference does not stay proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court. The procedures relating to stay shall be those set forth in FRBP 5011.

(C) ***Designation of Record:*** The moving party shall serve on all interested parties and file with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, together with the motion to withdraw the reference, a designation of those portions of the record of the case or proceeding in the Bankruptcy Court that the moving party believes will reasonably be necessary or pertinent to the District Court's consideration of the motion. Within 14 days after service of such designation of record, any other party may serve and file a designation of additional portions of the record. If the record designated by any party includes a transcript of any hearing or trial, or a part thereof, that party shall immediately after filing the designation, deliver to the court reporter and file with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court a written request for the transcript and make satisfactory arrangements or payment of its cost. All parties shall take any action necessary to enable the Clerk to assemble and transmit therecord.

(D) ***Responses to Motions to Withdraw the Reference; Reply:*** Opposing parties shall file with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, and serve on all parties to the matter for which withdrawal of the reference has been requested, their written responses to the motion to withdraw the reference, within 14 days after being served with a copy of the motion. The moving party may serve and file a reply within 14 days after service of a response.

(E) ***Transmittal to and Proceedings in District Court:*** When the record is complete for purposes of transmittal, but without awaiting the filing of any transcripts, the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court shall promptly transmit to the Clerk of the District Court the motion and the portions of the record designated. After the opening of a docket in the District Court, documents pertaining to the matter under review by the District Court shall be filed

with the Clerk of the District Court, but all documents relating to other matters in the bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding or contested matter shall continue to be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court.

Comments

While this does not get raised that often within the District, this addition clarifies where the motion should be filed and puts the responsibility on parties to designate the record to go to the U.S. District Court.

5011-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

**RULE 5073-1 PHOTOGRAPHY, RECORDING DEVICES,
AND BROADCASTING**

(A) *Photographs and Electronic Recordings*: Except with the express written permission of the Court, photography, electronic recording, videotaping and broadcasting are not permitted in the courtroom and its environs during the progress of or in connection with judicial proceedings, whether or not court is actually in session.

(B) *Definition of "Environs"*: "Environs," as used in this Local Bankruptcy Rule, shall include any floor on which any courtroom or hearing room is located, including all hallways, stairways, windows and elevators immediately adjacent to any such floor.

(C) *Exception*: With the written permission of the Court and of the party or parties to be photographed, pictures may be taken of any permanent occupant of any office within the environs aforesaid when court is not in session.

RULE 5077-1 TRANSCRIPTS

(A) *Certification of Record by Reporter*: [Repealed]

(B) *Copies of Transcripts Available to Public*: Subject to any applicable Judicial Conference policy limiting electronic access to transcripts, the Clerk shall provide copies of any filed transcript to the public upon request and the payment of prescribed copy fees, unless the Court orders that copies of the transcript not be made or that the transcript be sealed.

(C) *Use of Transcripts by Multiple Parties*: [Repealed]

(D) *Perfecting Record on Appeal*: [Repealed]

(E) *Payment for Transcripts*: The obligation to pay the reporter or transcriber for any and all transcripts shall be the joint and several personal obligation of the attorney and the party for whose benefit the transcript was obtained to the extent so ordered. Any charges for a transcript shall be payable upon the completion of the transcript or any segment thereof when a proper bill for same has been submitted by the reporter or transcriber.

(F) *Clerk’s Duty to Make Transcripts Remotely Available Electronically; Redaction:* [Repealed]

Comments

5077-1(C)-(D) The Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts has provided guidance to the courts on the statutory and policy requirements for copying official court transcripts of court proceedings filed with the clerk of court. Accordingly, paragraphs (C) and (D) of LBR 5077-1 are repealed. [Change effective 4/1/03.]

5007-1 Former Local Bankruptcy Rule 5077-1 is re-designated as Local Bankruptcy Rule 5007-1. Paragraph (A) is repealed. The first sentence of FRBP 5007(a) adequately addresses the requirement set forth in the deleted sentence and the second sentence is addressed by different means with the reporter. Paragraphs (B) through (E) remain unchanged. Paragraph (F) is new. This paragraph balances the promotion of remote electronic access by the public to transcripts filed with the Clerk with the need to protect personal privacy concerns and other legitimate interests. The procedure set forth therein provides a means by which personal data identifiers and other information may be redacted from a transcript before the transcript is made remotely available electronically to the public. [Re-designated Rule 5007-1, amended Paragraph (A) and new Paragraph (F) effective 1/15/07.]

5007-1 Former Local Bankruptcy Rule 5007-1 is re-designated as Local Bankruptcy Rule 5077-1. [Re-designated Rule 5077-1 effective 03/16/09.]

5007-1(B) Paragraph (B) is amended to conform to requirements established by the Judicial Conference that limit electronic access to transcripts. [Amendment effective 03/16/09.]

5007-1(E) Paragraph (E) is amended to include the obligation to pay a transcriber for an ordered transcript. [Amendment effective 03/16/09.]

5007-1(F) Paragraph (F) is repealed and a standing order has been entered in view of a new policy of the Judicial Conference of the United States to make electronic transcripts of court proceedings available to the public. [Change effective 03/16/09.]

RULE 6004-1 SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY

All motions or complaints for sale of real property or any interest therein shall contain the legal description of said real property sufficient to effect a proper conveyance thereof. Orders approving the sale of property of the estate or any interest therein shall comply with LBR 9022-1(D).

Comments

6004-1 The cross-reference to LBR 9022-1(D) has been added to remind the practitioner of the requirement that orders approving the sale of real estate or any interest therein, like all orders, must stand alone without reference to external documents, e.g., the order

RULE 6004-3 SALE OR REFINANCE OF PROPERTY BY CHAPTER 13 DEBTOR AFTER CONFIRMATION should not purport to approve the sale of the real estate or any interest therein “in accordance with the terms of the contract attached to the motion” but should state the essential terms of the sale, e.g., “to John and Joanna Doe for the price of \$173,000.” [Change effective 3/1/01.]

RULE 6004-2 USE, SALE OR LEASE OF PROPERTY

(A) **Notice:** Notice of a proposed use, sale or lease of property other than in the ordinary course of business, shall be given by the proponent of the notice, and the original notice and proof of service shall be filed with the Court. The notice shall comply with FRBP 2002(a)(2) and FRBP 2002(c)(1).

(B) **Objection to Proposed Use, Sale or Lease:** An objection to a proposed use, sale or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, shall be filed with the Court and served upon the proponent of the action not less than 7 days before the date set for the proposed action. The party objecting shall obtain from the Court a hearing date on the objection and shall serve a notice of hearing. Proof of service shall be filed with the objection and notice.

(C) **Sale of Property When Value of Estate Does Not Exceed \$2,500:** The trustee or debtor in possession may give general notice of intent to sell property when all of the non-exempt property of the estate has an aggregate gross value of less than \$2,500. Such notice may be given at the meeting of creditors, and the Clerk is to provide notice in the meeting of creditors notice that this procedure may be followed. An objection to such sale must be filed by a party in interest and served upon the proponent of the sale not later than 14 days after the meeting of creditors. The party objecting shall obtain from the Court a hearing date on the objection and shall serve a notice of hearing. Proof of service shall be filed with the objection and notice.

(D) **Report of Sale:** The trustee or debtor in possession shall file with the Court a report of any sale of estate property outside the ordinary course of business. The report shall be filed within 30 days’ after the sale with service on the United States trustee.

Comments

6004-2 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 6004-3 SALE OR REFINANCE OF PROPERTY BY CHAPTER 13 DEBTOR AFTER CONFIRMATION

(A) A debtor seeking approval for the sale or refinance of real property following confirmation of a plan that reverts such property in the debtor shall provide the chapter 13 trustee and all creditors and parties in interest at least 21 days’ notice of the motion seeking such approval unless the notice period has been shortened by the Court for cause shown.

(B) In addition to setting forth the information required by FRBP 2002(c)(1), the notice shall state:

RULE 6004-4 MORTGAGE LOAN MODIFICATION BY CHAPTER 13 DEBTOR AFTER CONFIRMATION

(1) the total proposed sale price or maximum amount to be secured by the refinancing, as the case may be, and, in the case of refinancing, the amount of existing secured debt to be paid thereby;

(2) the amount of the sale or loan proceeds to be applied to the debtor's obligations under the confirmed plan;

(3) whether such payment will result in full payment of all allowed claims; and

(4) if all allowed claims will not be paid in full, the amount of the sale or loan proceeds that will be paid to the debtor.

(C) If no objection is filed within the objection period, the court, in its discretion, may enter an order endorsed by the chapter 13 trustee approving the sale or refinance without holding a hearing.

Comments

6004-3 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the Rule. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

**RULE 6004-4 MORTGAGE LOAN MODIFICATION BY CHAPTER 13 DEBTOR
AFTER CONFIRMATION**

(A) Unless provided in a Consent Order resolving a Motion for Relief from Stay, a debtor(s) seeking approval for the modification of a mortgage on real property following confirmation of a plan that reverts such property in the debtor(s) shall provide the chapter 13 trustee and any creditor who has filed a request for all notices in the case at least 21 days' notice of the motion seeking such approval unless the notice period has been shortened by the Court for cause shown.

(B) The notice shall state:

(1) All terms of the modification including the term, principal, interest rate and any future payment changes or balloon payments that will occur during the term of the chapter 13 plan;

(2) The current mortgage payment and the new payment after the loan modification;

(3) If the modification results in a higher monthly payment, the source of the funds to be used to make that payment; and

(4) If the modification results in a lower monthly payment, whether the debtor intends to increase the amount of his plan payment.

(C) If no objection is filed within the objection period, the court, in its discretion, may enter an order endorsed by the chapter 13 trustee approving the loan modification.

Comments

6004-4 This rule is new and provides a procedure, including the manner in which notice shall be given and the contents of the notice, for a chapter 13 debtor to request court approval to modify a real property mortgage loan following confirmation of the debtor’s Plan. [New Rule effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 6007-1 ABANDONMENT

(A) **Notice of Abandonment:** The Clerk shall give notice in the meeting of creditors notice that the trustee may, at the meeting of creditors, give notice of intention to abandon property of the estate that is burdensome or of inconsequential value to the estate. The Clerk shall give notice that parties in interest who object to such abandonment may state their oral objections at the meeting of creditors, obtain a hearing date from the Court, transmit notice of a hearing on their objection and file such notice with proof of service with the Court, within 14 days after the meeting of creditors.

(B) **Order of Court Directing Abandonment:** Any party in interest requesting the Court to order the trustee to abandon any property of the estate shall obtain a hearing date from the Court, transmit copies of the motion and notice containing the hearing date to all parties in interest and the United States trustee and file with the Clerk the motion, notice and proof of service.

(C) **Order of Court Approval of Abandonment:** Orders for approval of abandonment of property of the estate shall comply with LBR 9022-1(D).

Comments

6007-1(C) This new provision conforms to the amendment to LBR 9022-1(D). [Change effective 3/1/01.]

6007-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph (A) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

6007-1(B) The requirement that the United States trustee be served with a request for abandonment has been added to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that is due to take effect December 1, 2019. [Change effective 12/01/19.]

RULE 6008-1 REDEMPTION

A party seeking redemption of property from a lien or sale shall request from the Court a hearing date, transmit the motion and notice of hearing to all parties in interest, and file the motion, notice and proof of service with the Clerk. Provided, however, that if the redemption is uncontested the Court may direct that no hearing be held.

Comments

Change to note that the Court may direct that no hearing is required if the initial request is uncontested.

RULE 7003-1 ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHEET

At the time of filing an adversary proceeding, counsel permitted by the Court to file a complaint other than through the Case Management/Electronic Case Files System or a *pro se* litigant, shall file with the complaint a properly completed adversary proceeding cover sheet in substantial compliance with the applicable form promulgated by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts. The Clerk is directed to provide such forms to the public upon request.

Comments

7003-1 The reference to the adversary proceeding cover sheet form number has been deleted should the form reference change. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

7003-1 This rule is amended to limit the filing of an adversary proceeding cover sheet to those counsel-filed complaints where the Court permits counsel to so file in a format other than through the Case Management/Electronic Case Files System, as governed by the Clerk’s Case Management/Electronic Case Files Policy Statement, CM/ECF Policy 1(C) **Waiver**. *Pro se* litigants will continue to file the requisite adversary proceeding cover sheet in paper format. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 7004-2 SUMMONS

(A) **Issuance**: The Clerk shall issue to the plaintiff for service a summons for each party as identified by the plaintiff.

(B) **Time Limit for Service**: If a summons is not timely delivered or mailed within 7 days following issuance of the summons, the party responsible for the original service shall bear the responsibility for issuance of further process.

Comments

7004-2 A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph (B) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

7004-2 A time computation adjustment, from 14 to 7 days, has been made at paragraph (B) to conform to a revision made to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7004(e) that takes effect December 1, 2014. [Change effective 12/01/14.]

7004-2 This rule change deletes the requirement that the adversary proceeding cover sheet be used for the purpose of listing the parties to receive a summons. [Change effective 12/1/15].

RULE 7007-1 FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

(A) **Required Disclosure**: [Repealed]

(B) **Time for Filing**: [Repealed]

(C) *Statement Delivered to Judge*: [Repealed]

Comments

The Committee on Codes of Conduct of the Judicial Conference of the United States is undertaking to develop a national rule requiring parties in district and bankruptcy courts to disclose their corporate parents. Pending completion of a national rule that addresses this issue, LBR 7007-1 has been promulgated for the purpose of establishing the required interim financial disclosure. The statement referenced in LBR 7007-1, Financial Interest Disclosure Statement form, is attached as new Exhibit 6. [New Rule effective 3/1/01.]

7007-1 This rule was promulgated as an interim measure pending creation of FRBP 7007.1, which governs the filing of financial disclosure statements. Accordingly, with the exception of the number of statement copies to be filed using the form attached as Exhibit 6, this rule no longer is needed. [Change effective 12/1/03.]

7007-1 The remainder of the rule is repealed in light of Local Bankruptcy Rule 5005-2, which mandates electronic case filings in the Court’s Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court’s Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. [Repeal effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 7013-1 COUNTERCLAIMS [Repealed]

Comments

7013-1 This rule is repealed upon a finding that it is no longer needed. [Repeal effective 10/17/05.]

RULE 7016-1 PRETRIAL PROCEDURES

(A) *In Default Cases*: Where the defendant is in default and there has been no appearance on the defendant's behalf, the procedure outlined herein shall not be applicable, but the Court may direct the party not in default to appear for the purpose of noting a default, the entry of a default judgment and for scheduling a date for trial on the issue of damages if required by law. If the party not in default fails to take action to prosecute its claim after reasonable notice to appear or take such action, the Court may dismiss the proceeding for failure to prosecute.

(B) *In All Other Cases*: In all other adversary proceedings, as promptly as possible after suit has been filed, the Court may schedule an initial pretrial conference at which trial counsel shall be present. At such pretrial conference, the Court may issue an order fixing dates for:

- (1) the amendment of pleadings and joinder of additional parties;
- (2) the completion of discovery;
- (3) the filing and hearing of motions; and
- (4) a final pretrial conference and/or trial.

(C) ***Optional Items in Scheduling Order***: The Court may include in such order, or any supplemental order, such other provisions as are appropriate to assist in expediting the trial or other disposition of the case and may specify the requirements of any final pretrial conference order, which shall be presented to the Judge for entry at the time of the final pretrial conference. While the primary obligation of preparing the final pretrial conference order rests upon counsel for plaintiff, all counsel are requested to meet at least 7 days in advance of the conference with the Court in order to discuss and prepare such order, and the Court may require such meeting of counsel by its order.

(D) ***Continuance of Dates Set in Scheduling Order***: The parties and their counsel are bound by the dates specified in said order and no extensions or continuances thereof shall be granted in the absence of a showing of good cause. Mere failure on the part of counsel to proceed promptly with the normal processes of discovery shall not constitute good cause for an extension or continuance.

Comments

7016-1 Stylistic changes have been made in the text of the Rule.

[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 7026-1 DISCOVERY

(A) ***Objections to be in Writing***: All objections to interrogatories, depositions, requests or applications under FRBP 7026 through FRBP 7037, as well as all motions and replies thereto concerning discovery matters, shall be in writing. If time does not permit the filing of a written motion, the Court may waive this requirement.

(B) ***Objections to Discovery Process***: An objection to any interrogatory, deposition, request or application under FRBP 7026 through FRBP 7037, shall be served within 14 days after service of the interrogatory, deposition, request or application, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Any such objection shall be specific and the reasons for the objection shall be stated. Any such objection shall not extend the time within which the objecting party must otherwise answer or respond to any discovery matter not specifically objected to.

(C) ***Motions to Compel***: After a discovery request is objected to or not timely complied with, and if not otherwise resolved, it is the responsibility of the party initiating discovery to place the matter before the Court by a proper motion pursuant to FRBP 7037, to compel an answer, production, designation or inspection. Such motion must be accompanied by a memorandum as required by LBR 9013-1(G).

(D) ***Other Discovery Motions***: A motion for a protective order pursuant to FRBP 7026 or a motion for an order compelling disclosure or discovery pursuant to FRBP 7037, or a motion to compel physical or mental examination pursuant to FRBP 7035, shall be accompanied by a memorandum as required by LBR 9013-1(G).

(E) ***Replies to Discovery Motions***: Replies to discovery motions mentioned in paragraphs (C), (D) and (I) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule shall be filed within 14 days after service of the motion and memorandum unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Responses, if any, to all other discovery motions also shall be filed within 14 days.

(F) ***Compliance with Discovery Orders***: After the Court has ruled on a discovery motion, any

answer, production, designation, inspection or examination required by the Court shall be completed within 14 days after the entry of the order of the Court, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

(G) ***Failure to Comply with Order:*** Should a party fail to comply with an order of the Court concerning discovery motions, it is the responsibility of the party objecting to such failure to comply to place the matter before the Court by a proper motion for supplementary relief pursuant to FRBP 7037. Such motion must be accompanied by a written memorandum as required by LBR 9013-1(G).

(H) ***Consultation Among Counsel:*** Counsel are encouraged to participate in pretrial discovery conferences in order to decrease, in every way possible, the filing of unnecessary discovery motions. No motion concerning discovery matters may be filed until counsel shall have explored with opposing counsel the possibility of resolving the discovery matters in controversy. The Court will not consider any motion concerning discovery matters unless the motion is accompanied by a statement of counsel that a good-faith effort has been made between counsel to resolve the discovery matters at issue.

(I) ***Extensions:*** Depending upon the facts of the particular case, the Court in its discretion may, upon appropriate written motion by a party, allow an extension of time in excess of the time provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, these Local Bankruptcy Rules, or previous court order, within which to respond to or complete discovery or to reply to discovery motions. Any agreement between counsel relating to any extension of time is of no force or effect; only the Court, after appropriate motion directed thereto, may grant an extension of time. Unless otherwise specifically provided, such extension will be upon the specific condition that, regardless of what may be divulged by such discovery, it will not in any manner alter the schedule of dates and procedure previously adopted by the Court in the particular case.

(J) ***Sanctions:*** Should any party or the party's attorney fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, or otherwise fail or refuse to meet and confer in good faith in an effort to narrow the areas of disagreement concerning discovery, sanctions provided by FRBP 7037 may be imposed.

(K) ***Applicability to Contested Matters:*** See LBR 9014-1.

(L) ***Expert Disclosure***

(1) ***Agreement upon Disclosure:*** Counsel are encouraged to agree upon the sequence and timing of the expert disclosures required by FRBP 7026. All such agreements must be in the form of a consent order entered by the Court.

(2) ***Timing of Mandatory Disclosure:*** Absent such a consent order, or unless otherwise ordered, the disclosures required by FRBP 7026 shall be made as follows:

(a) ***Adversary Proceedings:*** In adversary proceedings, the disclosures required by FRBP 7026 shall first be made by the plaintiff not later than 60 days before the date set for completion of discovery; then by the defendant 30 days before the date set for completion of discovery. Within 14 days after defendant's disclosure, plaintiff shall disclose any evidence that is solely contradictory or rebuttal evidence to the

defendant's disclosure.

(b) ***Contested Matters Except Relief from Stay***: LBR 9014-1 generally excludes the application of FRBP 7026 in contested matters. Pursuant to LBR 9014-1, however, exceptions to this general rule may be made on order of the Court. When so ordered, the disclosures required by FRBP 7026 shall be made by the movant or applicant, as the case may be, within 30 days prior to the hearing date; then by the respondent or objecting party, on the later of 14 days after the movant or applicant presents the required disclosures, or on the date that a response to the motion or application is due.

(c) ***Relief from Stay***: LBR 9014-1 generally excludes the application of FRBP 7026 in relief from stay matters. Pursuant to LBR 9014-1, however, exceptions to this general rule may be made on order of the Court. When so ordered, the disclosures required by FRBP 7026 shall be made by the parties within 14 days prior to the date set for final hearing on the motion. The parties shall disclose 7 days after disclosure any evidence that is solely contradictory or rebuttal evidence to each other's disclosure.

(3) ***Failure to Comply***: Any party who fails to comply with these mandatory disclosure requirements may, at the court's discretion, be prohibited from using the undisclosed expert testimony at trial.

(4) ***General Provisions***: For purposes of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, counterclaim-plaintiffs, cross-plaintiffs and third-party plaintiffs shall be plaintiffs as to all elements of the counterclaim, cross-claim and third-party claim. Answers to interrogatories directed at clarification of the written reports of expert witnesses disclosed pursuant to FRBP 7026 shall be due 14 days after service, unless otherwise ordered.

(M) ***Filing With Court***: Unless otherwise permitted by the Court, on its own initiative or for good cause shown by motion, discovery materials, depositions upon oral examination and upon written questions, interrogatories, requests for documents, requests for admission and answers and responses or objections to such discovery requests shall not be filed with the pleadings or papers in any case or proceeding. When specific discovery material appropriately may support or oppose a motion, the specific discovery material in question shall be appended as an exhibit to the motion, or in response thereto, without having been previously filed. Discovery material otherwise permitted to be used at trial may be properly so used, if otherwise admissible, without having been previously filed.

Comments

The purpose of this change is to resolve the apparent conflict between 7026-1(D) and 7026-1(P) by noting that the objection is to be served rather than filed within fifteen days after the initial discovery request. If approved, it would bring the rule into compliance with the corresponding local rule for the U.S. District Court.

Paragraph (O) is new and incorporates herein the same rule as in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. [Changes effective 1/1/97.]

The original language of Paragraphs (A), (B) and (N) opting out of certain provisions of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure have been eliminated since such opt out no longer is permitted under the national rules. Rules 26(a)(1), (3) and (4), (b)(1)-(2), (d) and (f), 5(d), 30(d) and 37(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure were amended effective December 1, 2000. Original Paragraphs (A) and (B) have been repealed. Original Paragraphs (C) through (K) have been redesignated Paragraphs (A) through (I). Original Paragraph (L), (dealing with unnecessary discovery motions or objections) which was repealed effective February 1, 2000, has been eliminated. Original Paragraphs (M) through (P) have been redesignated Paragraphs (J) through (M). The heading and text to original Paragraph (N) (dealing with opt-out provisions) have been eliminated and a new Paragraph (K), which references new LBR 9014-1, has been substituted to conform to F.R.Civ.P. 26. [Changes effective 12/1/00.]

7026-1(L) This paragraph is repealed since it was felt that the paragraph no longer is needed. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

7026-1(L)(2)(b) Under the current rule provision, the respondent or objecting party may not have had an affirmative duty to make the required disclosures if the movant or applicant did not make any such disclosures. The amended rule provision makes clear that the expert disclosure requirement of a respondent or objecting party is independent of the requirement imposed on a movant or applicant. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

7026-1(L)(2)(b) and (c) These changes result from an amendment to LBR 9014-1, which added FRBP 7026(a)(2) to those subdivisions of Rule 7026 that are excluded generally from application in contested matters and in relief from stay matters. [Change effective 7/1/02.]

7026-1 Time-computation adjustments have been made, as needed, to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that take effect December 1, 2009. A technical change has been made at paragraph (E). Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 7030-1 DEPOSITIONS

(A) *Deposition of Party:* Any party or representative (officer, director or managing agent) of a party filing an adversary proceeding in the proper division of this Court ordinarily may be required to submit to a discovery deposition at a place designated within the division. Exceptions to this general rule may be made on order of the Court when the party, or representative of a party, is of such age or physical condition, or special circumstances exist, as reasonably may interfere with the orderly taking of a deposition at a place within the division. A defendant, who becomes a counter-claimant, cross-claimant or third-party plaintiff, shall be considered as having filed an action in this Court for the purpose of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

This subdivision shall not apply to an involuntary plaintiff or an interpleader plaintiff.

(B) ***Recording and Transcribing of Discovery Deposition:*** The expense of recording a deposition shall be paid by the party seeking to take same. The expense of transcribing the deposition shall be paid by any party ordering the preparation of the original. Any other party desiring a copy of said deposition shall pay for same at the copy rate. Parties may, by agreement, equally share the costs of attendance and transcribing, including such copies as desired. The costs of the original transcript shall be included in the taxable costs, but only if the prevailing party has made use of the deposition during the trial, unless the parties otherwise agree.

(C) ***Attorneys' Fees:*** Unless the services of associate counsel are retained in lieu of travel expense, it is not the policy of the Court to make an allowance of counsel fees in attending any deposition, except to the extent provided by statute and otherwise in this Local Bankruptcy Rule, but the Court reserves the right to make a reasonable allowance where the circumstances of the case may justify the same.

(D) ***Travel Expense:*** As provided in this Local Bankruptcy Rule, the "costs of travel" shall consist of the actual cost of travel by air or other public transportation, or an allowance for travel by private automobile at mileage rates as set forth in 28 U.S.C. §1821, whichever means of transportation is actually used, including the cost of transportation from the office or residence to the terminal of the public transportation and from the destination terminal to the place of the taking of the deposition and/or overnight accommodations, if deemed necessary, and return. The Court may, in its discretion, make an appropriate allowance for food and lodging. The "costs of travel" as herein defined shall apply to any witness other than a party, or representative of a party, required to attend the taking of a deposition. As to any witness attending a trial or hearing pursuant to FRCP 45(b)(1) the expense of such costs of travel shall be taxed as costs if said witness testifies or if it is reasonably necessary for the witness to appear, but said costs of travel shall be limited to what would have been expended if said witness resided 100 miles or more from the place of the trial or hearing, together with such reasonable allowance, if required for the purpose of the witness testifying, for overnight accommodations and food. If the witness resides within 100 miles of the place of trial or hearing, the costs of travel shall be limited to the mileage and attendance fees as provided by law.

(E) ***Reviewing Depositions Prior to Jury Trials:*** Whenever depositions are expected to be presented in evidence, counsel shall, prior to the final pretrial conference or, if same are not then available, prior to the day of jury trial, review such depositions and:

- (1) extract therefrom a short statement of the qualifications of any expert witness to be read to the jury;
- (2) eliminate unnecessary and/or irrelevant matters; and
- (3) eliminate all objections and statements of counsel to avoid reading same to a jury. In

the event counsel are unable to agree on what shall be eliminated, they shall submit same to the Court for a ruling thereon before the date of trial. Failure to do so will constitute a waiver of objections.

(F) ***Summaries of Depositions:*** [Repealed]

(G) ***Reasonable Notice:*** As a general rule, 7 days in advance of the contemplated taking of a

deposition shall constitute reasonable notice of the taking of a deposition in the continental United States, but this will vary according to the complexity of the contemplated testimony and the urgency of taking the deposition of a party or witness at a particular time and place.

Comments

7030-1 This rule was changed from 7027-1 to 7030-1; FRBP 7027 refers to depositions taken before the filing of an adversary proceeding in order to preserve the testimony; rule 7030 is the general rule concerning depositions. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

Rule 7030-1 A Technical modification referencing FRCP 45 is made in the text to Paragraph (D) of the rule. [Change effective 3/17/08.]

Rule 7030-1(F) is repealed as no longer being needed. [Change effective 3/17/08.]

7030-1 A technical change has been made in the second paragraph to paragraph (D). A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph (G) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009.

Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 7041-1 DISMISSAL OF ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS

At least 14 days’ written notice of a hearing on the proposed voluntary dismissal of a complaint (or count within a complaint) objecting to the debtor’s discharge shall be given to the United States trustee, the trustee, any creditor or party in interest who has filed a request for notices, and, in an individual chapter 11 case, the members of the creditors’ committee, or, if no creditors committee has been appointed, the creditors on the list of 20 largest unsecured creditors. The notice shall fully and clearly state any consideration paid or promised to be paid by the debtor to the plaintiff in connection with such dismissal. Whether an actual hearing will be required if no objections are filed is within the discretion of the judge.

Comments

7041-1 FRBP 7041 provides that “a complaint objecting to the debtor’s discharge shall not be dismissed at the plaintiff’s instance without notice to the trustee, the United States trustee, *and such other persons as the court may direct....*” This leads to something of a cumbersome situation where a plaintiff does seek to dismiss such a complaint (or count within a complaint). Literally, it seems that the plaintiff would first have to advise the court of such intent and obtain an order directing to whom the notice should be given, then appear again to have the actual order of dismissal considered and entered. This new rule is intended to clarify matters as to who had to be given notice. [New rule effective 2/1/00.]

7041-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph

RULE 7054-1 COSTS

(A) **Taxation Generally:** Costs shall be taxed as provided by law in all actions in this Court and, if not otherwise provided by law, in accordance with these Local Bankruptcy Rules.

(B) **Payment in Advance:** All fees and costs due the Clerk in adversary proceedings shall be paid in advance except:

- (1) in actions brought on behalf of seamen;
- (2) where a party has been authorized to proceed *in forma pauperis*; or
- (3) where a party is otherwise exempt by law, such as the debtor (other than a debtor in possession) in a chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 case, the United States, or in a proceeding where the United States trustee, acting as trustee, or a trustee in a case under title 11 is the plaintiff, the filing fee shall be payable only from the estate and to the extent there are funds in the estate.

(C) **RESERVED**

(D) **Bonds and Security for Costs:** No bond or security for costs shall be required of parties instituting adversary proceedings, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

(E) **Clerk to Tax:** The Clerk may tax costs in an adversary proceeding as provided by FRBP 7054(b).

Comments

7054-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the Rule.
[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 7055-1 ENTRY OF DEFAULT AND ENTRY OF JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT

(A) **Entering a Default by the Clerk:** To have the Clerk enter a default pursuant to FRCP 55, as incorporated by FRBP 7055 and FRBP 9014, in an adversary proceeding or a contested matter, the party seeking default shall file with the Clerk a motion for entry of default accompanied by an Affidavit of Default or a declaration signed under penalty of perjury or a certification by counsel setting forth the facts related to the party or parties in default. These facts must include:

- (1) The name of the party against whom default is sought.
- (2) A statement as to the date of issuance of the summons and the date and manner of service of the summons and complaint or motion.
- (3) The date of filing of the certificate of service of the summons and complaint or motion upon the party.

(4) A statement that no answer or motion has been filed within the time limit fixed by FRBP 7012(a) or the Court.

(5) A statement that the party is or is not in military service or that the movant is unable to determine the party's military status, pursuant to the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003, 50 U.S.C. Appendix §§501-596. (If the party is in the military, or may be, the party is afforded certain protections as set forth at 50 U.S.C. Appendix §521.)

(6) A statement that the party is not a minor or an incompetent person or if the party is a minor or an incompetent person that such party is represented by a general guardian, conservator or other like fiduciary who has appeared.

In consultation with the Court, the Clerk shall review the motion, the affidavit, declaration or certification to determine whether proper service of the summons and complaint was made pursuant to FRCP 4, as incorporated by reference in FRBP 7004(a), and whether the time to answer or file a motion has passed. If the affidavit, declaration or certification is in proper order, the Clerk will proceed to enter a default. Pursuant to FRCP 55(a), the party seeking default must request entry of default prior to moving for default judgment. Consistent with FRCP 9013 and LBR 9013-1(A), service by the movant of the motion on the party against whom default is sought must be effected in the manner set forth in FRBP 7004, which shall be reviewed by the Clerk, in consultation with the Court.

(B) *Motion for Entry of Default Judgment*

(1) *Entry of a Default Judgment by the Clerk*

(a) A default judgment may be entered by the Clerk only if the movant's claim is for a sum certain or a sum that can be made certain by computation, unless the presiding judge determines that a report and recommendation to the District Court is more appropriate. A claim that includes attorney fees – whether set out in the operative document or statute as a fixed amount, a fixed percentage, reasonable or otherwise – is not a claim for a sum certain or a sum that can be made certain by computation. A default judgment on such a claim must be entered by the Court under LBR 7055-1(B)(2).

(b) After a default has been entered, as provided for in paragraph (A), the party seeking entry of a default judgment by the Clerk shall file a Motion for Entry of Default Judgment by the Clerk. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit, a declaration signed under penalty of perjury or certification by counsel setting forth the facts related to the party or parties in default. These facts must include:

(i) A statement that the party is or is not in military service or that the movant is unable to determine the party's military status, pursuant to the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003, 50 U.S.C. Appendix §§501-596. (If the party is in the military, or may be, the party is afforded certain protections as set forth at 50 U.S.C. Appendix §521.)

(ii) A statement that the party is not a minor or an incompetent person or

RULE 7055-1 ENTRY OF DEFAULT AND ENTRY OF JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT
if the party is a minor or an incompetent person that such party is represented by a general guardian, conservator or other like fiduciary who has appeared.

(iii) The date the Clerk entered the default on the record.

(iv) The amount of the judgment requested together with the grounds for that amount with particularity, including the exact computation made by the movant of the principal amount, interest and costs.

(c) The party seeking entry of a default judgment by the Clerk shall file with the Court and then serve a copy of the motion and the supporting affidavit, declaration or certification on the party in default or its representative and a notice that the Clerk may enter the requested judgment if no objection is filed within 14 days after service of the motion (plus any additional time required by FRBP 9006(a) and (f)). If a timely objection is filed, the party seeking entry of the default judgment will promptly set the matter for a hearing in accordance with the practices of the appropriate division. If no timely objection is filed, in consultation with the Court, the Clerk shall review the affidavit, declaration or certification to determine whether proper service of the summons and complaint was made pursuant to FRCP 4, as incorporated by reference in FRBP 7004(a), and whether the time to answer or file a motion has passed. If the affidavit, declaration or certification is in proper order, the Clerk will proceed to enter judgment as requested and computed by the movant. Pursuant to FRBP 55(a), the party seeking default judgment must request entry of default prior to moving for default judgment. Consistent with FRCP 9013 and LBR 9013-1(A), service by the movant of the motion on the party against whom default judgment is sought must be effected in the manner set forth in FRBP 7004, which shall be reviewed by the Clerk, in consultation with the Court.

(2) Entry of a Default Judgment by the Court

(a) In all other cases, a default judgment may only be entered by the Court, unless the presiding judge determines that a report and recommendation to the District Court is more appropriate.

(b) A party seeking entry of a default judgment by the Court shall file a motion for Entry of Default Judgment by the Court and shall set the matter for a hearing in accordance with the practices of the appropriate division. A party seeking entry of a default judgment shall also submit a proposed order as provided for by an electronic means established by the Court. The motion shall state whether the Court should conduct a hearing to determine the amount of damages, establish the truth of any allegation by evidence or investigate in any other manner and be accompanied by a verified affidavit or a declaration signed under penalty of perjury or certification by counsel setting forth the facts related to the party or parties in default. These facts must include:

(i) A statement that the party is or is not in military service or that the

movant is unable to determine the party’s military status, pursuant to the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003, 50 U.S.C. Appendix §§501-596. (If the party is in the military, or may be, the party is afforded certain protections as set forth at 50 U.S.C. Appendix §521.)

(ii) A statement that the party is not a minor or an incompetent person or if the party is a minor or an incompetent person that such party is represented by a general guardian, conservator, or other like fiduciary who has appeared.

(iii) The date of the issuance of the summons and the date and manner of service of the summons and complaint or motion.

(iv) If the Clerk noted default by entry on the record, the date that it was noted.

(v) If judgment is for a sum certain or a sum that can be made certain by computation, the grounds for that amount with particularity, including the exact computation of the principal amount, interest and costs.

(c) The party seeking entry of a default judgment by the Court shall file with the Court and serve a copy of the motion and the supporting affidavit, declaration, or certification on the party in default or its representative and a notice of a hearing on the motion which will be on at least 14 days’ notice except as otherwise provided for in FRCP 55(b)(2). Consistent with FRCP 9013 and LBR 9013-1(A), service by the movant of the motion on the party against whom default judgment is sought must be effected in the manner set forth in FRBP 7004.

Comments

7055-1 This rule is new and provides a procedure for: (1) the Clerk of Court to enter a default in either an adversary proceeding or a contested matter; and (2) if specified conditions are met, entry of a default judgment by the Clerk of Court or, in all other cases, entry of default judgment by the Court, unless, as set forth in paragraphs (B)(1)(a) and (B)(2)(a), “the presiding judge determines that a report and recommendation to the District Court is more appropriate.” [New Rule effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 7056-1 SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Motions for summary judgment are governed by LBR 9013-1. Where the non-moving party is *pro se*, the notice of hearing on the motion shall comply with LBR 9013-1(M)(3).

Comments

LBR 7056-1 is new and provides a cross-reference to LBR 9013-1 (M)(3), which also is new. [New Rule effective 3/1/01.]

RULE 7067-1 DEPOSIT AND DISBURSEMENT OF COURT REGISTRY FUNDS

(A) **Order Required:** The Clerk shall deposit into the registry of the Court any sum so directed by order.

(B) **District Registry Procedure and Form of Order:** The order proponent shall follow the District Registry Procedure. In addition to an appropriate caption and attorney identification, a proposed Order Directing Deposit shall include the following elements:

- (1) the name, address and telephone number of the person or other entity paying the money into the registry of the Court;
- (2) the name and address of the person or other entity for whom the money is being held; and
- (3) the sum of money and date to be paid into the Court.

(C) **Order of Deposit:** An order satisfying the requirements of this Local Bankruptcy Rule is available on the Court's website.

(D) **Deposit:** The Clerk shall deposit the funds in accordance with the procedures and guidelines set out by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

(E) **Provision for Payment:** In addition to an appropriate caption and attorney identification, a proposed Order Directing Disbursement shall include the following elements:

- (1) the sum of money to be paid to the person or other entity receiving the money, and
- (2) the name and address of the person or other entity receiving the money.

(F) **Order Directing Disbursement:** An order satisfying the requirements of this Local Bankruptcy Rule is available on the Court's website.

Comments

7067-1 Paragraph (B) and subparagraph (B)(2) are amended to bring the rule in line with the Judicial Conference policy on privacy and public access to electronic case files and with conforming amendments to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. The District Registry Procedure makes provision for any required submission of the order proponent's social security number. [Change effective 12/1/03.]

7067-1 Paragraph (B) amends the elements of the Order Directing Deposit. Paragraph (C) is amended to advise that the order is available on the Court's website (at "Bankruptcy Forms"). Paragraphs (D) and (E) are new. Paragraph (F) is new. The form referenced at (F) also is available on the Court's website (at "Bankruptcy Forms"). [Change effective 9/1/06.]

7067-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the Rule. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

7067-1 Paragraph (D) is amended to remove the requirement that Registry funds be deposited by the Clerk in an interest bearing account and further is amended to add that the deposit of such funds shall be in “accordance with the procedures and guidelines set out by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.” Paragraph (E)(1) is amended to remove the reference to interest accrued on any such sum of money along with the reference to the Judicial Conference of the United States’ authorized Court’s fee. [Changes effective 09/03/13.]

RULE 8007-1 APPEAL BOND

(A) ***Exemption From Appeal Bond:*** The Commonwealth of Virginia, or any political subdivision or any office or agent thereof, shall not be required, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, to post a bond or other undertaking which includes security for the payment of costs on appeal.

(B) ***Failure to Post Appeal Bond:*** In any case in which a monetary judgment is entered, and in such other cases as the Court may order, any party desiring to appeal from the adverse effect of such judgment shall be required, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, to post a bond or other security sufficient to respond to the judgment of the Court in the event of affirmance on appeal. In the event of failure to give such bond or other security, the prevailing party may enforce such judgment as provided by law without regard to the pendency of said appeal.

(C) ***Stipulation of Parties:*** In lieu of any bond or other security, the parties may stipulate with respect to any agreement or undertaking. In lieu of any cost bond, the parties may stipulate with respect to any agreement or undertaking conditioned that the moneys and properties of the Court are fully protected or prepaid.

Comments

8007-1 Rule 8005-1, Appeal Bond, is re-designated Rule 8007-1, Appeal Bond, which conforms to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8007. That rule, which takes effect December 1, 2014, is derived from former Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8005 and Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 8. [Change effective 12/01/14.]

8007-1 Paragraphs (A), (B), (C) of this rule are amended to conform to a revision to the Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8007 that takes effect December 1, 2018. [Change effective 12/01/18.]

RULE 8009-1 RECORD ON APPEAL

(A) ***Record on Appeal- Exclusions:*** Unless otherwise directed by the Court, the record on appeal in any matter shall not include counsel's opening statements or arguments of counsel, including arguments of counsel on motions.

(B) ***Designating Record on Appeal:*** Unless the parties file a timely written designation of record with the Clerk pursuant to FRBP 8009 designating the papers which shall constitute the record on appeal, the Clerk shall forward to the proper appellate court a certification that no designation of record was filed.

(C) **Copies of Record:** The party filing a designation of items to be included in the record on appeal shall file with the designation a complete and correct copy of all designated exhibits that were not filed electronically.

Comments

8006-1 A technical change has been made at paragraph (C)(2). [Change effective 12/01/09.]

8006-1 Changes have been made at paragraph (C) and (1)-(2) therein to conform to an internal procedure for administering the record on appeal between the Bankruptcy and District Clerk’s Offices. [Changes effective 09/01/11.]

8009-1 Rule 8006-1, Record on Appeal, is re-designated Rule 8009-1 Record on Appeal, which conforms to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8009. That rule, which takes effect December 1, 2014, is derived from former Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8006 and Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure 10 and 11(a). [Change effective 12/01/14.]

RULE 9006-1 BRIDGE ORDER NOT REQUIRED IN CERTAIN INSTANCE

With respect to 11 U.S.C. §1121(d), if a motion to extend the time to file a plan is filed before the expiration of the period prescribed therein, the time automatically shall be extended until the Court acts on the motion, without the necessity for the entry of a bridge order.

Comments

9006-1 This rule is new and its application is limited to the noted Bankruptcy Code Provision set forth therein. In promulgating this rule, the Court is exercising its discretion to extend time, as governed by FRBP 9006, thereby eliminating the need to file a “bridge order” in such an instance. [New Rule effective 08/01/17.]

**RULE 9010-1 REPRESENTATION AND APPEARANCES;
POWERS OF ATTORNEY**

Requirement for Counsel: Except for filing or withdrawing a proof of claim, notice of mortgage payment change, notice of postpetition mortgage fees, expenses, and charges, response to a notice of final cure payment, request for notices or notice/service, notice of appearance, reaffirmation agreement, creditor change of address, transfer of claim or a transcript of court proceedings, no party or entity other than a natural person acting in his or her own behalf or, to the extent permitted by §304(g) of Pub.L 103-394, a child support enforcement agency, may appear in a bankruptcy case or proceeding, sign pleadings, or perform any act constituting the practice of law except by counsel permitted to appear under LBR 2090-1. This Local Bankruptcy Rule applies to corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, and trusts, as well as to individuals acting in a representative capacity (such as under a power of

attorney) for another. Any pleading or paper, other than those set forth in this Local Bankruptcy Rule, filed on behalf of an entity that is not a natural person acting in his or her own behalf and not signed by counsel permitted to appear under LBR 2090-1 shall be stricken by the Clerk unless the deficiency is cured within 14 days of the mailing or delivery of a notice of deficiency. In the case of a petition, the Clerk shall issue a notice that the debtor either must (A) cure the deficiency within 14 days of the mailing or delivery of such notice; or (B) timely file a response and attend a hearing to explain why the case should not be dismissed.

Comments

9010-1 [New rule effective 2/1/00.]

9010-1 This rule adds several new items to the list of items that may be filed with the court without legal representation. [Change effective 10/17/05.]

9010-1 Modifications are made to the list of items that may be filed with the court without legal representation. The rule conforms to Interim Procedure 9010-1, which is repealed. [Change effective 3/17/08.]

9010-1 A time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph (G) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

9010-1 This amendment adds three items to the list of items that may be filed with the Court without legal representation. [Changes effective 09/03/13.]

9010-1 In the case of a petition, the rule is amended as a result of the holding in *No v. Gorman*, 891 F.3d 138 (4th Cir. 2018). [Changes effective 11/15/19.]

RULE 9013-1 MOTIONS PRACTICE

(A) **Definition of Motion:** For the purposes of this Local Rule, “motion” shall include any motion, application, other request for relief from the Court, or proposed action to be taken under the Bankruptcy Code, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or Local Bankruptcy Rules but shall not include:

- (1) any petition commencing a case under the Bankruptcy Code;
- (2) any complaint commencing an adversary proceeding under the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure;
- (3) any motion for relief from the automatic stay;
- (4) any proposed order; or
- (5) objection to claim [see LBR 3007-1].

(B) **Requirement of Written Motion:** In all cases or proceedings, all motions shall be in writing unless made during a hearing or trial. If time does not permit the filing of a written motion, the Court may, in its discretion, waive this requirement.

(C) **Grounds for, relief sought and whether a hearing has been requested to be stated:** All motions, responses, objections, applications (other than for compensation) and similar requests shall state with particularity the grounds therefor and shall set forth the relief or order sought. If a hearing on the motion has been set or requested by the movant, the motion shall so state.

(D) **Number of Copies:** [Repealed]

(E) **Use of Forms:** Forms, including motions and interrogatories, may be used only if all inapplicable references have been deleted and the proponent so certifies.

(F) **Return Date, Conference of Counsel:** Except as otherwise provided by an order of the Court or by the rules, all motions shall be made returnable to the time obtained from and scheduled by the Court for a hearing thereon. In any Division that has a regular motions day practice, the objection may be made returnable to a motions day in compliance with the motions day practice in that Division. Before requesting a hearing date on any motion, the proponent shall confer with opposing counsel, in person or by telephone, in a good-faith effort to narrow the area of disagreement.

(G) **Memorandum of Points and Authorities**

(1) Unless the Court directs otherwise and except as noted below, all motions shall be accompanied by a written memorandum setting forth a concise statement of the facts and supporting reasons, along with a citation of the authorities upon which the movant relies. The memorandum and the motion or response thereto, may be combined in a single pleading.

(2) A memorandum need not accompany a motion or response thereto:

(a) for a more definite statement;

(b) for an extension of time to respond to pleadings, unless the time has already expired;

(c) for a default judgment;

(d) solely related to discovery matters, except as set forth in LBR 7026-1(C), (D) and (I);

(e) for a continuance;

(f)(i) for a voluntary dismissal or conversion under chapters 7, 11, 12 or 13 of title 11, United States Code; or

(ii) that is stipulated to by all parties in interest; or

(g) to avoid a lien pursuant to §522(f).

(H) Responses to Motions

(1) **Requirement of written response:** Except as otherwise provided by the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, these Local Bankruptcy Rules, or by order of the Court, responses in opposition to motions must be in writing, state with particularity the grounds therefor, be filed with the Court and served upon all parties affected thereby and the United States trustee.

(2) **Requirement of memorandum:** Unless otherwise directed by the Court, except as herein above noted, the party filing a response in opposition to a motion shall file therewith a memorandum of points and authorities setting forth a concise statement of the facts and supporting reasons, along with a citation of the authorities upon which he party relies. The memorandum and the motion or response thereto, may be combined in a single pleading.

(3) Time for filing response and memorandum

(a) **When no hearing has been set or requested,** the opposing party may file a response, with a supporting memorandum, within 14 days, but not thereafter without leave of the Court unless the motion relates to a matter for which a 21-day notice is required under FRBP 2002(a), in which event a response may be filed within 21 days. The movant may file a rebuttal memorandum within 7 days after the filing of the opposing party memorandum. For good cause, a party may be given additional time or may be required to file a response, memorandum and supporting documents within such shorter period of time as the Court may specify.

(b) **When a hearing has been set on at least 21 days' notice,** the opposing party may file a response, with a supporting memorandum, not later than 7 days before the date of the hearing.

(c) **When a hearing has been set on less than 21 days' notice,** unless the Court directs otherwise, the opposing party may file a response, with a supporting memorandum, not later than 3 days before the date of the hearing. A hearing may not be set by a party on less than 14 days' notice unless the Court grants a motion requesting an expedited hearing pursuant to paragraph (N) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule. If a hearing is set on an expedited basis, the opposing party may file a response, with a supporting memorandum, not later than 1 day before the date of the hearing or as otherwise directed by the Court.

(d) **When an objection to a claim is filed,** the opposing party may file a response, with supporting memorandum, within 30 days of the filing of the objection. If no response is filed, the Court may enter an order without a hearing.

(4) **Effect of not timely filing an objection with a supporting memorandum:** If a response with a supporting memorandum is not timely filed and served, the Court may

deem the opposition waived, treat the motion, application, pleading, or proposed action as conceded, and enter an appropriate order granting the requested relief. If no objection with supporting memorandum is timely filed, the movant shall, within 14 days thereafter, file and serve a proposed order which satisfies the requirements of LBR 9022-1.

(I) **Summary Judgment – Time of Filing:** A party desiring to file a motion for summary judgment must act with reasonable dispatch. No motion for summary judgment will be considered unless filed within a reasonable time prior to the date of trial, thus permitting time for the Court to hear arguments and consider the merits after completion of the schedule specified in this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(J) **Continuances:** A motion for continuance of a hearing or trial date shall not be granted by mere agreement of counsel. The party requesting a continuance should, however, consult with opposing counsel and the trustee, if applicable, prior to requesting a continuance. The motion for continuance should state the position(s) of opposing counsel and the trustee, if applicable. Any such motion will be considered by the Court only in the presence of all counsel, and no continuance will be granted other than for good cause and upon such terms as the Court may impose.

(K) **Motions Practice and Procedures Guidelines; Motions for Relief from Stay Guidelines:** The Court has adopted guidelines supplementing the Local Bankruptcy Rule to facilitate and provide for uniformity pertaining to motions practice and procedures including motions for relief from stay. These guidelines shall be published and updated periodically by the Clerk, as approved by the Court (Exhibit 7 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules) and available from the Clerk upon request or from the Court's internet web site, www.vaeb.uscourts.gov.

(L) **Determination of Motions Without Oral Hearing:** In accordance with FRCP 78, the Court may rule upon motions without an oral hearing, unless otherwise required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or these Local Bankruptcy Rules.

(M) **Giving Notice of a Motion or Hearing**

(1) **When no hearing is requested or required:** The notice of any motion where no hearing is required or requested (i.e., a notice of opportunity for a hearing, where a hearing is set only if a response is filed objecting to the requested relief or requesting a hearing), shall contain language substantially in accordance with Official Form 420A, "NOTICE OF MOTION" and setting forth the requirement of a response under subparagraph (H)(3)(a) of the Local Bankruptcy Rule in substantially the following form:

NOTICE

Under Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-1, unless a written response to this motion and supporting memorandum are filed with the Clerk of Court and served on the moving party within 14 [or 21] days of the service of this notice objecting to the relief requested, the Court may deem any opposition waived, treat the motion [or application or proposed action] as conceded, and issue an order granting the requested relief without further notice or hearing.

(2) ***When a hearing is required or requested:*** The notice of any motion where a hearing is required or requested shall contain language substantially in accordance with Official Form 420A and setting forth the requirement of a response under subparagraph (H)(3)(b) or (H)(3)(c) in substantially the following form:

NOTICE

Under Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-1, unless a written response to this motion and supporting memorandum are filed with the Clerk of Court and served on the moving party at least 7 [or 3] days before the scheduled hearing date, the Court may deem any opposition waived, treat the motion [*or application or proposed action*] as conceded, and issue an order granting the requested relief without further notice or hearing.

(3) ***When a summary judgment is requested against pro se party:*** The notice of any motion seeking summary judgment in which the non-moving party is *pro se* shall conform substantially to Official Form 420A and, in addition, shall set forth the requirement for a response in substantially the following form:

NOTICE

A motion for summary judgment is a request that one or more issues in a case be decided without holding a trial. Motions for summary judgment are governed by Rule 56, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Summary judgment may be granted if (a) the material facts are not genuinely disputed and (b) based on those facts, the party asking for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. If you wish to oppose the motion, you must file with the court and serve on the other party, a written response at least 3 [or 7] days prior to the hearing. **If you fail to file a timely written response to the motion, the court may assume you do not oppose the motion and may grant the motion without holding a hearing.** If you disagree with any of the facts stated by the other party, you must include with your response sworn statements from yourself or other knowledgeable witnesses supporting your version of the facts. A sworn statement may take the form either of an affidavit or a declaration signed under penalty of perjury. Any documents you want the court to consider should be identified in, and attached to, the sworn statements. If you are unable to obtain sworn statements supporting your position, you must file a sworn statement stating why you are unable to obtain such statements at this time.

(N) ***Request for Expedited Hearing:*** A motion requesting an expedited hearing shall be accompanied by a certification verifying that the proponent:

- (1) has carefully examined the matter and concluded that there is a true need for an expedited hearing;
- (2) has not created the emergency through any lack of due diligence; and

(3) has made a *bona fide* effort to resolve the matter without hearing.

(O) ***Cancellation of Scheduled Hearings***: It is the responsibility of counsel for the plaintiff/movant to advise the Court of any settlement or any other valid reason that a Court scheduled pretrial conference, hearing or trial need not be conducted. Counsel are advised to provide the Court with such notification as far in advance of any such conference, hearing or trial as is practical under the circumstances. Failure of such counsel to properly and timely notify the Court may result in the imposition of sanctions.

Comments

9013-1(A) Revision required conforms with the addition of LBR 3007-1.

9013-1(D) Change recommended to add written memorandum to the list of items requiring an additional copy at the time of filing.

9013-1(F) Change recommended to note the procedure to be used in those Divisions where a regular motions day practice is in place.

9013-1(J) Change recommended to the make the provisions for continuances applicable also to hearings.

9013-1(M) These changes note the use of Official Form 20A approved by the Judicial Conference at its September 1997 meeting with the mandatory implementation date of March 1, 1998.

New paragraph (H)(3)(d) sets the time period for filing a response to the filing of an objection to a claim. Paragraph (M) is rewritten to include the language for the notice of opportunity to respond. Paragraph (N) is amended to emphasize the need for a Priority Handling Cover Sheet for requests for expedited hearing. Paragraph (O) is new and includes rules for canceling scheduled hearings. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

9013-1 (M)(3) The additional requirements with respect to summary judgment motions against *pro se* parties are included to comply with *Roseboro v. Garrison*, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), and to conform with changes in the Local Rules of Practice of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. [Change effective 3/1/01.]

9013-1 Paragraph (N) is amended by removing the reference to a Priority Handling Cover Sheet. The word “emergency” is deleted at paragraph (N)(1) and the word “expedited” is substituted in lieu thereof. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

9013-1 A technical change has been made in paragraph (G)(2). In addition, time-computation adjustments have been made at paragraph (G) to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

9013-1(M)(2) The amendment to paragraph (M)(2) is intended to clarify that the written response, as set forth in the Rule's Notice language, must be filed "at least 7 [or 3] days before the scheduled hearing date." [Change effective 07/01/10.]

9013-1(M)(1), (M)(2) and (M)(3) The current form is replaced with new Official Form 420A, which includes stylistic changes. The form also is amended to change the phrase "mail" to "send" to reflect the fact that there are various methods of providing documents to other parties. [Changes effective 12/1/16.]

9013-1(H)(3)(c) This amendments make explicit when a party should request an expedited hearing and what the appropriate response deadline should be in such instance. [Change effective 08/01/17.]

9013-1(J) This amendment requires the party requesting a continuance to consult with opposing counsel and the trustee, if applicable, prior to filing a motion for continuance. This amendment is intended to ensure that opposing parties are apprised of continuance requests and would provide information to assist the Court in considering the motion. [Change effective 08/01/17.]

9013-1(K) This new paragraph substitutes for the subject matter formerly set forth in that paragraph. It incorporates by reference Motions Practice and Procedures Guidelines and Motions for Relief from Stay Guidelines. Both sets of Guidelines will: (a) be placed at Exhibit 7 to these Local Bankruptcy Rules, and (b) replace the current contents of Exhibit 7, which no longer will be applicable as of the implementation date of this new paragraph. [New paragraph effective 08/01/17.]

**RULE 9014-1 WHETHER HEARING IS EVIDENTIARY OR
PRELIMINARY**

(A) *Discovery in Contested Matters and Relief from Stay Matters*: [Repealed]

(B) *Whether Hearing is Evidentiary or Preliminary*

(1) Except as provided for in the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, these Local Bankruptcy Rules or as otherwise ordered by the Court on its own motion or on motion of a party, all parties shall be prepared to present evidence and testimony at any scheduled hearing where the hearing has been set on at least 30 days notice unless the parties agree or the Court orders that evidence and testimony will be presented at any scheduled hearing that is set on less than 30 days' notice.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (B)(1), a preliminary hearing on a contested motion for relief from stay shall be non-evidentiary unless the Court orders that evidence and testimony will be presented at any such scheduled preliminary hearing.

Comments

This new Local Bankruptcy Rule clarifies how the requirements of F.R.Civ.P. 26, as incorporated by reference in FRBP 7026, apply to contested matters. [New rule effective 12/1/00.]

9014-1 This change reflects the addition of FRBP 7026(a)(2) to LBR 9014-1. [Change effective 7/1/02.]

9014-1(B) This new provision is intended to conform the Court’s practice to new FRBP 9014(e) regarding whether a hearing will be evidentiary or preliminary so as to avoid unnecessary expense and inconvenience. [New rule effective 8/1/03.]

9014-1 With the amendment to FRBP 9014(c) that became effective December 1, 2004, paragraph (A) is repealed as no longer being needed [Change effective 10/17/05.]

A technical change has been made to the caption at paragraph (A). Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR. [Changes effective 12/01/09.]

9014-1 Paragraph (B) is reorganized with new paragraphs (B)(1) and (B)(2). Paragraph (B)(2) provides that a preliminary hearing on a motion for relief from stay shall be non-evidentiary unless exception set forth therein otherwise occurs. [Changes effective 09/01/11.]

RULE 9016-1 SUBPOENAS

(A) **Request for Subpoena:** Attorneys admitted to practice in this Court may issue and sign a subpoena on behalf of this Court. Otherwise, requests for subpoenas from the Clerk shall be in writing and signed by counsel admitted to practice in this Court and who are counsel of record in the action in which the subpoenas are to issue.

Requests for subpoenas from the Clerk by individuals appearing *pro se* shall be in writing.

Each request for subpoena shall be accompanied by a subpoena which has been completed except for issuance by the Clerk.

(B) **Return Date of Subpoenas:** All subpoenas shall be made returnable to the place, date and time of trial or hearing unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

(C) **Service of Subpoenas:** Unless the party requesting same is:

- (1) authorized to proceed *in forma pauperis* pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1915, or is a seaman authorized to proceed under 28 U.S.C. §1916,
- (2) the United States or an officer or agency of the United States or
- (3) otherwise ordered by the Court,

all subpoenas shall be served by a person who is not a party or otherwise interested in the proceeding and is not less than 18 years of age. Proof of service by such person shall be made as provided for proof of service for summons and complaint in FRBP 7004(a). The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service thereof to the Court promptly and in any event within the time during which the person served must respond to the subpoena. Service of a subpoena upon a person named therein shall be made by delivering a copy thereof to such person and by tendering to the party summoned the fee for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law. When the subpoena is issued on behalf of the United States or an officer or agency thereof, fees and mileage need not be tendered. Attorneys and individuals appearing *pro se* shall file a proof of service with a certificate that all required witness fees and expenses were tendered with the subpoena requiring the attendance of the witness. Mileage shall be computed and tendered even though the witness to be subpoenaed lives within the city limits. The United States marshal, Deputy United States marshal, or any other person serving subpoenas shall do so only in strict compliance with this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(D) ***Subpoenas to Officials***: Without permission of the Court first obtained, no subpoena shall be issued for the attendance at any hearing, trial or deposition of (1) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Attorney General of any State; (2) the Judge of any court; (3) the President or Vice President of the United States; (4) any member of the President's Cabinet; (5) any Ambassador or Consul; (6) any member of the United States Congress; or (7) any military officer holding the rank of Admiral or General.

(E) ***Subpoena Duces Tecum***: Unless otherwise provided in the subpoena, whenever a subpoena *duces tecum* has been directed to any person to produce any books, papers, documents or tangible things to any court and to attend and give testimony at the time scheduled for the trial, taking of depositions or other hearing, the person requested therein to produce, or whenever all parties agree, an alternate, shall produce such items to the Clerk on or before 9:00 a.m. on the day designated, unless the Court orders otherwise, to enable counsel to review the same prior to commencement of the trial or the hearing. Provided, however, if a party has good reason not to produce and surrender custody of the same to the Clerk, that party shall so advise the Court in writing promptly upon receipt of the subpoena to enable the Court to rule on the objection. All counsel are required promptly to inspect said items so the trial may proceed timely.

The provisions hereof are not intended in any way to change or modify the provisions of FRBP 7026 or FRBP 9016 or any other applicable Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure or Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, but to supplement the provisions of FRBP 9016.

(F) ***Timely Requests for Subpoenas***: All requests for the issuance of subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses at hearings or trials shall be filed with the Clerk not later than 14 days before the date upon which the witness will be directed to appear. If the request is made within 14 days prior to the date of the trial or hearing, it may be issued by the Clerk but no continuance will be granted if said witness fails to appear even though served.

(G) ***Deposition Subpoenas***: Proof of service of a notice to take depositions as provided in FRCP 30(a) and FRCP 31(a) constitutes sufficient authorization for the issuance of a subpoena by the Clerk for the attendance of persons named or described therein. The subpoena may command the person to whom it is directed to produce designated books, papers, documents or tangible things which constitute or contain evidence relating to any of the matters within the scope of the examination permitted by FRCP 26(b), but in that event the subpoena will be subject to the provisions FRCP 30(b) and FRCP 45(b). No subpoena for the taking of depositions shall be

issued by the Clerk unless there be exhibited to the Clerk a copy of the notice to take deposition together with a statement of the date and manner of service and of the names of the persons served, certified by the person who made service. FRCP 45(d)(1).

(H) ***Place of Taking Depositions***: The Clerk shall issue a subpoena upon request, or an attorney may issue a subpoena in accordance with paragraph (A) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule for FRBP 2004 examinations or for taking a deposition requiring the appearance of any party or witness in any city or county within the division of the district wherein the party or witness resides or is employed or transacts business, or in any city contiguous to any such county or city, without prior order of the Court; provided, however, that no such subpoena shall direct any party or witness who may reside in either Accomack or Northampton Counties to appear in any other city or county, nor may any party or witness residing in any other county or city be required to appear in Accomack or Northampton Counties, unless said party or witness is employed or transacts business in the city or county wherein the deposition is to be taken, or unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Contiguous cities or counties shall be considered as such even though separated by water but only when located within the particular division of the district. The right is reserved to any party or witness directed to attend a deposition in any contiguous city to insist that said deposition be taken within the city (or county) provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure upon a showing of inconvenience of travel, or infirmities of body, or age.

(I) ***Subpoenas in Blank***: Blank subpoenas shall include the case name and number and shall be complete in every detail except the name and address of the witness. Returns of service shall be made promptly and filed with the Clerk. All service shall be made strictly in accordance with these Local Bankruptcy Rules.

Comments

9016-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR.

[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

9016-1 Paragraph (A) is amended to remove the requirement that a check for witness and mileage fees accompanies a request for subpoena. In lieu thereof, a certificate now must accompany the filed proof of service stating that any such required fees had been served with the subpoena. [Change effective 09/03/13.]

9016-1 Paragraph (C) is amended by deleting the provision that exempted a party proceeding *in forma pauperis* from tendering witness and mileage fees. [Change effective 09/03/13.]

9016-1 Paragraph (A) is amended to comport with the amendment made to FRCP 45(a)(2), which provides that the subpoena must issue from the Court where the action is pending, and FRCP 45(a)(3), which provides that an attorney can issue and sign a subpoena if the attorney is admitted to practice in the issuing Court. Stylistic changes are made to this paragraph, as well. [Changes effective 12/1/15.]

9016-1 Paragraph (E) is amended to clarify that a party can request the production of documents at a place other than the courthouse and at a time other than 9:00 a.m. on the morning of the trial or hearing. Stylistic changes are made to this paragraph, as well. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

9016-1 Paragraph (G) is amended to conform this paragraph to the amendment made to FRCP 45(a)(2), which provides that the subpoena must issue from the Court where the action is pending. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

9016-1 Paragraph (I) is amended to conform this paragraph to the amendment made to FRCP 45(a)(3), which provides that the Clerk must issue a subpoena signed but otherwise in blank to a party who requests it. Stylistic changes are made to this paragraph, as well. [Change effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 9017-1 EVIDENCE

(A) ***Presence of Witnesses:*** Any counsel desiring to ascertain the presence of witnesses summoned for any particular case shall, before the opening of Court, furnish the Clerk with a list of the names of such witnesses.

(B) ***Qualifications of Experts:*** Unless the qualifications of an expert witness, including any party litigant, are admitted, a duplicate written statement of such qualifications will be submitted on the morning of trial. As to experts who are expected to appear frequently, a statement of their qualifications may be filed with the Clerk in each of the divisions of the Court for use at trial. When so filed, the Clerk will maintain the statement in a file kept for that purpose. Counsel desiring to make use of the statement will be responsible for obtaining the same from the Clerk.

(C) ***Hypothetical Questions:*** [Repealed]

(D) ***Physical Examination of Litigant:*** No doctor or other expert will be permitted to testify as to the nature and extent of the injuries to any litigant unless said expert has previously examined or interviewed such person, or unless such testimony is to be based on hypothetical questions. This Local Bankruptcy Rule is not intended to limit an expert, having previously examined the party, from properly demonstrating any of the injuries of a party.

Comments

9017-1(C) This paragraph of LBR 9017-1 is repealed since it was felt that the paragraph no longer is needed. [Change effective 2/1/00.]

9017-1 A stylistic change has been made to paragraph (B) of the LBR. [Change effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 9019-1 SETTLEMENT AND ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

(A) ***Authorization:*** The Court encourages the parties to meet and consult with each other to achieve settlement. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 651, 652, and 653, as amended by the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 1998, the use of mediation as an alternative dispute resolution process in all adversary proceedings, contested and other matters, is authorized.

(B) ***Obtaining Mediation***

(1) Upon joint motion, parties may request, but are not entitled to, mediation.

(2) Any party may request mediation on motion served on all other parties. The motion must state the basis for the request for mediation and that a good faith effort was made to seek mediation by consent without success. Parties will have 14 days from the date of service to object to the motion. The court will make a determination on the motion upon notice and hearing.

(3) The Court may also order mediation *sua sponte*.

(C) Order to Mediate

(1) In any adversary proceeding, contested or other matter, mediation may only be commenced upon the entry of an order to mediate by the presiding judge.

(2) An order to mediate shall, at minimum, set forth the following:

(a) the individual appointed to act as mediator;

(b) if the parties selected a non-judicial mediator or neutral, the proposed compensation that will be subject to court approval;

(c) unless otherwise ordered by the Court, that mediation processes and procedures and the duties of the parties shall be determined by the court-appointed mediator; and

(d) that the parties or the mediator provide a report to the court of the results of the mediation immediately upon the conclusion of the mediation.

(D) Judicial Mediators

(1) Bankruptcy judges resident in the Eastern District of Virginia are authorized to act as mediators or neutrals.

(2) The decision regarding appointment of a judicial mediator resides exclusively with the presiding judge, and such appointment is effective only upon entry of the order to mediate.

(E) Non-Judicial Mediators or Neutrals

(1) The parties by consent may request the appointment of a non-judicial mediator or neutral.

(2) Appointment of a non-judicial mediator is subject to approval by the presiding judge, and such appointment is effective only upon entry of the order to mediate.

(F) Communications with Mediators Prior to Entry of Order to Mediate

(1) **Judicial Mediators:** Prior to entry of the order to mediate, parties to the mediation shall not communicate with a judicial mediator about any matters pertaining to mediation.

(2) ***Non-Judicial Mediators:*** Prior to entry of the order to mediate, parties to the mediation may communicate with non-judicial mediators only for the purpose of selection and proposed terms of engagement and compensation of a non-judicial mediator for appointment by the Court.

(G) ***Required Settlement Authority:*** A judicial mediator to whom a case has been referred may require that counsel and/or a party representative with full settlement authority attend the mediation at any time the judicial mediator considers appropriate.

(H) ***Compensation of Non-Judicial Mediators or Neutrals:*** No mediator or neutral may be compensated by contingent fee. Any compensation of a non-judicial mediator or neutral from the estate shall be subject to Court approval after notice and a hearing or as the Court otherwise orders.

(I) ***Effect of Mediation on Proceedings:*** Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the appointment of a mediator or neutral shall not operate to postpone or stay the scheduling of any case or controversy nor shall such appointment be grounds for the continuance of a previously scheduled trial date or the extension of any deadlines previously scheduled by the Court.

(J) ***Disclosure of Mediation Communications and Writings:*** The substance of communications and writings in the mediation process shall not be disclosed to any person other than participants in the mediation process; provided, however, that nothing herein shall modify the application of Federal Rule of Evidence 408 nor shall use in the mediation process of an otherwise admissible document, object, or statement preclude its use at trial.

(K) ***Appointment of ADR Administrator:*** The chief bankruptcy judge may appoint an ADR Administrator for the district. Duties of the Administrator, if appointed, shall include the following: implementing, administering, overseeing and evaluating the Court's ADR program.

(L) ***Other Governing Law:*** Nothing contained in this rule shall in any manner negate or be in abrogation of any other source of authority for conducting mediation, whether by statute, rule, or otherwise.

Comments

LBR 9019-1 cross references Rule 83.6 of the Local Rules of Practice of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, which makes that rule applicable to adversary proceedings in case before the Court. [New rule effective 3/1/01.]

9019-(1) This rule is substantively rewritten to provide additional direction to the parties and to make explicit its applicability to contested and other matters in addition to adversary proceedings. [New paragraph effective 08/01/17.]

RULE 9022-1 COURT ORDERS

(A) **Identification of Attorney Filing Proposed Order:** On the first page of each proposed order filed with the Court, the attorney filing the same shall be identified by name, State Bar number, complete mailing address, telephone number and the name of the party whom the attorney represents.

(B) **Service List:** With each proposed order:

(1) when submitted, as provided for by an electronic means established by the Court, the order proponent shall file a list of parties, with mailing addresses indicated, who are to receive notice of entry of the same and shall comply with all other requirements set forth therein; or

(2) except as the presiding judge in a case otherwise may direct, when submitted by conventional means, the order proponent shall file a list of parties, with mailing addresses indicated, who are to receive notice of entry of the same.

(C) **Endorsement:** With all proposed orders, the proponent shall file either:

(1) **Certification of Endorsement by All Parties:** A certification that the proposed order or proposed consent order has been endorsed by all necessary parties or

(2) **Proof of Service:** A certification that the proposed order has been served upon all necessary parties and indicating upon whom served and the date and manner of such service.

(D) **Form and Content:** Any proposed order shall be sufficient in description to stand alone without reference to any motion, pleading or other document (except for exhibits attached to the order itself). Orders authorizing the sale of real estate or otherwise affecting title to real estate (e.g., abandonments, avoidance of transfers, avoidance or imposition of liens, or adjudication of lien property) shall contain a legal description sufficient to pass title. Orders for sale of property of the estate or any interest therein shall state the identity of the purchaser and the price to be paid unless sale is to be at public auction, in which event the order shall state the date, time and place of the auction.

(E) **Consent Orders:** All proposed consent orders shall meet the requirements in paragraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule.

(F) **Order After Trial, Hearing or Other Disposition of the Matter:** Unless the Court specifies otherwise, the prevailing party shall, in addition to the requirements in paragraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) of this Local Bankruptcy Rule, prepare a proposed order and file the same with the Court within 14 days after the conclusion of the trial, hearing, or other disposition of the matter at issue. If no order is filed within the required period, the Clerk may issue a Notice of Failure to Prosecute. If an order is still not filed in response to that notice, the Clerk may dismiss the original pleading or other paper without further notice.

Comments

9022-1(C)(1) & 9022-1(E) Minor changes have been made to include

RULE 9036-1 - COURT NOTICE TO DEBTORS BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION
new language concerning consent orders.

9022-1(F) This language is added to clearly state the interest in seeing that supposedly resolved items are properly closed out. Parties need to submit a stamped envelope for panel trustees. [Changes effective 1/1/97]

9022-1(D) Since the need for an order affecting title to real estate to contain a proper legal description is not limited to orders approving sale of real estate or any interest therein, the requirement has been placed at LBR 9022-1. A cross-reference has been added to LBR 6004-1 as well to remind the practitioner of the requirement that orders approving the sale of real estate or any interest therein, like all orders, must stand alone without reference to external documents, e.g., the order should not purport to approve the sale of the real estate or any interest therein “in accordance with the terms of the contract attached to the motion” but should state the essential terms of the sale, e.g., “to John and Joanna Doe for the price of \$173,000.” [Changes effective 3/1/01.]

9022-1(B) These technical changes are necessary to conform this subdivision of the LBR to the process of filing proposed orders as provided for by an electronic means established by the Court. [Change effective 7/1/02.]

9002.1 Subparagraphs (B)(2)(a) and (b) are repealed in light of Local Bankruptcy Rule 5005-2, which mandates electronic case filings in the Court’s Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) System and authorizes the Clerk to promulgate and revise the Court’s Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) Policy. The caption to paragraph (B) is amended for this reason as well. In addition, a time-computation adjustment has been made at paragraph to conform to a revision to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure that takes effect December 1, 2009. Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR as well. [Repeal and changes effective 12/01/09.]

RULE 9036-1 - COURT NOTICE TO DEBTORS BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

Debtors are eligible to participate in Debtor Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing in accordance with procedures promulgated and revised as specified by the Clerk under LBR 5005-2. As permitted, this includes use by non-registered CM/ECF users of any electronic bankruptcy noticing program approved by the Court for such users.

Comments

9036-1 This rule is new and includes a provision allowing, as permitted under procedures promulgated and revised as specified by the Clerk under LBR 5005-2, the service of Court-generated notices and orders upon debtors who have elected to participate in any electronic bankruptcy noticing program approved by the Court for such purpose. [New rule effective 12/1/15.]

RULE 9070-1 EXHIBITS

(A) **Numerous Exhibits:** Whenever the exhibits in any case, to be presented by either party, exceed 5, the party intending to offer such exhibits shall place them in a binder, properly tabbed, numbered and indexed, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

(B) **Listing and Marking Exhibits:** All exhibits, except such as are prepared in open court or by expert witnesses, must be listed in the final pretrial order in any adversary proceeding and shall be marked by the proponent thereof, in the manner specified by the Clerk, prior to the commencement of the trial unless the Court otherwise directs. Such exhibits, unless too large, shall be seen by opposing counsel at or before the final pretrial conference. At any final pretrial conference, the Court may rule upon the admissibility of any exhibit or reserve ruling thereon. Exhibits agreed upon shall be admitted in evidence; all others shall be considered as numbered and marked for identification.

(C) **Number of Copies:** An original and two copies of both the exhibits and the Exhibit List should be filed with the Court by the date set forth in the pretrial order. Sufficient copies should be made available for each opposing counsel.

(D) Custody and Disposition of Models and Exhibits

(1) **Custody:** After being marked for identification, exhibits of a documentary nature offered or admitted into evidence in any cause pending or tried in this Court shall be placed in the custody of the Clerk unless otherwise ordered by the Court. All other exhibits, models and material not offered and admitted into evidence shall be retained in the custody of the attorney or party producing same at trial, unless otherwise directed by the Court.

(2) **Removal:** Whenever any models, diagrams, exhibits or material have been placed in custody of the Clerk for introduction into evidence, and same are not admitted or marked for identification, such articles shall be removed by the party who filed them with the Clerk, unless otherwise directed by the Court, immediately following the conclusion of the trial or settlement of the case.

(E) **Disposition of Exhibits:** All exhibits, models, diagrams, depositions, transcripts, briefs, tables, charts or other items or material or things, introduced, tendered or marked in the trial of a matter or filed with or delivered to the Clerk in anticipation of their introduction into evidence or for use at trial, shall be withdrawn by the parties to the litigation or their counsel within 30 days after the judgment and the time for appeal or motion for a rehearing or further hearing shall have passed. If such items, material or things are not so removed within the time stated, the Clerk may forward them to counsel or the party entitled thereto, or shall destroy or make such other disposition or use of them as the Clerk may deem appropriate.

Comments

9070-1(A) The threshold number of exhibits for binding was reduced from fifteen to five.

9070-1(C) Change to note information already included in the Instructions for Preparing Exhibit List and Pre-Marking Exhibits.

9070-1 Stylistic changes have been made to the text of the LBR.
[Changes effective 12/01/09.]

EXHIBITS

The bankruptcy forms included in the following exhibits are available at the Court's internet web site <https://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov> and can be accessed by clicking the "Bankruptcy Forms" button on the Court's Internet home page. The forms are in Adobe Acrobat format.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
_____ Division

CHAPTER 13 PLAN
AND RELATED MOTION

Name of Debtor(s):

Case No:

This Plan, dated _____, is:

- the *first* Chapter 13 Plan filed in this case.
- a modified Plan that replaces the
 - confirmed or unconfirmed Plan dated _____

Date and Time of Modified Plan Confirmation Hearing:

Place of Modified Plan Confirmation Hearing:

The Plan provisions modified by this filing are:

Creditors affected by this modification are:

1. Notices

To Creditors:

Your rights may be affected by this plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated. You should read this plan carefully and discuss it with your attorney if you have one in this bankruptcy case. If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.

If you oppose the plan's treatment of your claim or any provision of this plan, you or your attorney must file an objection to confirmation at least 7 days before the date set for the hearing on confirmation, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

(1) Richmond and Alexandria Divisions:

The Bankruptcy Court may confirm this plan without further notice if no objection to confirmation is filed. See Bankruptcy Rule 3015.

(2) Norfolk and Newport News Divisions: a confirmation hearing will be held even if no objections have been filed.

(a) A scheduled confirmation hearing will not be convened when:

- (1) an amended plan is filed prior to the scheduled confirmation hearing; or**
- (2) a consent resolution to an objection to confirmation anticipates the filing of an amended plan and the objecting party removes the scheduled confirmation hearing prior to 3:00 pm on the last business day before the confirmation hearing.**

In addition, you may need to timely file a proof of claim in order to be paid under any plan.

The following matters may be of particular importance.

Debtors must check one box on each line to state whether or not the plan includes each of the following items. If an item is checked as "Not Included" or if both boxes are checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the plan.

A.	A limit on the amount of a secured claim, set out in Section 4.A which may result in a partial payment or no payment at all to the secured creditor	Included	Not included
B.	Avoidance of a judicial lien or nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest, set out in Section 8.A	Included	Not included
C.	Nonstandard provisions, set out in Part 12	Included	Not included

2. **Funding of Plan.** The debtor(s) propose to pay the Trustee the sum of \$_____ per _____ for ____ months. Other payments to the Trustee are as follows: _____ . The total amount to be paid into the Plan is \$_____.

3. **Priority Creditors.** The Trustee shall pay allowed priority claims in full unless the creditor agrees otherwise.

A. Administrative Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 1326.

1. The Trustee will be paid the percentage fee fixed under 28 U.S.C. § 586(e), not to exceed 10% of all sums received under the plan.

2. Check one box:

Debtor(s)' attorney has chosen to be compensated pursuant to the "no-look" fee

under Local Bankruptcy Rule 2016-1(C)(1)(a) and (C)(3)(a) and will be paid \$_____, balance due of the total fee of \$_____ concurrently with or prior to the payments to remaining creditors.

- Debtor(s)' attorney has chosen to be compensated pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 2016-1(C)(1)(c)(ii) and must submit applications for compensation as set forth in the Local Rules.

B. Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507.

The following priority creditors will be paid by deferred cash payments pro rata with other priority creditors or in monthly installments as below, except that allowed claims pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1) will be paid pursuant to 3.C below:

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Type of Priority</u>	<u>Estimated Claim</u>	<u>Payment and Term</u>
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C. Claims under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1)

The following priority creditors will be paid prior to other priority creditors but concurrently with administrative claims above.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Type of Priority</u>	<u>Estimated Claim</u>	<u>Payment and Term</u>
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4. Secured Creditors: Motions to Value Collateral ("Cramdown"), Collateral being Surrendered, Adequate Protection Payments, and Payment of certain Secured Claims.

- A. Motions to Value Collateral (other than claims protected from "cramdown" by 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(2) or by the final paragraph of 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a)). Unless a written objection is timely filed with the Court, the Court may grant the debtor(s)' motion to value collateral as set forth herein.**

This section deals with valuation of certain claims secured by real and/or personal property, other than claims protected from "cramdown" by 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(2) [real estate which is debtor(s)' principal residence] or by the final paragraph of 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a) [motor vehicles purchased within 910 days or any other thing of value purchased within 1 year before filing bankruptcy], in which the replacement value is asserted to be less than the amount owing on the debt. **Such debts will be treated as secured claims only to the extent of the replacement value of the collateral. That value will be paid with interest as provided in sub-section D of this section. You must refer to section 4(D) below to determine the interest rate, monthly payment and estimated term of repayment of any "crammed down" loan. The deficiency balance owed on such a loan will be treated as an unsecured claim to be paid only to the extent provided in section 5 of the Plan.** The following secured claims are to be "crammed down" to the following values:

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Purchase Date</u>	<u>Est. Debt Bal.</u>	<u>Replacement Value</u>
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B. Real or Personal Property to be Surrendered.

Upon confirmation of the Plan, or before, the debtor(s) will surrender his/her/their interest in the collateral securing the claims of the following creditors in satisfaction of the secured portion of such creditors' allowed claims. To the extent that the collateral does not satisfy the claim, any timely filed deficiency claim to which the creditor is entitled may be paid as a non-priority unsecured claim. Confirmation of the Plan shall terminate the automatic stay under §§ 362(a) and 1301(a) as to the interest of the debtor(s), any co-debtor(s) and the estate in the collateral.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral Description</u>	<u>Estimated Value</u>	<u>Estimated Total Claim</u>
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C. Adequate Protection Payments.

The debtor(s) propose to make adequate protection payments required by 11 U.S.C. § 1326(a) or otherwise upon claims secured by personal property, until the commencement of payments provided for in sections 4(D) and/or 7(B) of the Plan, as follows:

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Adeq. Protection Monthly Payment</u>	<u>To Be Paid By</u>
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Any adequate protection payment upon an unexpired lease of personal property assumed by the debtor(s) pursuant to section 7(B) of the Plan shall be made by the debtor(s) as required by 11 U.S.C. § 1326(a)(1)(B) (payments coming due after the order for relief).

D. Payment of Secured Claims on Property Being Retained (except those loans provided for in section 6 of the Plan):

This section deals with payment of debts secured by real and/or personal property [including short term obligations, judgments, tax liens and other secured debts]. After confirmation of the Plan, the Trustee will pay to the holder of each allowed secured claim, which will be either the balance owed on the indebtedness or, where applicable, the collateral's replacement value as specified in sub-section A of this section, **whichever is less**, with interest at the rate provided below, the monthly payment specified below until the amount of the secured claim has been paid in full. **Upon confirmation of the Plan, the valuation specified in sub-section A and interest rate shown below will be binding unless a timely written objection to confirmation is filed with and sustained by the Court.**

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Approx. Bal. of Debt or "Crammed Down" Value</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Monthly Payment & Est. Term</u>
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E. Other Debts.

Debts which are (i) mortgage loans secured by real estate which is the debtor(s)' principal residence, or (ii) other long term obligations, whether secured or unsecured, to be continued upon the existing contract terms with any existing default in payments to be cured pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5), are provided for in section 6 of the Plan.

5. **Unsecured Claims.**

A. Not separately classified.

Allowed non-priority unsecured claims shall be paid pro rata from any distribution remaining after disbursement to allowed secured and priority claims. Estimated distribution is approximately ____%. The dividend percentage may vary depending on actual claims filed. If this case were liquidated under Chapter 7, the debtor(s) estimate that unsecured creditors would receive a dividend of approximately ____%.

B. Separately classified unsecured claims.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Basis for Classification</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
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6. **Mortgage Loans Secured by Real Property Constituting the Debtor(s)' Principal Residence; Other Long Term Payment Obligations, whether secured or unsecured, to be continued upon existing contract terms; Curing of any existing default under 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5).**

A. Debtor(s) to make regular contract payments; arrears, if any, to be paid by Trustee. The creditors listed below will be paid by the debtor(s) pursuant to the contract without modification, except that arrearages, if any, will be paid by the Trustee either pro rata with other secured claims or on a fixed monthly basis as indicated below, without interest unless an interest rate is designated below for interest to be paid on the arrearage claim and such interest is provided for in the loan agreement. A default on the regular contract payments on the debtor(s) principal residence is a default under the terms of the plan.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Regular Contract Payment</u>	<u>Estimated Arrearage</u>	<u>Arrearage Interest Rate</u>	<u>Estimated Cure Period</u>	<u>Monthly Arrearage Payment</u>
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B. Trustee to make contract payments and cure arrears, if any. The Trustee shall pay the creditors listed below the regular contract monthly payments that come due during the period of this Plan, and pre-petition arrearages on such debts shall be cured by the Trustee either pro rata with other secured claims or with monthly payments as set forth below.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Regular Contract Payment</u>	<u>Estimated Arrearage</u>	<u>Interest Rate on Arrearage</u>	<u>Monthly Payment on Arrearage & Est. Term</u>
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C. Restructured Mortgage Loans to be paid fully during term of Plan. Any mortgage loan against real estate constituting the debtor(s)' principal residence upon which the last scheduled contract payment is due before the final payment under the Plan is due shall be paid by the Trustee during the term of the Plan as permitted by 11 U.S.C. § 1322(c)(2) with interest at the rate specified below as follows:

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Estimated Claim</u>	<u>Monthly Payment & Term</u>
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7. **Unexpired Leases and Executory Contracts.** The debtor(s) move for assumption or rejection of the executory contracts, leases and/or timeshare agreements listed below.

A. **Executory contracts and unexpired leases to be rejected.** The debtor(s) reject the following executory contracts:

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Type of Contract</u>
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B. **Executory contracts and unexpired leases to be assumed.** The debtor(s) assume the following executory contracts. The debtor(s) agree to abide by all terms of the agreement. The Trustee will pay the pre-petition arrearages, if any, through payments made pro rata with other priority claims or on a fixed monthly basis as indicated below.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Type of Contract</u>	<u>Arrearage</u>	<u>Monthly Payment for Arrears</u>	<u>Estimated Cure Period</u>
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8. **Liens Which Debtor(s) Seek to Avoid.**

A. **The debtor(s) move to avoid liens pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 522(f).** The debtor(s) move to avoid the following judicial liens and non-possessory, non-purchase money liens that impair the debtor(s)' exemptions. **Unless a written objection is timely filed with the Court, the Court may grant the debtor(s)' motion and cancel the creditor's lien.** If an objection is filed, the Court will hear evidence and rule on the motion at the confirmation hearing.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Exemption Basis</u>	<u>Exemption Amount</u>	<u>Value of Collateral</u>
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B. **Avoidance of security interests or liens on grounds other than 11 U.S.C. § 522(f).** The debtor(s) have filed or will file and serve separate adversary proceedings to avoid the following liens or security interests. The creditor should review the notice or summons accompanying such pleadings as to the requirements for opposing such relief. The listing here is for information purposes only.

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Type of Lien</u>	<u>Description of Collateral</u>	<u>Basis for Avoidance</u>
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9. Treatment and Payment of Claims.

- All creditors must timely file a proof of claim to receive any payment from the Trustee.
- If a claim is scheduled as unsecured and the creditor files a claim alleging the claim is secured but does not timely object to confirmation of the Plan, the creditor may be treated as unsecured for purposes of distribution under the Plan. This paragraph does not limit the right of the creditor to enforce its lien, to the extent not avoided or provided for in this case, after the debtor(s) receive a discharge.
- If a claim is listed in the Plan as secured and the creditor files a proof of claim alleging the claim is unsecured, the creditor will be treated as unsecured for purposes of distribution under the Plan.
- The Trustee may adjust the monthly disbursement amount as needed to pay an allowed secured claim in full.
- If relief from the automatic stay is ordered as to any item of collateral listed in the plan, then, unless otherwise ordered by the court, all payments as to that collateral will cease, and all secured claims based on that collateral will no longer be treated by the plan.
- Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the amount of the creditor's total claim listed on the proof of claim controls over any contrary amounts listed in the plan.

10. Vesting of Property of the Estate. Property of the estate shall revert in the debtor(s) upon confirmation of the Plan. Notwithstanding such vesting, the debtor(s) may not transfer, sell, refinance, encumber real property or enter into a mortgage loan modification without approval of the Court after notice to the Trustee, any creditor who has filed a request for notice and other creditors to the extent required by the Local Rules of this Court.

11. Incurrence of indebtedness. The debtor(s) shall not voluntarily incur additional indebtedness exceeding the cumulative total of \$5,000 principal amount during the term of this Plan, whether unsecured or secured, except upon approval of the Court after notice to the Trustee, any creditor who has filed a request for notice, and other creditors to the extent required by the Local Rules of this Court.

12. Nonstandard Plan Provisions

None. If "None" is checked, the rest of Part 12 need not be completed or reproduced.

Under Bankruptcy Rule 3015(c), nonstandard provisions must be set forth below. A nonstandard provision is a provision not otherwise included in the Official Form or deviating from it. Nonstandard provisions set out elsewhere in this plan are ineffective.

The following plan provisions will be effective only if there is a check in the box "Included" in § 1.C.

Dated: _____

Debtor 1 (Required)

Debtor(s)' Attorney

Debtor 2 (Required)

By filing this document, the Attorney for Debtor(s) or Debtor(s) themselves, if not represented by an attorney, also certify(ies) that the wording and order of the provisions in this Chapter 13 plan are identical to those contained in the Local Form Plan, other than any nonstandard provisions included in Part 12.

Exhibits: Copy of Debtor(s)' Budget (Schedules I and J); Matrix of Parties Served with Plan

Certificate of Service

I certify that on _____, I mailed a copy of the foregoing to the creditors and parties in interest on the attached Service List.

Signature

Address

Telephone No:

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO RULE 7004

I hereby certify that on _____ true copies of the forgoing Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions were served upon the following creditor(s):

- () by first class mail in conformity with the requirements of Rule 7004(b), Fed.R.Bankr.P.; or
- () by certified mail in conformity with the requirements of Rule 7004(h), Fed.R.Bankr.P.

Signature of attorney for debtor(s)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN
DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
_____ Division

In re:

Case No. _____

Chapter 13

Debtor(s)

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SECURED CREDITOR

To: _____, Attn: _____

Name of creditor

Description of collateral

1. The attached chapter 13 plan filed by the debtor(s) proposes (*check one*):

- To value your collateral. **See Section 4 of the plan.** Your lien will be limited to the value of the collateral, and any amount you are owed above the value of the collateral will be treated as an unsecured claim.
- To cancel or reduce a judgment lien or a non-purchase money, non-possessory security interest you hold. **See Section 8 of the plan.** All or a portion of the amount you are owed will be treated as an unsecured claim.

2. **You should read the attached plan carefully for the details of how your claim is treated.**

The plan may be confirmed, and the proposed relief granted, unless you file and serve a written objection by the date specified and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy of the objection must be served on the debtor(s), their attorney, and the chapter 13 trustee.

Date objection due: _____
 Date and time of confirmation hearing: _____
 Place of confirmation hearing: _____

Name(s) of debtor(s)

By: _____
Signature

- Debtor(s)' Attorney
- Pro se debtor

Name of attorney for debtor(s)

Address of attorney [or pro se debtor]

Tel. #

Fax #

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that true copies of the foregoing Notice and attached Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions were served upon the creditor noted above by

() first class mail in conformity with the requirements of Rule 7004(b), Fed.R.Bankr.P; or

() certified mail in conformity with the requirements of Rule 7004(h), Fed.R.Bankr.P

on this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Signature of attorney for debtor(s)

Administrative Procedures for Filing, Signing, Retaining
and Verification of Pleadings and Papers in the
Case Management/Electronic Case Filing (CM/ECF) System

Exhibit to Standing Order No. 06-4
(VERSION 06/09/06)

DECEMBER 2006

[Rescinded Effective 3/17/08]

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CREDITOR MATRIX

Last Revised: November 15, 2019

The following instructions are applicable to all word processing software and third-party bankruptcy software packages:

1. Open your word processing software and enter the creditor information, making sure of the following:
 - a. Creditors are listed in a single column.
 - b. There are two blank spaces separating each creditor.
 - c. The second line of each creditor listed must be either a street address or a P.O. Box, with the periods included (e.g., 200 South Main Street or P.O. Box 241).
 - d. The last line of each creditor must be in the format of City, State (two-letter abbreviation), Zip (e.g., Alexandria, VA 22314).
 - e. No Account numbers or dollar amounts may be included within the creditor information.
2. Save your creditor matrix to a flash drive in plain text format.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
_____Division

In re:

Debtor(s)

Case

No.

Plaintiff(s)

Chapter

v.

Defendant(s)

Adversary

No.

FINANCIAL INTEREST DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7007.1 and to enable the Judges to evaluate possible disqualification or recusal, the undersigned counsel for

in the above captioned action, certifies that the following is a (are) corporation(s), other than the debtor or a governmental unit, that directly or indirectly own(s) 10% or more of any class of the corporation's(s') equity interests, or states that there are no entities to report under FRBP 7007.1:

Q, None [Check if applicable]

_____ Date

_____ Signature of Attorney or Litigant
Counsel for _____

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN
DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA**
Motions Practice and Procedure Guidelines

The United States Bankruptcy Court provides the following Guidelines pertaining to motions practice and procedure in the Eastern District of Virginia. The Court may, in certain instances, impose additional requirements if circumstances warrant.

The Guidelines do not alter the requirements regarding appearances at hearings pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 2090-1(H).

Should any Guideline be construed so as to conflict with the Local Bankruptcy Rules of this Court, the provisions of the Local Bankruptcy Rules shall control.

Questions regarding the Guidelines may be directed to the Judge's Courtroom Deputy. Parties are reminded that the Clerk's Office is prohibited from providing legal advice.

Hearing Dates

Hearing dates appear on each Judge's respective Hearing Dates & Information page on the Court's website, which can be accessed by left-clicking on the "Judges' Hearing Dates & Information" link in the drop-down menu under "Hearing Information."

A Judge may require specific matters to be heard on designated dates and/or at designated times. Dates provided may be used only for the matters designated.

A Judge may establish a maximum number of a specific type of matter that one attorney/firm may set for one docket.

Counsel should consult a Judge's Hearing Dates & Information page for information regarding scheduling matters where evidence or legal argument will be presented.

Hearings must be set for the Division in which the case is pending, unless permission is otherwise granted.

Unless otherwise posted on a Judge's Hearing Dates & Information page, motions must be set for hearing before the Judge to whom the case is assigned.

Counsel is responsible for ensuring a matter is set for the correct date, time, and location.

The moving party should view the Court's website prior to filing a motion to ensure that the hearing date remains available and that the time frame within which the date may be used has not expired.

If a hearing needs to be scheduled for a date beyond the dates listed, the moving party should contact the Judge's Courtroom Deputy.

The moving party should make a good faith attempt to coordinate a mutually agreeable hearing date with opposing counsel.

If a Motion for Relief from Automatic Stay is scheduled for a preliminary hearing on a date that is more than 30 days after the moving party files the motion, the moving party shall be deemed to have consented to a waiver of its rights under 11 U.S.C. §362(e)(1) relating to the automatic lifting of the stay. The stay shall remain in effect until further order of the Court. (**Further guidance for these motions may be found in the Court's separate Motions for Relief from Automatic Stay Guidelines.**)

If a proposed consent order will be tendered to the Court simultaneously with the filing of a Motion for Relief from Automatic Stay, a hearing should not be scheduled and a hearing date should not be included in the Notice of Motion.

Pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-2, objections to confirmation of the original Chapter 13 plan filed in a case must be noticed for hearing for the date, time, and location of the confirmation hearing as set forth in the notice regarding the § 341 Meeting of Creditors. Objections to confirmation of a modified Chapter 13 plan must be noticed for hearing for the date, time, and location of the confirmation hearing as set forth in the modified plan.

Motions requesting an expedited hearing must comply with Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-1(N), as well as with any additional requirements set forth on the respective Judge's Hearing Dates & Information page.

Parties proceeding *pro se* (without legal counsel) may utilize the dates provided on the Judges' Hearing Dates & Information pages for scheduling hearings on the enumerated types of matters. Please note that, pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 9010-1, entities other than individuals (*e.g.*, corporations, partnerships, and municipalities) may not proceed *pro se* and must retain legal counsel. All noticing requirements must be complied with, or the Court may not hear the matter.

Proper Notice of Hearing

It is the moving party's responsibility to comply with proper noticing requirements, including service upon all proper parties in accordance with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the Local Bankruptcy Rules, and to provide the correct date, time, and location of the hearing.

If a moving party's notice of hearing is insufficient, or the moving party has utilized an expired hearing date, the matter may not be heard.

Continuances

Information regarding a Judge's policy concerning continuances can be found on the Judge's Hearing Dates & Information page.

The party requesting a continuance is encouraged to consult with opposing counsel, and the trustee if applicable, prior to requesting a continuance and advise the Court of the position of opposing counsel and the trustee, if applicable. Continuances should be requested only for good cause and with sufficient time to allow the Court to consider the request prior to the hearing date. All continuance requests should propose a date and time for the continued hearing from the dates available on the Judge's respective Hearing Dates & Information page, if dates for such matters are provided on that page.

Telephonic Appearance

Information regarding a Judge's policy concerning telephonic appearances can be found on the Judge's Hearing Dates & Information page.

Cancelling a Hearing

Pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-1(O), the moving party is responsible for notifying the Court of any settlement or other valid reason that a hearing or trial need not be conducted. The moving party shall notify the Court of the cancellation of a hearing or trial in the manner(s) set forth on each Judge's respective Hearing Dates & Information page.

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EAST-
ERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA**
Motions for Relief from Stay Guidelines

The United States Bankruptcy Court provides the following Guidelines pertaining to motions for relief from stay filed in the Eastern District of Virginia. The Court may, in certain instances, impose additional requirements if circumstances warrant.

The Guidelines do not alter the requirements regarding appearances at hearings pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 2090-1(H).

Should any Guideline be construed so as to conflict with the Local Bankruptcy Rules of this Court, the provisions of the Local Bankruptcy Rules shall control.

Questions regarding the Guidelines may be directed to the Judge's Courtroom Deputy. Parties are reminded that the Clerk's Office is prohibited from providing legal advice.

Motions for Relief from Automatic Stay

The following procedure is applicable with respect to motions for relief from stay under §362 and §1301 of the Bankruptcy Code. (Motions for relief from stay against a codebtor in chapter 13 cases under 11 U.S.C. §1301(c)(2) are addressed separately in Section II, below.) The provisions of Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1 are applicable in relief from automatic stay proceedings as supplemented below.

I. Relief from the Automatic Stay under Sections 362, 1301(c)(1), or 1301(c)(3)

The preliminary hearing dates for scheduling motions for relief from stay pursuant to §362, §1301(c)(1), and §1301(c)(3) may be obtained from

- **the Court's Internet web site at www.vaeb.uscourts.gov >Hearing Information> Judges' Hearing Dates & Information; or**
- **by calling the Judge's Courtroom Deputy.**

A. Selecting a Preliminary Hearing Date:

The moving party (movant) must select a preliminary hearing date from the schedule of preliminary hearing dates provided by the Clerk as set forth above. The date should be selected according to the anticipated date of filing of the motion.

If the movant selects a preliminary hearing date that is more than 30 days after filing a motion for relief, the movant shall be deemed to have consented to a waiver of the movant's

rights under 11 U.S.C. §362(e)(1) relating to the automatic lifting of the stay. The stay shall remain in effect until further order of the Court.

If the movant fails to select a preliminary hearing date, the movant shall be deemed to have consented to a waiver of the automatic lifting of the stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §362(e), and the Court may, in its discretion, either schedule a hearing on the motion or deny the relief sought.

All Amended Motions for Relief from Stay must include an appropriate hearing date. The original preliminary hearing date may only be used if sufficient notice time remains prior to the hearing date, pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and the Local Bankruptcy Rules. The failure to select an appropriate hearing date and otherwise comply with these procedures may result in the denial of the relief sought.

For Motions for Relief from Stay filed simultaneously with a proposed consent order: DO NOT schedule a hearing or include a hearing date.

B. Notice of Motion and Response Period:

The movant must prepare a notice of motion, which shall include notice of the appropriate response period together with notice of the date, time, and location of the preliminary hearing.

A separate notice of motion (Official Form 420A) is not required, however, unless provided otherwise by the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or order of the Court. The motion for relief from stay shall clearly state and conspicuously provide the following notice:

NOTICE

Your rights may be affected. You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one in this bankruptcy case. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.)

If you do not wish the Court to grant the relief sought in this motion, or if you want the Court to consider your views on the motion, then within 14 days from the date of service of this motion, you must file a written response explaining your position with the Court and serve a copy on the movant. Unless a written response is filed and served within this 14-day period, the Court may deem opposition waived, treat the motion as conceded, and issue an order granting the requested relief without further notice or hearing.

If you mail your response to the Court for filing, you must mail it early enough so the Court will receive it on or before the expiration of the 14-day period.

(****Please note:** Pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(H)(2), the notice period for motions for relief from the codebtor stay filed pursuant to Sections 1301(c)(1) or (c)(3) is **14** days. The notice period for a motion for relief from the codebtor stay under Section 1301(c)(2) is **20** days.**)

C. Service and Transmittal of the Motion and Notice :

At least 21 days prior to the preliminary hearing date, the movant must serve the Motion and Notice of Preliminary Hearing pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(F), and simultaneously file with the Court, in accordance with Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(E) and in the manner set forth in Section I.D., below, the following items:

1. The original motion for relief from stay and notice of hearing captioned as a contested matter;
2. a properly completed proof of service indicating that the movant served the motion for relief from stay upon each party required to receive notice under Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(F); and
3. the proper filing fee.

D. Method of Filing:

1. Registered movant attorney users of the CM/ECF System must file the items set forth in Section I.C. electronically in accordance with the Court's CM/ECF Policy and the applicable Local Bankruptcy Rules. The filing fee shall be paid by the filer electronically.
2. Non-registered movant attorneys must file with the Court the items set forth in Section I.C., on a diskette or CD-ROM in Microsoft Word, WordPerfect, DOS text, or Acrobat PDF format. The filing fee shall be paid to the Clerk.
3. Movants who are individuals and unrepresented by counsel (*pro se*) shall file with the Court the items set forth in Section I.C., conventionally, on paper. The filing fee shall be paid to the Clerk.

II. Relief from Codebtor Stay in Chapter 13 Cases under 11 U.S.C. §1301(c)(2)

A. A movant filing a motion for relief from stay against a codebtor in a chapter 13 case under 11 U.S.C. §1301(c)(2) must follow the procedures, as set forth in Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(H), and file the following items in the manner set forth in Section I.D., above:

1. the §1301 motion clearly stating in the caption the subsection of 11 U.S.C. §1301 under which the party is proceeding;
2. the passive notice of motion, which shall include notice of the 20-day response period and the language set forth in Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(H)(2)(b); and
3. a proof of service certifying proper service of the motion pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 4001(a)-1(F).

B. If an objection or response is not filed with the Court and served upon the movant no later than 20 days from the date of the filing of the motion, the movant should submit to the Court a proposed order granting the relief being sought by the movant.

If an objection is filed to the §1301(c)(2) motion, it will be scheduled for hearing and notice will be given by the Clerk's Office.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

In re)
)
Adoption of Revision) Standing Order No. 19-11
to Interim Rule 1007-I)
)

ORDER ADOPTING REVISION TO INTERIM RULE 1007-I

On October 20, 2008, the National Guard and Reservists Debt Relief Act of 2008 (2008 Act) was enacted into law; and

The provisions of the Act became effective December 19, 2008; and

The Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules prepared a new Interim Rule 1007-I, Lists, Schedules, and Other Documents; Time Limits; Expiration of Temporary Means Testing Exclusion in addition to an amendment to then Official Form 22A, Statement of Current Monthly Income and Means Test Calculation, which created a new Part 1C therein (currently Official Form 122A-2, Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation).

The Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure of the Judicial Conference of the United States approved the new Interim Rule and form amendment and recommended the adoption of both by the Judicial Conference of the United States to provide for uniform procedures and means by which to implement the Act; and

The Judicial Conference of the United States, which had approved both recommendations, transmitted the Interim Rule to the courts for adoption by standing order, effective December 19, 2008; and

The Court adopted Interim Rule 1007-I, in its entirety without change, effective December 19, 2008.

Interim Rule 1007-I previously was revised, effective December 1, 2009, to conform to time deadline changes in Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 1007 (Rule 1007), as follows: the 10-day period in Rule 1007(h) and the 15-day periods in subdivisions (a)(2), (a)(3), (c), (f) of the rule all became 14-day periods, as part of a comprehensive package of changes to time periods in all federal rules of practice and procedure; and

Interim Rule 1007-I further was revised, effective December 1, 2010, to conform to a deadline change in Rule 1007(c), as follows: the time for the individual debtor to file the statement of completion of a course in personal financial management in a chapter 7 case was extended from within 45 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors to within 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors; and

It was necessary to make further revision to Interim Rule 1007-I, effective December 19, 2011, to conform to an amendment effected by the National Guard and Reservist Debt Relief Extension Act of 2011 (2011 Act), which extended the 2008 Act’s original three-year period to a seven-year period commencing December 19, 2008; and

It was necessary to make further revision to Interim Rule 1007-I, effective December 1, 2012. Current Interim Rule 1007-I incorporates provisions of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 1007(c), which were amended effective December 1, 2012. The amendment eliminated from Rule 1007(c) the previously existing time limit for filing the list of creditors in an involuntary bankruptcy case. The previously existing time limit in Rule 1007(c) was inconsistent with the time limit in Rule 1007(a)(2), as amended, effective December 1, 2010; and

The reference in Standing Order No. 12-4 Addendum to Standing Order No. 12-4 shall be deemed to reference this standing order; and

It was necessary to make further revision to Interim Rule 1007-I, effective December 18, 2015, to conform to an amendment effected by the National Guard and Reservist Debt Relief Extension Act of 2015 (2015 Act), which extends the 2008 Act's original three-year period to an eleven-year period commencing December 19, 2008; and

It is necessary to make further revision to Interim Rule 1007-I, effective August 23, 2019, to conform to an amendment effected by the National Guard and Reservist Debt Relief Extension Act of 2019 (2019 Act), which extends the 2008 Act's original three-year period to a fifteen-year period commencing December 19, 2008.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that:

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 2071, Rule 83 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Rule 9029 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, the attached revised Interim Rule 1007-I is adopted, for the Court, by the chief judge of the Court, effective August 23, 2019, conforming to the 2008 Act and Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 1007(c), as amended, effective December 1, 2012. For cases and proceedings not governed by the 2008 Act, as amended by the 2011 Act, the 2015 Act, and the 2019 Act, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the Local Rules of this Court, other than Interim Rule 1007-I, as further revised, shall apply. The 2008 Act, as amended by the 2011 Act, the 2015 Act, and the 2019 Act, applies only to cases commenced in the fifteen-year period beginning on the effective date of the 2008 Act, December 19, 2008.

The reference in Standing Order No. 12-4 Addendum to Standing Order No. 12-4 shall be deemed to reference this standing order.

Interim Rule 1007-I, as revised on the 2019 Act's August 23, 2019, effective date, as attached, shall remain in effect until further order of the Court.

Attachment

FOR THE COURT:

/s/Stephen C. St. John
Stephen C. St. John
Chief United States Bankruptcy Judge

Date: November 12, 2019

Interim Rule 1007-I.¹ Lists, Schedules, Statements, and Other Documents; Time Limits; Expiration of Temporary Means Testing Exclusion

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(b) SCHEDULES, STATEMENTS, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS REQUIRED.

* * * * *

(4) Unless either: (A) § 707(b)(2)(D)(I) applies, or (B) § 707(b)(2)(D)(ii) applies and the exclusion from means testing granted therein extends beyond the period specified by Rule 1017(e), an individual debtor in a chapter 7 case shall file a statement of current monthly income prepared as prescribed by the appropriate Official Form, and, if the current monthly income exceeds the median family income for the applicable state and household size, the information, including calculations, required by § 707(b), prepared as prescribed by the appropriate Official Form.

* * * * *

(c) TIME LIMITS. In a voluntary case, the schedules, statements, and other documents required by subdivision (b)(1), (4),

¹ Interim Rule 1007-I has been adopted by the bankruptcy courts to implement the National Guard and Reservists Debt Relief Act of 2008, Public Law No. 110-438, as amended by Public Law No. 114-107. The amended Act, which provides a temporary exclusion from the application of the means test for certain members of the National Guard and reserve components of the Armed Forces, applies to bankruptcy cases commenced in the 15-year period beginning December 19, 2008.

17 (5), and (6) shall be filed with the petition or within 14 days
18 thereafter, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (d), (e), (f),
19 (h), and (n) of this rule. In an involuntary case, the schedules,
20 statements, and other documents required by subdivision (b)(1) shall
21 be filed by the debtor within 14 days after the entry of the order for
22 relief. In a voluntary case, the documents required by paragraphs
23 (A), (C), and (D) of subdivision (b)(3) shall be filed with the
24 petition. Unless the court orders otherwise, a debtor who has filed a
25 statement under subdivision (b)(3)(B), shall file the documents
26 required by subdivision (b)(3)(A) within 14 days of the order for
27 relief. In a chapter 7 case, the debtor shall file the statement required
28 by subdivision (b)(7) within 60 days after the first date set for the
29 meeting of creditors under § 341 of the Code, and in a chapter 11 or
30 13 case no later than the date when the last payment was made by
31 the debtor as required by the plan or the filing of a motion for a
32 discharge under § 1141(d)(5)(B) or § 1328(b) of the Code. The
33 court may, at any time and in its discretion, enlarge the time to file
34 the statement required by subdivision (b)(7). The debtor shall file
35 the statement required by subdivision (b)(8) no earlier than the date
36 of the last payment made under the plan or the date of the filing of a
37 motion for a discharge under §§ 1141(d)(5)(B), 1228(b), or 1328(b)
38 of the Code. Lists, schedules, statements, and other documents
39 filed prior to the conversion of a case to another chapter shall be
40 deemed filed in the converted case unless the court directs

41 otherwise. Except as provided in § 1116(3), any extension of time
42 to file schedules, statements, and other documents required under
43 this rule may be granted only on motion for cause shown and on
44 notice to the United States trustee, any committee elected under
45 § 705 or appointed under § 1102 of the Code, trustee, examiner, or
46 other party as the court may direct. Notice of an extension shall be
47 given to the United States trustee and to any committee, trustee, or
48 other party as the court may direct.

49 * * * * *

50 (n) TIME LIMITS FOR, AND NOTICE TO, DEBTORS
51 TEMPORARILY EXCLUDED FROM MEANS TESTING.

52 (1) An individual debtor who is temporarily excluded from
53 means testing pursuant to § 707(b)(2)(D)(ii) of the Code shall file
54 any statement and calculations required by subdivision (b)(4) no
55 later than 14 days after the expiration of the temporary exclusion if
56 the expiration occurs within the time specified by Rule 1017 for
57 filing a motion pursuant to § 707(b)(2).

58 (2) If the temporary exclusion from means testing under
59 § 707(b)(2)(D)(ii) terminates due to the circumstances specified in
60 subdivision (n)(1), and if the debtor has not previously filed a
61 statement and calculations required by subdivision (b)(4), the clerk
62 shall promptly notify the debtor that the required statement and
63 calculations must be filed within the time specified in subdivision (n)(1).

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
 EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

In re:)
)
 Adoption of Revision to Interim) Standing Order No. 12-4—Addendum
 Rule 1007-I—Addendum)
)

ORDER ADOPTING REVISION TO INTERIM RULE 1007-I

Standing Order No. 12-4 was entered on November 8, 2012. That order makes reference to Official Form 22A, Statement of Current Monthly and Means Test Calculation. This official form was amended effective December 1, 2014, as Official Forms 22A-1 and 22A-2. In addition, disclosure of exemptions from the means test was placed in a separate supplement, Official Form 22A-1Supp, which only would be filed when applicable, such as, with respect to certain members of the armed forces who are exempt from the presumption of abuse under the means test, and, accordingly are excused from completing the form. Further, to accommodate the uniform numbering system change to these official forms, as part of the Forms Modernization Project, effective December 1, 2015, it is, therefore

ORDERED:

1. Effective on the entry of this order, the reference to Official Form 22A, shall be deemed to reference, as of December 1, 2014, Official Forms 22A-1 and 22A-2, in addition to 22A-1Supp.
2. Effective December 1, 2015, the reference to the official forms set forth in paragraph 1, above, respectively shall reference Official Forms 122A-1, 122A- 2, and 122A-1Supp.
3. Effective December 1, 2105, the references to Schedules “E, F” in Interim Rule 1007-I (a)(1) and (a)(2) are changed to reflect the new designations “E/F,” as part of the Forms Modernization Project.

4. All other provisions set forth in Standing Order No. 12-4 remain and continue in effect unchanged.

Dated: November 10, 2015

FOR THE COURT:

/s/Stephen C. St. John

STEPHEN C. ST. JOHN

Chief United States Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EAST-ERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

In re:

Compensation of Debtor's)	
Counsel in Chapter 13 Cases;)	Standing Order No. 08-1
Guidelines and Procedures for)	
Chapter 13 Fee Applications)	

ORDER ON FEES FOR DEBTOR'S COUNSEL IN CHAPTER 13 CASES; ADOPTION OF GUIDELINES FOR FEE APPLICATIONS IN CHAPTER 13 CASES FILED ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 17, 2005; AND PROCEDURES GOVERNING FEES FOR DEBTOR'S COUNSEL IN CHAPTER 13 CASES FILED BEFORE OCTOBER 17, 2005

The Court has determined that adoption of the procedures and guidelines specified in this order will facilitate and provide for uniformity in the consideration of compensation for debtor's counsel in Chapter 13 cases.

NOW, IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

1. Local Bankruptcy Rule 2016-1(C) and Interim Procedure 2016-1(C) are hereby repealed.
2. The Guidelines for Fee Applications in Chapter 13 Cases Filed on or After October 17, 2005, ("Guidelines"), attached as Exhibit 1 to this Order, are hereby adopted by the Court.
3. If the initial fee charged to a debtor for routine, expected services in a Chapter 13 case filed on or after October 17, 2005, does not exceed \$3,000 plus actual and necessary expenses that do not exceed \$300 (other than the filing fee, and charge for credit counseling, and personal financial management, if advanced by the attorney) a formal application for approval and payment of the unpaid amount through the Chapter 13 plan will not be required if (a) the total fee and the unpaid portion is clearly set forth in the Chapter 13 plan, and (b) the fee is consistent with the disclosure of compensation filed under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016. The Chapter 13 plan and Rule 2016 statement will be treated as the application required by Rule 2016(b), and the order confirming the plan will be treated as an order approving compensation. Any objection to allowance and payment of compensation in the amount stated in the Chapter 13 plan must be filed no later than the last day for filing objections to confirmation of the plan. If no objection is filed, the Court may approve the fee and confirm the plan without holding a hearing.
4. A. The Court expects the initial fee charged in the case to cover, at a minimum, all services that would reasonably be expected in order to obtain confirmation of a plan, and, ultimately, a discharge, including:
 - (1) conferences to review the debtor's financial circumstances;

- (2) preparation and filing of the petition and all required schedules, lists, and statements;
 - (3) preparation and filing of a plan;
 - (4) routine telephone calls and correspondence with the debtor, Chapter 13 trustee, and creditors;
 - (5) representation at the meeting of creditors;
 - (6) appearance, if required, at the confirmation hearing;
 - (7) review of the claims register; and
 - (8) assistance to the debtor in filing any certifications required to obtain a discharge after plan payments are completed.
- B. The Court expects the initial fee to normally cover routine motions to vacate a pre-confirmation dismissal of the case and routine pre-confirmation plan modifications needed to address such issues as classification of claims, valuations of collateral, interest rates to be paid on secured claims, arrearage amounts, or amounts to be paid by the debtor.
- C. The Court expects the expenses for which reimbursement is requested must be actual and necessary and supported by documentation as appropriate. A detailed itemization of all such expenses identified by type and the month incurred must be presented to the Chapter 13 trustee and disclosed pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016.
5. Any application for an initial fee in excess of \$3,000 or for supplemental fees, regardless of the amount, must conform to Rule 2016(b) and the Guidelines adopted by the Court. The Guidelines include both procedural requirements as well as policy statements.
 6. The attorney shall not send a bill directly to the debtor. Should the debtor receive a bill from that person's attorney, the debtor should send a copy of such bill to the standing trustee.
 7. Requests for fees and reimbursement of expenses in Chapter 13 cases filed before October 17, 2005, shall be governed by the procedural requirements set forth in Procedures Governing Fees for Debtor's Counsel in Chapter 13 Cases Filed Before October 17, 2005, ("Procedures"), attached as Exhibit 2 to this Order, which are hereby adopted by the Court.
 8. This order shall take effect on March 17, 2008, and shall govern all Chapter 13 cases in this district except those assigned to the Honorable Robert G. Mayer.

Dated: March 14, 2008

/s/ Douglas O. Tice, Jr.
DOUGLAS O. TICE, JR.
Chief United States Bankruptcy Judge

/s/ Stephen S. Mitchell
STEPHEN S. MITCHELL
United States Bankruptcy Judge

/s/ Stephen C. St. John
STEPHEN C. ST. JOHN
United States Bankruptcy Judge

/s/ Kevin R. Huennekens
KEVIN R. HUENNEKENS
United States Bankruptcy Judge

/s/ Frank J. Santoro
FRANK J. SANTORO
United States Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN
DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

GUIDELINES FOR FEE APPLICATIONS IN CHAPTER 13 CASES FILED ON OR AFTER
OCTOBER 17, 2005

1. Purpose

The Guidelines for Fee Applications in Chapter 13 Cases Filed on or After October 17, 2005, (“Guidelines”) have been adopted by the Court to specify the format and procedures for submission of fee applications by attorneys representing the debtor in a Chapter 13 case and to set forth the policies and standards that will normally be followed by the Court in evaluating such applications. Compliance by applicants with the procedural requirements is mandatory, but applicants are free to apply for a fee at variance with the policy statements provided the application clearly identifies any such variance.

2. Procedural Requirements

- a. Initial fee applications for amounts in excess of \$3,000.00, and all supplemental fee applications, must be supported by detailed, contemporaneous time and expense records from the beginning of the case showing, for each discrete activity, the date, time expended, identity of the attorney or paralegal providing the service, and amount requested. If a prior fee application has included time records and from the beginning of the case, a subsequent application need include only time and expense records covering the period subsequent to the earlier application provided the current application identifies (by date and docket entry number) the earlier application.
- b. For the purpose of these Guidelines, a “contemporaneous” time or expense record is one made at or near the time of the activity being recorded or the expense being incurred, but in any event no later than the next business day. Any time entry that has been reconstructed because contemporaneous records were not made, or, if made, are not available, must be clearly identified, and an explanation provided for the absence of a contemporaneous record.
- c. Every application for compensation, whether initial or supplemental, shall state the period covered by the application. Time entries should be shown to the nearest tenth of an hour (*i.e.*, the nearest 6 minutes), and travel time should be shown separately from any court appearance or other out-of-office activity to which it relates. Expenses such as postage, long-distance, PACER charges, and on-line research costs must be billed at actual cost and without markup. Copying performed using a commercial copy service must be billed at actual cost and without markup. The Court will accept a maximum \$0.15 per page as the actual cost (paper and consumables such as toner, etc.) for in-house copying and incoming facsimile transmissions unless the applicant can demonstrate that the actual cost is higher; no charge will normally be allowed for outgoing facsimile transmissions except for associated long-distance charges billed at actual cost.

- d. An exception to the requirement for contemporaneous time and expense records is allowed where the requested application is solely for one or more of the following services, and the amount requested does not exceed the amount shown:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Defense of motion for relief from automatic stay (settled)	\$250
Defense of motion for relief from automatic stay (contested hearing)	\$575
Defense of motion to dismiss (settled)	\$150
defense of motion to dismiss (contested hearing)	\$500
Post-confirmation plan modifications (uncontested)	\$250
Post-confirmation plan modification (contested hearing)	\$500
Motion to approve sale or refinance of real property	\$500
Application to incur debt	\$300
Motion to vacate dismissal	\$250
Objection to claim (uncontested)	\$100
Objection to claim (contested hearing)	\$500

- e. For each attorney or paralegal providing services, the application shall state the person's name, status (attorney or paralegal), years admitted to practice (if an attorney), hourly rate, total hours, and requested compensation.
- f. The application shall affirmatively state the amount, if any, of posted time and charges written off in the exercise of billing discretion.
- g. The application shall state whether approval will reduce the dividend being paid on unsecured claims, and, if so, whether the debtor consents to an extension of the plan term or an increase in plan payments, or both, to allow payment of the fees without reducing the dividend.
- h. An attorney requesting compensation by application in accordance with these Guidelines shall file with the Clerk a properly completed form substantially in compliance with the Application for Supplemental Compensation of Attorney for Debtor(s) appended to these Guidelines. The Clerk shall provide the form to an attorney upon request. The form is accessible in .PDF-fillable format on the Court's Internet web site <http://www.vaeb.uscourts.gov/> and can be accessed by clicking the "Bankruptcy Forms" button on the Court's Internet home page.

3. Policy Statements

The Court will not approve charges for time expended for work that is secretarial or administrative in nature (*e.g.*, sending facsimile transmissions, making copies, taking telephone messages, and the like) even if performed by an attorney or paralegal.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN
DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
_____ Division

In re:

Case No. _____
Chapter 13

Debtor(s)

**APPLICATION FOR SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION
OF ATTORNEY FOR DEBTOR(S)**

_____ applies for approval and payment of supplemental compensation (including reimbursement of expenses) as attorney for the debtor in the amount of \$_____.

1. The period covered by this application is from _____ through _____.
2. Fees in the amount of \$_____ having previously been paid by the debtor(s) or approved for payment through the plan.
3. The attorneys and paralegals who provided services for which compensation is requested are as follows:

Name of Attorney or Paralegal	Attorney ? (y/n)	Years in Practice	Hourly Rate	Hours	Total Fees

4. A summary of the services for which compensation is requested is as follows:

Description of Services Rendered	Attorney hours	Paralegal hours	Total fees

5. Fees and costs in the amount of \$_____ have been written off in the exercise of billing discretion

6. Charges _____ (have/have not) been included for preparation and noticing of the fee application and any court appearances related to the application. (If included, the amount requested is \$ _____.)

7. The requested fee _____ (can/cannot) be paid without reducing the dividend on unsecured claims. If applicable, the debtor _____ (does/does not) consent to an increase of the plan term to _____ months or an increase in the plan payment to _____ to allow for payment of the compensation without reducing the dividend.

8. Detailed time and expense records are attached as Exhibit A.

Signature of applicant

Name, address, and telephone number:

Certificate of Service

I certify that I have this _____ day of _____, 20____, transmitted a true copy of the foregoing application electronically through the Court's CM/ECF system or by mail to the Debtor(s), Chapter 13 trustee, the United States trustee if other than by the electronic means provided for at Local Bankruptcy Rule 2002-1(d)(3), and to all creditors and parties in interest on the mailing matrix maintained by the clerk of court, a copy of which is attached.

EXHIBIT 2

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EAST-
ERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIAPROCEDURES GOVERNING FEES FOR DEBTOR'S COUNSEL IN CHAPTER 13
CASES FILED BEFORE OCTOBER 17, 20051. Generally

- a. The Procedures Governing Fees for Debtor's Counsel in Chapter 13 Cases Filed before October 17, 2005, ("Procedures"), adapted from former Local Bankruptcy Rule 2016-1(C)(1)-(6), inclusive, have been adopted by the Court.
- b. For Chapter 13 cases filed before October 17, 2005, the Court may award fees to the attorney for a debtor in a Chapter 13 case with or without a hearing, at the Court's discretion. Any application for compensation filed under this provision must include the applicant's statement that the Chapter 13 plan provides sufficient reserves or may be extended in time so that the payment(s) requested may be made without prejudice to any creditor, or that any prejudice to any creditor as the result of an award of additional attorney's fees shall be completely, fully and adequately disclosed to all creditors and parties in interest in the case.

2. For All Chapter 13 Cases Filed Before January 1, 2003

- a. Where the application for compensation does not exceed \$1,250, the Court may award compensation in such amount or less, plus reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses, with or without a hearing, upon the following notice:
 - (1) Notice: The debtor's attorney shall serve a copy of the application on the debtor and the standing trustee, along with notice that they have ten (10) days in which to file any objection.
 - (2) Proof of Service: With the application for compensation, the debtor's attorney shall file a proof of service evidencing proper service under Subparagraph 2a(1) these Procedures.
- b. Where the application for compensation does exceed \$1,250, the Court may award compensation in such amount or less, plus reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses, with or without a hearing, upon the following notice:
 - (1) Notice: The debtor's attorney shall serve a copy of the application on the debtor, the standing trustee and all creditors, along with notice that they have ten (10) days in which to file any objection.

- (2) Proof of Service: With the application for compensation, the debtor's attorney shall file proof of service evidencing proper service under Subparagraph 2b(1) of these Procedures.
 - c. Any fee in excess of the maximum established in these Procedures will require an application for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses by separate and distinct pleading. Any such application shall comply with 11 U.S.C. § 330, FRBP 2016 and the other provisions of these Procedures. Service and notice of the application shall be given in accordance with Subparagraph 2a or 2b of these Procedures.
3. For All Chapter 13 Cases Filed January 1, 2003, to October 16, 2005, Inclusive
 - a. Where the Rule 2016-1 disclosure of compensation does not exceed \$1,500, the Court may award compensation in such amount or less, plus reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses, with or without a hearing, upon the following:
 - (1) Notice: The debtor's attorney shall serve a copy of the Rule 2016-1 disclosure of compensation and Chapter 13 Plan and Related Motions on the debtor and the standing trustee, along with notice that they have ten (10) business days from the meeting of creditors in which to file an objection to the fees requested in the Rule 2016-1 disclosure of compensation opposing said fees in their entirety, or in a specific amount. Counsel for the debtor may file a request for hearing with the Court and notice of same shall be served upon the debtor(s), the standing trustee, and the United States trustee. At any such hearing, each of the parties shall have the burden of proof established in 11 U.S.C. §§328, 329 and 330. In the absence of notification of objection by the debtor or the standing trustee, the fees will be allowed as disclosed.
 - (2) Proof of Service: With the Rule 2016-1 disclosure of compensation, the debtor's attorney shall file a proof of service evidencing proper service under Subparagraph 3a(1) of these Procedures.
 - b. Any fee in excess of the maximum established in the rule will require an application for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses by separate and distinct pleading. Any such application shall comply with 11 U.S.C. §330, FRBP 2016 and the other provisions of these Procedures. Service and notice of the application shall be given in accordance with Paragraph 3a(1)-(2) of these Procedures.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
 EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
 _____Division

In re:

Case No. _____
 Chapter 13

Debtor(s)

**APPLICATION FOR COMPENSATION
 OF ATTORNEY FOR DEBTOR(S)**

_____ applies for approval and payment of compensation (including reimbursement of expenses) as attorney for the debtor in the amount of \$_____.

1. The period covered by this application is from _____ through _____.
2. Fees in the amount of \$_____ having previously been paid by the debtor(s) or approved for payment through the plan.
3. The attorneys and paralegals who provided services for which compensation is requested are as follows:

Name of Attorney or Paralegal	Attorney ? (y/n)	Years in Practice	Hourly Rate	Hours	Total Fees

4. A summary of the services for which compensation is requested is as follows:

Description of Services Rendered	Date of Service	Attorney hours	Paralegal hours	Total fees

5. Fees and costs in the amount of \$_____ have been written off in the exercise of billing discretion

6. Charges _____ (have/have not) been included for preparation and noticing of the fee application and any court appearances related to the application. (If included, the amount requested is \$_____.)

7. Detailed time records and records of actual and necessary expenses are attached as Exhibit A.

Signature of applicant

Name, address, and telephone number:

Certificate of Service

I certify that I have this _____ day of _____, 20____, transmitted a true copy of the foregoing application electronically through the Court's CM/ECF system or by mail to the Debtor(s), Chapter 13 trustee, the United States trustee if other than by the electronic means, and to all creditors and parties in interest on the mailing matrix maintained by the clerk of court, a copy of which is attached.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
 EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
 _____ Division

In re:

Case No. _____
 Chapter 13

Debtor(s)

**APPLICATION FOR SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION
 OF ATTORNEY FOR DEBTOR(S)**

_____ applies for approval and payment of supplemental compensation (including reimbursement of expenses) as attorney for the debtor in the amount of \$_____.

1. The period covered by this application is from _____ through _____.
2. Fees in the amount of \$_____ having previously been paid by the debtor(s) or approved for payment through the plan.
3. The attorneys and paralegals who provided services for which compensation is requested are as follows:

Name of Attorney or Paralegal	Attorney ? (y/n)	Years in Practice	Hourly Rate	Hours	Total Fees

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5. Fees and costs in the amount of \$_____ have been written off in the exercise of billing discretion

6. Charges _____ (have/have not) been included for preparation and noticing of the fee application and any court appearances related to the application. (If included, the amount requested is \$ _____.)

7. Detailed time records and records of actual and necessary expenses are attached as Exhibit A.

Signature of applicant

Name, address, and telephone number:

Certificate of Service

I certify that I have this _____ day of _____, 20____, transmitted a true copy of the foregoing application electronically through the Court's CM/ECF system or by mail to the Debtor(s), Chapter 13 trustee, the United States trustee if other than by the electronic means, and to all creditors and parties in interest on the mailing matrix maintained by the clerk of court, a copy of which is attached.

FEDERAL RULES OF DISCIPLINARY ENFORCEMENT**FRDE I****ATTORNEYS CONVICTED OF CRIMES**

- A. Upon the filing with this Court of a certified copy of a judgment of conviction demonstrating that any attorney admitted to practice before the Court has been convicted in any Court of the United States, or the District of Columbia, or of any state, territory, commonwealth or possession of the United States of a serious crime as hereinafter defined, the Court shall enter an order immediately suspending that attorney, whether the conviction resulted from a plea of guilty, or nolo contendere or from a verdict after trial or otherwise, and regardless of the pendency of any appeal, until final disposition of a disciplinary proceeding to be commenced upon such conviction. A copy of such order shall immediately be served upon the attorney. Upon good cause shown, the Court may set aside such order when it appears such order when it appears in the interest of justice to do so.
- B. The term "serious crime" shall include any felony and any lesser crime a necessary element of which, as determined by the statutory or common law definition of such crime in the jurisdiction where the judgment was entered, involves false swearing, misrepresentation, fraud, willful failure to file income tax returns, deceit, bribery, extortion, misappropriation, theft, or an attempt or a conspiracy or solicitation of any other to commit a "serious crime."
- C. A certified copy of a judgment of conviction of an attorney for any crime shall be conclusive evidence of the commission of that crime in any disciplinary proceeding instituted against that attorney based upon the conviction.
- D. Upon the filing of a certified copy of a judgment of conviction of an attorney for a serious crime, the Court shall, in addition to suspending that attorney in accordance with the provisions of this Rule, also refer the matter to counsel for the institution of a disciplinary proceeding before the Court in which the sole issue to be determined shall be the extent of the final discipline to be imposed as a result of the conduct resulting in the conviction, provided that a disciplinary proceeding so instituted will not be brought to final hearing until all appeals from the conviction are concluded. This Rule shall not be applicable if the attorney has surrendered his license to practice law and has submitted a letter to the Clerk withdrawing his or her name from the Roll of Attorneys.
- E. Upon the filing of a certified copy of a judgment of conviction of an attorney for a crime not constituting a "serious crime," the Court may refer the matter to counsel for whatever action counsel may deem warranted, including the institution of a disciplinary proceeding before the Court; provided, however, that the Court may in its discretion make no references with respect to convictions for minor offenses.
- F. An attorney suspended under the provisions of this Rule will be reinstated immediately upon the filing of a certificate demonstrating that the underlying conviction of a serious crime has been reversed but the reinstatement will not terminate any disciplinary proceeding then pending against the attorney, the disposition of which shall be determined by the Court on the basis of all available evidence pertaining to both guilt and the extent of discipline to be imposed.

FRDE RULE II**DISCIPLINE IMPOSED BY OTHER COURTS**

- A. Any attorney admitted to practice before this Court shall, upon being subjected to public discipline by any other court of the United States or the District of Columbia, or by a Court of any state, territory, commonwealth or possession of the United States, promptly inform the Clerk of this Court of such action.
- B. Upon the filing of a certified or exemplified copy of a judgment or order demonstrating that an attorney admitted to practice before this Court has been disciplined by another Court, this Court shall forthwith issue a notice directed to the attorney containing:
1. A copy of the judgment or order from the other Court; and
 2. An order to show cause directing that the attorney inform this Court within 30 days after service of that order upon the attorney, personally or by mail of any claim by the attorney predicated upon the grounds set forth in (D) hereof that the imposition of the identical discipline by the Court would be unwarranted and the reasons therefor.
- C. In the event the discipline imposed in the other jurisdiction has been stayed there, any reciprocal discipline imposed in this Court shall be deferred until such stay expires.
- D. Upon the expiration of 30 days from service of the notice issued pursuant to the provisions of (B) above, this Court shall impose the identical discipline unless the respondent-attorney demonstrates, or this Court finds, that upon the face of the record upon which the discipline in another jurisdiction is predicated it clearly appears:
1. That the procedure was so lacking in notice or opportunity to be heard as to constitute a deprivation of due process; or
 2. That there was such an infirmity of proof establishing the misconduct as to give rise to the clear conviction that this Court could not, consistent with its duty, accept as final the conclusion on that subject; or
 3. That the imposition of the same discipline by this Court would result in grave injustice; or
 4. That the misconduct established is deemed by this Court to warrant substantially different discipline.

Where this Court determines that any of said elements exist, it shall enter such other order as it deems appropriate.

- E. In all other respects, a final adjudication in another Court that an attorney has been guilty of misconduct shall establish conclusively the misconduct for purposes of a disciplinary proceeding in the Court of the United States.
- F. This Court may at any stage appoint counsel to prosecute the disciplinary proceedings.

FRDE RULE III

DISBARMENT ON CONSENT OR RESIGNATION IN OTHER COURTS

- A. Any attorney admitted to practice before this Court who shall be disbarred on consent or resign from the bar of any other Court of the United States or the District of Columbia, or from the Bar of any state, territory, commonwealth or possession of the United States while an investigation into allegations of misconduct is pending, shall, upon the filing with this Court of a certified or exemplified copy of the judgment or order accepting such disbarment on consent or resignation, cease to be permitted to practice before this Court and be stricken from the roll of attorneys admitted to practice before this Court.

- B. Any attorney admitted to practice before this Court shall, upon being disbarred on consent or resigning from the bar of any Court of the United States or the District of Columbia, or from the Bar of any state, territory, commonwealth or possession of the United States while an investigation into allegations of misconduct is pending, promptly inform the Clerk of this Court of such disbarment on consent or resignation.

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